



Property address: 26 Cameo Grove

Christchurch City Council 53 Hereford Street, PO Box 73015 Christchurch 8154, New Zealand Tel 64 3 941 8999 Fax 64 3 941 8984 www.ccc.govt.nz

LIM number: 70245524 Page 1



#### **Application details**

Please supply to	PROFESSIONALS CHRISTCHURCH
	33 HALSWELL ROAD
	HORNBY
	CHRISTCHURCH 8025
Client reference	
Phone number	338 5924
Fax number	
Date issued	27 April 2021
Date received	22 April 2021

#### **Property details**

Property address	26 Cameo Grove
Valuation roll number	21852 70400
Valuation information	Capital Value: \$
	Land Value: \$
	Improvements Value: \$
	Please note: these values are intended for Rating purposes
Legal description	Lot 4040 DP 554122
Existing owner	CDL Land New Zealand Limited
	PO Box 3248
	Auckland 1140

Council reference	S
Debtor number	4124228
Rate account ID	73197976
LIM number	70245524
Property ID	1190997

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove



#### **Document information**

This Land Information Memorandum (LIM) has been prepared for the purpose of section 44A of the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987 (LGOIMA). It is a summary of the information that we hold on the property. Each heading or "clause" in this LIM corresponds to a part of section 44A.

Sections 1 to 10 contain all of the information known to the Christchurch City Council that must be included under section 44A(2) LGOIMA. Any other information concerning the land as the Council considers, at its discretion, to be relevant is included at section 11 of this LIM (section 44A(3) LGOIMA). If there are no comments or information provided in these sections this means that the Council does not hold information on the property that corresponds to that part of section 44A.

The information included in this LIM is based on a search of Council records only and there may be other information relating to the land which is unknown to the Council. Please note that other agencies may also hold information relevant to the property, or administer legislation relevant to the use of the land, for example, the Regional Council (Ecan), Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga, and Land Information New Zealand.

Council records may not show illegal or unauthorised building or works on the property. The applicant is solely responsible for ensuring that the land is suitable for a particular purpose.

A LIM is only valid at the date of issue as information is based only upon information the Council held at the time of that LIM request being made.

#### **Property file service**

This Land Information Memorandum does not contain all information held on a property file. Customers may request property files by phoning the Council's Customer Call Centre on (03) 941 8999, or visiting any of the Council Service Centres. For further information please visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

To enable the Council to measure the accuracy of this LIM document based on our current records, we would appreciate your response should you find any information contained therein which may be considered to be incorrect or omitted. Please telephone the Customer Call Centre on (03) 941 8999.

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove



A search of records held by the Council has revealed the following information:

#### 1. Special features and characteristics of the land

Section 44A(2)(a) LGOIMA. This is information known to the Council but not apparent from the district scheme under the Town and Country Planning Act 1977 or a district plan under the Resource Management Act 1991. It identifies each (if any) special feature or characteristic of the land concerned, including but not limited to potential erosion, avulsion, falling debris, subsidence, slippage, alluvion, or inundation, or likely presence of hazardous contaminants.

- C For enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.
- Coastal Hazard Inundation

The Council has a report, Coastal Hazard Assessment for Christchurch and Banks Peninsula (2017), that indicates this property or part of this property may be susceptible to coastal inundation (flooding by the sea). The 2017 report considers four sea level rise scenarios through to the year 2120. A copy of the 2017 report and other coastal hazard information can be found at www.ccc.govt.nz/coastalhazards.

Liquefaction Vulnerability

Christchurch City Council holds indicative information on liquefaction hazard for Christchurch. Information on liquefaction, including an interactive web tool, can be found on the Council website at ccc.govt.nz/liquefaction. Depending on the liquefaction potential of the area that the property is in, the Council may require site-specific investigations before granting future subdivision or building consent for the property.

Pool

PoolID Number: 4806. This property has a Private Above Ground Swimming Pool which has been Removed.

#### **Related information**

 There are attached hazard/special site characteristics supplementary sheet/s. Geotechnical Report from Aurecon dated 14 June 2018

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove



#### 2. Private and public stormwater and sewerage drains

Section 44A(2)(b) LGOIMA. This is information about private and public stormwater and sewerage drains as shown in the Council's records.

C For stormwater and sewerage enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

#### Vacuum System Area In Service

A Council maintained vacuum sewerage chamber is located on this property. A (drainage) plan showing its location at the property is attached. For further information please contact Christchurch City Council customer services on (03) 941 8999.

#### **Related information**

- This drainage plan is incomplete and does not show the building/s or their drainage.
- No up-to-date drainage plan is available for the development of this site. However, the installation of sewer and stormwater drains is checked by the Council prior to the issue of a Code Compliance Certificate.
- The Council's records show multiple public sewer main passing through the site.
- The Council's records show multiple public stormwater pipe passing through the site.
- The Council's records show multiple private sewer pipeline passing through the site.

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove

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LIM number: 70245524 Page 5



#### 3. Drinking Water Supply

Section 44A(2)(ba) and (bb) LGOIMA. This is information notified to the Council about whether the land is supplied with drinking water, whether the supplier is the owner of the land or a networked supplier, any conditions that are applicable, and any information the Council has about the supply.

Please note the council does not guarantee a particular water quality to its customers. If you require information on current water quality at this property please contact the Three Waters & Waste Unit.

**C** For water supply queries, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

#### **Related information**

- No up-to-date drainage plan is available for the development of this site. However, the installation of a water connection is checked by the Council prior to the issue of a Code Compliance Certificate.
- The Council's records show multiple public water main passing through the site.

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove

LIM number: 70245524 Page 6



#### 4. Rates

Section 44A(2)(c) LGOIMA. This is information on any rates owing in relation to the land.

C For rates enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

#### (a) Annual rates

Annual rates to 30/06/2021:

\$ 0.00

	Instalment Amount	Date Due
Instalment 1	\$	
Instalment 2	\$	
Instalment 3	\$	
Instalment 4	\$	
Rates owing as a	t 27/04/2021:	\$ 0.00

#### (b) Excess water charges

\$ 0.00

**C** For water charge enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

#### (c) Final water meter reading required?

No Reading Required

C To arrange a final water meter reading, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

#### **Related information**

There are no rates values showing at present, as the Councils rates team is yet to load the new rating data into the Council rates database. For new rating information please contact the rates team on 03 941-8999 email ratesvaluation@ccc.govt.nz.

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove



#### 5. Consents, certificates, notices, orders, or requisitions affecting the land and buildings

Section 44A(2)(d) LGOIMA. This is information concerning any consent, certificate, notice, order, or requisition, affecting the land or any building on the land, previously issued by the Council. The information in this section may also cover building consent and/or code compliance information issued by building certifiers under the Building Act 1991 and building consent authorities that are not the Council under the Building Act 2004.

You can check the property file to identify whether any consent or certificate was issued by a building certifier under the Building Act 1991.

Section 44A(2)(da) LGOIMA. The information required to be provided to a territorial authority under section 362T(2) of the Building Act 2004. There is currently no information required to be provided by a building contractor to a territorial authority under section 362T(2) of the Building Act 2004. The Building (Residential Consumer Rights and Remedies) Regulations 2014 only prescribed the information that must be given to the clients of a building contractor.

For building enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999, email EPADutyBCO@ccc.govt.nz or visit www.ccc.govt.nz.

#### (a) Consents

- BCN/2021/2725 Applied: 15/04/2021 Status: Under assessment 26 Cameo Grove Burwood Accepted for processing 19/04/2021 Construction of dwelling with attached garage - Lot 808
- BCN/2021/2732 Applied: 15/04/2021 Status: Under assessment 26 Cameo Grove Burwood Accepted for processing 19/04/2021 Construction of dwelling with attached garage. Installation of Woodsman Serene, Freestanding, DRY Woodburner CAC194586

#### (b) Certificates

Note: Code Compliance Certificates were only issued by the Christchurch City Council since January 1993.

#### (c) Notices

- Placards issued under the Civil Defence Emergency Management Act 2002 as a result of the 4 September 2010 and 22 February 2011 earthquakes have now expired (by 12 July 2011 if not before). Some civil defence placards were replaced with dangerous building notices issued under section 124 Building Act 2004, and where this has happened the section 124 notice is separately recorded. Many other buildings, although not issued with a section 124 notice, may require structural work or other repairs before they can be occupied again. It is the building owners responsibility to make sure the building is safe for any occupier or visitor. Detailed structural engineering assessments may still be required to be carried out.
- CDB75010064 01/03/2011
   Building Evaluation : Building Inspected Under Civil Defence Emergency , Green Placard Issued (a deemed Building Act notice)
- CDB75010064 24/02/2011 Building Evaluation : Building Inspected Under Civil Defence Emergency , Red Placard Issued (a deemed Building Act notice)

#### (d) Orders

#### (e) Requisitions

#### **Related information**

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove

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LIM number: 70245524 Page 8



• Council holds no record of building permit/consent for dwelling at this address. No information is held by Council relating to the materials, construction or year the dwelling was built.

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove

LIM number: 70245524 Page 9



#### 6. Certificates issued by a building certifier

Section 44A(2)(e) LGOIMA. This is information notified to the Council concerning any certificate issued by a building certifier pursuant to the Building Act 1991 or the Building Act 2004.

**C** For building enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999, email <u>EPADutyBCO@ccc.govt.nz</u> or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove

LIM number: 70245524 Page 10



#### 7. Weathertightness

Section 44A(2)(ea) LGOIMA. This is information notified to the Council under section 124 of the Weathertight Homes Resolution Services Act 2006.

**C** For weathertight homes enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

If there is no information below this means Council is unaware of any formal Weathertight Homes Resolution Services claim lodged against this property.

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove

LIM number: 70245524 Page 11



#### 8. Land use and conditions

Section 44A(2)(f) LGOIMA. This is information relating to the use to which the land may be put and conditions attached to that use. The planning information provided below is not exhaustive and reference to the Christchurch District Plan and any notified proposed changes to that plan is recommended: https://ccc.govt.nz/the-council/plans-strategies-policies-and-bylaws/plans/christchurch-district-plan/.

There maybe some provisions of the Christchurch City Plan or Banks Peninsula District Plan that affect this property that are still operative.

- **C** For planning queries, please phone (03) 941 8999, email <u>DutyPlanner@ccc.govt.nz</u> or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.
- Regional plan or bylaw

There may be objectives, policies or rules in a regional plan or a regional bylaw that regulate land use and activities on this site. Please direct enquiries to Canterbury Regional Council (Environment Canterbury).

#### (a) (i) Christchurch City Plan & Banks Peninsula District Plan

#### (ii)Christchurch District Plan

Liquefaction Management Area (LMA)

Property or part of property within the Liquefaction Management Area (LMA) Overlay which is operative.

I Outline Development Plan

Property or part of property is within an Outline Development Plan area which is affected by specific provisions that are operative.

Retirement Village Overlay

Property or part of property within the Christchurch District Plan (operative) Prestons Road Retirement Village Overlay

I Flood Management Area

Property or part of property within the Flood Management Area (FMA) Overlay which is operative.

#### I Fixed Minimum Floor Overlay

This property or parts of the property are located within the Fixed Minimum Floor Overlay level in the Christchurch District Plan. Under this plan pre-set minimum floor level requirements apply to new buildings and additions to existing buildings. The fixed minimum floor level can be searched at http://ccc.govt.nz/floorlevelmap. For more information please contact a CCC duty planner on 941 8999.

#### I District Plan Zone

Property or part of property within the Residential New Neighbourhood Zone which is operative.

#### (b) Resource consents

If there are any land use resource consents issued for this property the Council recommends that you check those resource consents on the property file. There may be conditions attached to those resource consents for the property that are still required to be complied with.

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove



- RMA/2016/2855 Certification 12 Cameo Grove Burwood Wastewater Capacity Certificate Status: Processing complete Applied 10/10/2016 Certificate issued 03/11/2016
- RMA/2018/2576 Land Use Consent

   Cameo Grove Burwood
   undertake bulk earthworks and Variation of a Consent Notice protecting a subdivision tree Status: Processing complete
   Applied 24/10/2018
   Granted 07/03/2019
   Decision issued 08/03/2019
- RMA/2021/55 Land Use Consent 12 Cameo Grove Burwood Construct dwelling with attached garage Status: Processing complete Applied 15/01/2021 Granted 15/02/2021 Decision issued 15/02/2021
- RMA/2021/171 Land Use Consent

   Cameo Grove Burwood
   Proposed new dwelling with attached garage (Lot 805)
   Status: Processing complete
   Applied 30/01/2021
   Granted 04/03/2021
   Decision issued 05/03/2021
- RMA/2021/648 Land Use Consent

   Cameo Grove Burwood
   New residential dwelling with attached garage Lot 792
   Status: Processing complete
   Applied 18/03/2021
   Granted 06/04/2021
   Decision issued 07/04/2021

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove



- RMA/2021/651 Land Use Consent

   Cameo Grove Burwood
   New residential dwelling with attached garage Lot 846
   Status: Processing complete
   Applied 18/03/2021
   Granted 06/04/2021
   Decision issued 07/04/2021
- RMA/2021/826 Land Use Consent 12 Cameo Grove Burwood Construct dwelling with attached garage - CT6433 - Lot 814 Prestons Park Status: Processing Applied 01/04/2021 Granted 23/04/2021
- RMA/2021/837 Land Use Consent

   Cameo Grove Burwood
   Proposed residential dwelling with an attached garage CT6434 Lot 815 Prestons Park
   Status: Processing complete
   Applied 06/04/2021
   Granted 12/04/2021
   Decision issued 13/04/2021
- RMA/2019/2745 Subdivision Consent

   14 Cameo Grove Burwood
   Fee simple subdivision 254 lots and a number of amalgamation and boundary adjustments to Stage 2 Prestons
   Park
   Status: s223 Certificate issued
   Applied 25/11/2019
   Granted 17/03/2020
   Decision issued 17/03/2020
   s223 Certificate issued stage 1 02/11/2020
   s224 Certificate issued stage 2 04/03/2021
- RMA/2021/483 Land Use Consent 14 Cameo Grove Burwood Proposed new dwelling with attached garage - Lot 821 Status: Processing complete Applied 03/03/2021 Granted 07/04/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove



- RMA/2021/630 Land Use Consent

   Cameo Grove Burwood
   Construct dwelling with attached garage Lot 797
   Status: Processing complete
   Applied 17/03/2021
   Granted 06/04/2021
   Decision issued 07/04/2021
- RMA/2021/903 Land Use Consent 14 Cameo Grove Burwood Construct dwelling with an attached garage - CT6432 - Lot 809 Prestons Park Status: Processing Applied 11/04/2021 Granted 22/04/2021
- RMA/2021/1059 Land Use Consent 14 Cameo Grove Burwood Residential dwelling with an attached garage - CT6431 - Lot 808 Prestons Park Status: Processing Applied 21/04/2021
- RMA/2013/116 Subdivision Consent AMENDMENT TO RMA92019798 AND CREATE 2 NEW LOTS Issued 21/05/2013: 223 + 224 Issued 27/05/2013 -Historical Reference RMA92021697 Status: Processing complete Applied 29/01/2013 Granted 23/05/2013 Decision issued 23/05/2013
- RMA/2013/1562 Subdivision Consent 200 LOT FEE SIMPLE RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISION Originally Part of RMA92019798. Split by Land ownership this appication issued origianlly 4 July 2012. - Historical Reference RMA92023244 Status: Consent issued Applied 12/08/2013 Decision issued 28/08/2013 Granted 28/08/2013
- RMA/2015/278 Subdivision Consent Fee Simple Subdivision - Sixty Nine Lots 224 Requested 30/5/2016 223 issued 30/5/2016 - Historical Reference RMA92028454 Status: Consent issued Applied 03/02/2015 Decision issued 01/05/2015 Granted 01/05/2015

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove

Christchurch City Council 53 Hereford Street, PO Box 73015 Christchurch 8154, New Zealand Tel 64 3 941 8999 Fax 64 3 941 8984 www.ccc.govt.nz

LIM number: 70245524 Page 15



#### **Related information**

Council records show that there is a current/on hold monitoring job in our system. This monitoring is to ensure that the resource consent conditions have been met. For further information you can contact the Compliance & Investigation team A on 941 8999 or email: rcmon@ccc.govt.nz and reference to resource consent RMA/2018/2576, RMA/2021/55 and RMA/2021/171.

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove

LIM number: 70245524 Page 16



#### 9. Other land and building classifications

Section 44A(2)(g) LGOIMA. This is information notified to the Council by any statutory organisation having the power to classify land or buildings for any purpose.

**C** For land and building enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

Please refer to Section 1 for details

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove

LIM number: 70245524 Page 17



#### 10. Network utility information

Section 44A(2)(h) LGOIMA. This is information notified to the Council by any network utility operator pursuant to the Building Act 1991 or the Building Act 2004.

- **C** For network enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.
- None recorded for this property

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove

LIM number: 70245524 Page 18



#### **11. Other information**

Section 44A(3) LGOIMA. This is information concerning the land that the Council has the discretion to include if it considers it to be relevant.

C For any enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

#### (a) Kerbside waste collection

- Your recycling is collected Fortnightly on the Week 2 collection cycle on a Wednesday. Please leave your recycling at the Kerbside by 6:00 a.m. Your nearest recycling depot is the Styx Mill EcoDrop.
- Your refuse is collected Fortnightly on the Week 2 collection cycle on a Wednesday. Please leave your rubbish at the Kerbside by 6:00 a.m. Your nearest rubbish depot is the Styx Mill EcoDrop.
- Vour organics are collected Weekly on Wednesday. Please leave your organics at the Kerbside by 6:00 a.m.

#### (b) Other

#### Floor Levels Information

Christchurch City Council holds a variety of information relevant to building/property development across the city. This includes minimum finished floor levels that need to be set to meet the surface water requirements in clause E1.3.2 of the building code (where this applies), and the requirements of the Christchurch District Plan (where a property is in the Flood Management Area). Where this information has been processed for your site, it can be viewed at <a href="https://ccc.govt.nz/floorlevelmap/">https://ccc.govt.nz/floorlevelmap/</a>, otherwise site specific advice can be obtained by emailing floorlevels@ccc.govt.nz.

#### I Community Board

Property located in Coastal-Burwood Community Board.

#### I Guest Accommodation

Guest accommodation (including whole unit listings on Airbnb; BookaBach; etc.) generally requires a resource consent in this zone when the owner is not residing on the site. For more information, please refer to: https://ccc.govt.nz/providing-guest-accommodation/.

#### I Tsunami Evacuation Zone

This property is not in a tsunami evacuation zone. It is not necessary to evacuate in a long or strong earthquake or during an official Civil Defence tsunami warning. Residents may wish to offer to open their home to family or friends who need to evacuate from a tsunami zone, and should plan with potential guests to do so in advance. More information can be found at https://ccc.govt.nz/services/civil-defence/hazards/ tsunami-e vacuation-zones-and-routes/

#### Electoral Ward

Property located in Burwood Electoral Ward

#### Listed Land Use Register

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove

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LIM number: 70245524 Page 19



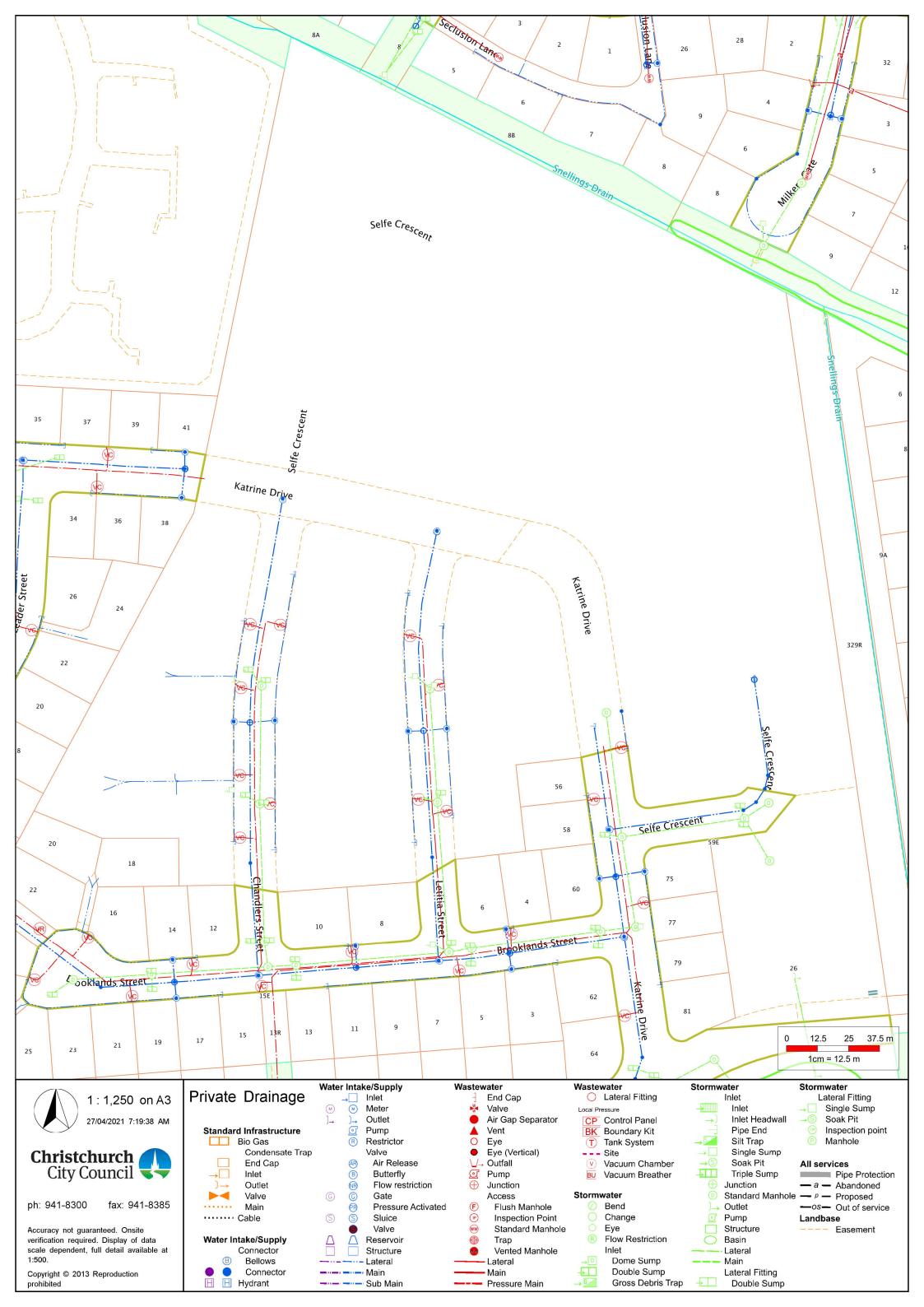
Hazardous activities and industries involve the use, storage or disposal of hazardous substances. These substances can sometimes contaminate the soil. Environment Canterbury identifies land that is used or has been used for hazardous activities and industries. This information is held on a publically available database called the Listed Land Use Register (LLUR). The Christchurch City Council may not hold information that is held on the LLUR Therefore, it is recommended that you check Environment Canterbury's online database at www. llur.ecan.govt.nz

#### I Spatial Query Report

A copy of the spatial query report is attached at the end of this LIM. The spatial query report lists land use resource consents that have been granted within 100 metres of this property.

Property address: 26 Cameo Grove

LIM number: 70245524 Page 20



### Law Block Subdivision

Resource Consent Geotechnical Report

### CDL Land Ltd.

Reference: 235361 Revision: 0 14 June 2018





# **Document control record**

Document prepared by:

#### **Aurecon New Zealand Limited**

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Clien	t contact	Jason Adams	Client refere	ence		
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1	4 July 2018	Initial Issue	KJF	JSM	IDM	IDM
Curre	Current revision 0					

Approval				
Author signature	this	Approver signature	Somkon	
Name	Kieran Foote	Name	lan McPherson	
Title	Geotechnical Engineer	Title	Technical Director – Ground Engineering	

# Contents

Exec	cutive Su	ummary		1
1	Intro	duction		3
2	Site 0	Condition	S	4
	2.1	Site De	escriptions	4
	2.2	Region	al Geology	4
	2.3	Previou	us Work	4
3	Geot	echnical I	Investigations	6
	3.1	Introdu	ction	
	3.2		alk Over	
	3.3		Penetrometer Tests (CPTs)	
	3.4		ne Boreholes (Aurecon 2018)	
	3.5		it Excavations (Aurecon 2017)	
	3.6		tory Testing	
	3.7		ealand Geotechnical Database (NZGD)	
	3.8	Law Blo	ock Geological Model	8
		3.8.1	General Conditions	8
		3.8.2	Groundwater	8
		3.8.3	Peat	8
4	-	-	onsiderations	
	4.1 4.2		iction action Hazard	
	4.2	•		
		4.2.1	Liquefaction Potential	
		4.2.2	Ground Damage	
		4.2.3 4.2.4	Lateral Spread	
	4.0		-	
	4.3 4.4		ance with the Definition of 'Good Ground'	
	4.4	-	ering Mitigation Measures	
		4.4.1	Liquefaction	
		4.4.2	Lateral Spreading	
	4.5		or Compactor Trial Assessment	
	4.6		Spreading Mitigation Measures	
		4.6.1	Gravel Embankment Assessment	
		4.6.2	Stone Columns	
		4.6.3	Vibrofloatation	
	4.7	Founda	ation Implications	16
		4.7.1	TC1 Compliance	16
		4.7.2	TC2 Compliance	17
	4.8	Organi	c Soil Layers	17
	4.9	Earthw	orks	17
		4.9.1	Cut Excavations	17
		4.9.2	Earthfill	
		4.9.3	Earthwork Volumes	18
5	۵۵۵۵	ssment <b>A</b>	Against RMA	10
6				
7				

### **Appendices**

#### Appendix A

Figures

#### Appendix B

2017 CPT Logs

#### Appendix C

2018 CPT Logs

#### Appendix D

2018 Borehole Logs (Aurecon)

#### Appendix E

2017 Test Pit Logs (Aurecon)

#### Appendix F

Laboratory Results

#### Appendix G

Liquefaction Assessment Results

#### Appendix H

RMA Geotechnical Hazard Assessment

### Tables

- Table 1
   Geological Model Law Block
- Table 2 Geotechnical Seismic Design Criteria
- Table 3
   Summary of calculated settlements for upper 10m of soil profile (Index Settlements)
- Table 4 Summary of calculated settlements for full soil profile
- Table 5 Summary of Calculated LSN
- Table 6
   Liquefaction Deformation Limits and House Foundation Requirements

### **Executive Summary**

CDL Land Ltd. are developing a large residential subdivision with associated commercial lots. The site is located on an area of land between Prestons Road and Mairehau Road on the north-east side of Christchurch. The subdivision is currently referred to as Prestons Park, although was previously referred to as Prestons South. The Prestons Park subdivision is part of the larger Prestons subdivision, which extends north to Lower Styx Road. The greater Prestons Subdivision is approximately 150ha, whilst Prestons Park is approximately 75ha. As part of the expansion of the Prestons Park subdivision, CDL Land Ltd. are proposing to develop an approximately 10ha area in the northeast region known as Law Block.

Aurecon NZ Ltd (Aurecon) has previously carried out a geotechnical investigation and assessment for the purpose of the earthworks and subdivision resource consents for the entire Prestons Subdivision. Previous reports for Prestons North and Preston Park identified the liquefaction and lateral spreading risk associated with the site and defined the technical classification of the subdivision area. To allow classification of the site and provision of development recommendations additional site investigations were completed for Law Block.

Our ground investigations for Law Block indicated relatively consistent and predictable ground conditions in line with our past experience in the Prestons Road area. Ground conditions comprise loose to medium dense sand to 3m depth underlain by medium dense to dense sand to depth. Groundwater level has been measured at 1m to 2m depth, which is consistent with previous work across the area.

A liquefaction assessment has been carried out using the CPT information. For the assessment we have reviewed the three levels of seismic shaking as recommended in Module 3 of the NZGS Guidelines. Based on the results of the liquefaction assessment, the liquefiable layers are predominantly in the upper 3m of the soil profile, although the assessment does indicate liquefiable layers below 5m depth. The liquefaction assessment identified that due to the potential for liquefiable soil layers in the upper 3m, there is a potential for lateral spreading of the soil adjacent to any new stormwater basins/channels and into the existing Snellings Drain.

Based on the liquefaction results, parts of the site can be classified as Technical Category 1 (TC1) while other parts can be classified as Technical Category 2 (TC2). The extent of the liquefaction induced ground damage and settlements in parts of the area classified as TC2 are at a level where we consider that the ground could be improved to a TC1 equivalent performance level.

In terms of lateral spreading, the MBIE guidelines indicate that lateral spreading should not occur for a site to be classified as TC1. The liquefiable layers are predominantly within the upper 3m of the soil profile and there is the potential for lateral spreading adjacent to the stormwater basins and channels if ground treatment is not undertaken. Hence, from a lateral spreading assessment perspective the site cannot be classified as TC1. However, as the depth of the liquefiable soil layers are limited to the upper soil profile, it is considered that there are suitable engineering options available that will minimise the potential for liquefaction induced lateral spreading.

Although the site is classified partly asTC1, and partly as TC2, the intention is to develop the Law Block into TC1 equivalent land.

The ground conditions and liquefaction potential at Law Block are similar to that of Prestons North and Prestons Park areas. The Prestons North and Preston Park earthworks have included the use of an impact compactor to densify the upper soil profile and hence minimise the liquefaction potential. In addition, gravel embankments have been constructed to mitigate the lateral spreading potential susceptibility adjacent to stormwater basins/channels. We recommend that these mitigation measures are used on the Law Block.

A trial of the impact compactor was carried out on Prestons Park and the results indicate that the liquefaction induced settlements can be reduced significantly with the use of the impact compactor. As part of the detailed design of the Law Block subdivision, further geotechnical analysis will be required to confirm the extent of the area requiring impact compaction. Quality assurance testing with CPTs will be required in conjunction with the impact compaction to confirm that the required level of ground densification is being achieved.

The impact compactor improves ground conditions and hence reduces the potential for lateral spreading. Although the potential for lateral spreading is reduced, there still remains a lateral spreading potential adjacent to the stormwater basins that cannot be addressed with the impact compaction alone, particularly if TC1 land is required. Therefore, construction of a wide gravel embankment founded below the liquefiable layer is to be considered. If the gravel embankment method is found to be not feasible in suppressing the lateral spreading hazard, then alternative options such as stone columns or vibrofloatation can be considered. As part of the detailed design of the Law Block subdivision, geotechnical design will be required to confirm the gravel embankment design for each of the stormwater pond or, if required, alternative mitigation options identified and designed.

Suitable foundation types for the various technical categories have been defined in the MBIE Guidelines and for TC1 areas the MBIE Guidelines recommend Standard NZS3604:2011 type foundations with well reinforced slabs. In the unlikely case where residential sites cannot be improved to a TC1 classification then TC2 type enhanced foundations will be required.

In our opinion, and based on our assessment, we consider that under Section 106 of the RMA (2017) there are no geotechnical reasons preventing the development, provided the appropriate engineering measures as recommended in this report are carried out.

Our limitations are at the end of this report and this report shall be read as a whole.

# 1 Introduction

CDL Land Ltd. are developing a large residential subdivision with associated commercial lots on an area of land between Prestons Road and Mairehau Road on the north-east side of Christchurch. The subdivision is currently referred to as Prestons Park, although was previously referred to as Prestons South. The Prestons Park subdivision is part of the larger Prestons subdivision, which extends north to Lower Styx Road. The greater Prestons Subdivision is approximately 150ha, whilst Prestons Park is approximately 75ha. As part of the expansion of the Prestons Park subdivision, CDL Land Ltd. are proposing to develop an approximately 10ha area in the northeast region known as Law Block.

Aurecon NZ Ltd (Aurecon) has previously carried out a geotechnical investigation and assessment for the purpose of the earthworks and subdivision resource consents for the entire Prestons Subdivision. Previous reports for Prestons North and Preston Park identified the liquefaction and lateral spreading risk associated with the site and defined the technical classification of the subdivision area. To allow classification of the site, and provision of development recommendations, additional site investigations were completed for Law Block in May 2018.

The scope of work included the following:

- A review of existing geotechnical and geological information on the site.
- Cone Penetrometer Tests (CPT) across the site to provide information on the soil at depth and to obtain data to allow a liquefaction assessment to be undertaken.
- Machine borehole drilling to confirm the soil type, collect samples for laboratory testing, and to calibrate the CPT logs.
- Laboratory testing of soil samples.

The assessment of the geotechnical investigation results included:

- A liquefaction analysis using the latest MBIE and NZGS Guidelines to assess the liquefaction
  potential of the underlying natural soils and to confirm the technical categories across the site based
  on the results of the liquefaction assessment.
- Provide indicative engineering measures required to address liquefaction and lateral spreading potentials.
- Preparation of this geotechnical report to present the above information.

This geotechnical report presents the results of our geotechnical investigations and assessment, confirms the suitability of the land for residential development as well providing recommendations for development of the site.

Our limitations are attached as Section 6 of this report. This report shall be read as a whole.

### 2 Site Conditions

### 2.1 Site Descriptions

The Prestons subdivision is located on the north-eastern fringes of Christchurch City. The site is made up of a series of adjacent properties forming an irregular and elongated rectangle shape, orientated approximately north to south. The total area of the overall Prestons Subdivision site is approximately 150ha of which Prestons Park is approximately 75ha. Prestons Park extends from Prestons Road, through to Mairehau Road to the south, as shown in Figure 1 in Appendix A. The Law Block is in the northeast corner of the Prestons Park subdivision and is bounded by Prestons Park subdivision to the south and west, and existing developed land to the north and east.

The main features of Law Block are as follows:

- The Law Block is approximately 10ha in area with the topography ranging from flat through to gently undulating.
- The area is divided into a number of paddocks which have been used for various purposes over recent years and are divided into smaller fields by north-south and east-west trending treelines. There are several warehouse type structures and a hardstand area in the southeast corner of the site which are accessed off Cameo Grove.
- Snellings Drain runs along the eastern and northern boundary of the Law Block and drains in a southerly direction towards the Avon River.

### 2.2 Regional Geology

The geology of the site is described in the 1:25,000 scale geological map – 'Geology of the Christchurch Urban Area' published in 1992 by the Institute of Geological and Nuclear Sciences (GNS). This map has been referenced as it is at an appropriate scale and covers the entire site. The geological map indicates several different material types and indicates the following underlying geology:

- The Law Block area is predominantly underlain by drained peat swamps.
- Along the west side of the Law Block is sand of fixed and semi-fixed dunes and beaches.

The GNS Active Fault System database (GNS, 2012a) indicates that the site is located approximately:

- 27km north east of the eastern end of the Greendale Fault System. Movement on the Greendale Fault System was responsible for the Magnitude 7.1 Darfield (Canterbury) Earthquake on 4 September 2010.
- 14km north of the epicentre of the Magnitude 6.2 Christchurch Earthquake on 22 February 2011.
- 12km north west of the Magnitude 6.0 earthquake on 13 June 2011.
- 8km north west of the Magnitude 5.9 earthquake on 23 December 2012.

### 2.3 **Previous Work**

Aurecon has been involved in the geotechnical assessment for the Prestons Subdivision since 2005. Previous documentation which has been reviewed as part of this geotechnical assessment includes the following:

- "Prestons Park Law Block Geotechnical Assessment", dated 26 July 2017.
- "Prestons South Subdivision, Resource Consent Geotechnical Report", dated 6 June 2013.
- "Prestons Road Subdivision, Detailed Geotechnical Design Report", dated 12 July 2012

- "Geotechnical Assessment Report for Resource Consent", dated 5 March 2012, which included assessing technical categories across the site.
- "Geotechnical Assessment Report for Earthworks Consent", dated 28 November 2011.
- "Supplementary Evidence (Post 22 February 2011)", dated March 2011, provided as part of Plan Change 30.
- "Prestons Road Rezoning Liquefaction Reassessment", dated October 2010, which reviewed the liquefaction risk to the site following the Darfield Earthquake.
- "Prestons Road Rezoning Geotechnical Investigation Report", dated August 2008, which included logs from intrusive investigations and a geotechnical assessment on the suitability of the area for development.
- "Stage 1 Environmental Assessment Report, Prestons Road Development Area, Christchurch", dated August 2008.
- Aerial photographs dating back to 1955, used as part of the environmental study.

### 3 Geotechnical Investigations

### 3.1 Introduction

The objective of the recent geotechnical investigation was to determine the nature and composition of the underlying ground conditions and to identify the relevant geotechnical issues. The investigation for Law Block was carried out as part of a wider investigation programme.

The recent geotechnical investigation for Law Block comprised the following:

- Undertake a site walkover to identify the geomorphological features of the site.
- Review previous investigation results.
- Carry out 14 CPT's across the site to confirm ground conditions at depth and to provide information for a liquefaction assessment.
- Drilling of two geotechnical boreholes to determine the nature of the soil profile, obtain soil samples for laboratory testing, and to calibrate the CPT logs.
- Laboratory testing including particle size distributions for the calibration of the CPT results.
- Review of investigations completed by Aurecon in 2017 which comprised 12 test pits and six CPTs.
- Review the New Zealand Geotechnical Database (NZGD) borehole logs and CPTs on or near the site, as at June 25 2018.

Our ground investigation indicated a relatively consistent and predictable geology in line with our past geotechnical investigation experience in the wider Prestons' development area.

A detailed description of the geotechnical investigations and the results are provided in the following sections.

### 3.2 Site Walk Over

Numerous site walkovers have been completed by an Aurecon Geotechnical Engineer between July 2017 and May 2018. The purpose of the site walkovers was to identify site features and any ground damage from previous seismic activity.

#### 3.2.1 Site Features

The site is bounded by the Prestons Park subdivision to the west and south, and residential housing to the east and north. The site is predominantly flat with extensive areas of vegetation, the removal of which was being completed at the time of writing this report. A large tire dump was located in the south-western corner of the site, and some small sheds were located in the south-eastern corner. The northern and eastern boundary is adjacent to Snellings Drain, which comprises a box drain approximately 1m deep.

#### 3.2.2 Ground Damage

Based on a number of site walkovers, we note the following:

- Evidence of liquefaction surface ejecta (i.e. sand boils) was not apparent during the site walkover carried out as part of this investigation. The site walkovers were carried out more than six years since the last large earthquake and it is possible that any evidence of liquefaction may have been removed or buried over time.
- No other evidence of ground damage such as ground cracking or lateral spreading adjacent to the drainage ditches was apparent on the site.

• A review of high resolution aerial photographs from the New Zealand Geotechnical Database did not identify any apparent surface manifestation of liquefaction on the site.

### **3.3 Cone Penetrometer Tests (CPTs)**

Cone penetrometer tests (CPT) across the Preston Subdivision area have been carried out over a number of stages. CPTs completed for the Law Block area include:

- Six CPTs completed by Aurecon in 2017 up to 15m deep;
- 14 CPTs completed as part of Aurecon's 2018 investigations.

The additional 14 CPTs were undertaken across the Law Block area to provide further information on the ground conditions and to support the assessment of liquefaction hazard. The CPTs were undertaken on 2 and 3 May 2018 using a track-mounted rig owned and operated by LandTest and extended to 10m depth.

The CPTs measured tip resistance (q<sub>c</sub>), friction (f<sub>s</sub>) and dynamic pore pressure (u<sub>2</sub>) at 10mm intervals.

Test locations are shown in the figures in Appendix A and CPT logs are presented in Appendices B and C.

### 3.4 Machine Boreholes (Aurecon 2018)

Two boreholes were machine drilled on 10 May 2018 using a sonic drill rig operate by Land Test and supervised by an Aurecon Geotechnical Engineer. The boreholes were positioned close to CPTs to allow calibration of the CPT logs and refinement of the fines correction factor used in the liquefaction assessment.

All core was placed in core boxes for storage and logged by an Aurecon Geotechnical Engineer in accordance with the New Zealand Geotechnical Society's "Guide for the Field Classification and Description of Soil and Rock for Engineering Purposes The test locations are shown in the figures in Appendix A and the borehole logs are presented in Appendix D together with an explanatory sheet outlining the terms and symbols used on the logs.

### 3.5 Test Pit Excavations (Aurecon 2017)

Test pits were excavated across the Law Block area on 13 July 2017, and are summarised in *"Prestons Park – Law Block Geotechnical Assessment*", dated 26 July 2017. Twelve test pits were excavated to 3m to 3.4m depth using a 20 Tonne excavator operated by KB Contractors Ltd. The purpose of the test pits was to provide information on the upper soil profile and groundwater levels.

The test pits were logged by a Geotechnical Engineer in accordance with the New Zealand Geotechnical Society's "Guide for the Field Classification and Description of Soil and Rock for Engineering Purposes". The test pits were backfilled with the excavated spoil.

The locations of the test pits are shown on the figures in Appendix A and the logs are attached in Appendix E.

### 3.6 Laboratory Testing

Laboratory testing was completed on select samples recovered from the boreholes at 6m, 7m, 8m and 9m depth. The samples were sent to Central Testing Services Limited (CTS) for wet sieve analysis (PSD) and water content testing. The report issued by CTS indicates that the testing was completed in accordance with the relevant New Zealand Standard.

The PSD results indicate that the soils tested are predominantly sand with a fines (<75µm) content between 3% and 7%. The laboratory test results are presented in Appendix F together with the laboratory testing certificate.

### 3.7 New Zealand Geotechnical Database (NZGD)

The Preston Subdivision area is well represented in the New Zealand Geotechnical Database (NZGD); but no testing was found to exist within the Law Block area. Given the level of testing completed n the Law Block area by Aurecon in 2017 and 2018, and the variability of the local geology, the NZGD data was reviewed but not included in the geotechnical assessment of Law Block.

### 3.8 Law Block Geological Model

#### 3.8.1 General Conditions

The geological model has been developed based on the testing completed in the Law Block area, testing completed across the broader Preston Subdivision area, and local knowledge and experience. The test pitting, drilling and CPTs indicated a relatively consistent soil profile comprising a thin mantle of topsoil, overlying loose to dense sand to depth investigated. The CPT profiles indicate a gradual strength increase with depth with the upper 3m being loose to medium dense sand. Thin layers of peat were recorded in several test pits.

Table 1 below provides a summary of the ground conditions across the Law Block area.

Depth to Top of Unit (m)	Depth to Base of Unit (m)	Soil Unit	CPT Qc Value (MPa)
0	0.3 to 0.6	Topsoil, silt/sand	-
0.3 to 0.6	3	Sand with minor Silt, loose to medium dense 50 to 100mm peat layers in TP02, 03 & 04.	0.5 to 10
3	12	Sand with minor Silt fraction, medium dense to dense	12 to 18
12	Not determined	Sand, dense to very dense	20+

Table 1 Geological Model – Law Block

#### 3.8.2 Groundwater

Groundwater monitoring has not been undertaken across the Law Block area and groundwater levels have been assessed based on observations during test pitting and borehole drilling, and interpretation of pore pressure measurements taken during CPT. The groundwater table was observed, or inferred, to be between 1m and 2.5m below ground level. The groundwater level is expected to vary depending on the time of year, and after heavy rainfall or periods of drought conditions.

#### 3.8.3 Peat

Peat has been commonly encountered across the Preston Subdivision area with layers up to 0.5m thick found within the surficial soils. The intrusive investigations completed across Law Block (test pits and boreholes) encountered only minor peat with a 50mm to 100mm layer encountered in Test Pits TP02, TP03 and TP04 between 1.8m and 2.1m depth in the south-west part of the site. However, peat can be localised and the presence of thicker peat layers across the area is possible.

### 4 Engineering Considerations

### 4.1 Introduction

CDL Land Ltd is proposing to develop the Law Block subdivision, located at the end of Cameo Grove, Christchurch. The site earthworks will involve placing up to 1m of fill across the majority of the site with cutting required to form the new stormwater retention basin located in the southeast corner of the site. Previous stages of the Prestons Park subdivision have been developed into Technical Category TC1, which has required ground improvement with an impact compactor and installation of gravel embankment to mitigate the effects of liquefaction and lateral spreading. At this stage it is understood that a similar approach will be taken, and the intention is to develop the land to TC1 equivalent ground performance.

Based on the ground conditions encountered during the geotechnical investigation we consider that the following geotechnical aspects need to be considered as part of the subdivision:

- Potential for seismically induced liquefaction.
- Recommendations for liquefaction mitigation measures.
- Implications for building foundations.
- Identify the presence of the peat and the affect it may have on the residential buildings or infrastructure.
- Provide recommendations with regard to site earthworks.
- Assessment against Resource Management Act (RMA) Section 106.

Each of these is discussed in the following sections along with recommendations for engineering mitigating measures.

### 4.2 Liquefaction Hazard

Under cyclic loading loose, non-plastic materials such as gravel, sand and silt tend to decrease in volume. If these soils are saturated and rapid loading occurs under un-drained conditions, the soil densification causes pore water pressure to increase. The increase in pore water pressure results in a loss of soil strength due to a decrease in effective stress, and eventually leads to liquefaction once effective stress drops to near zero. Liquefaction can lead to large displacements of foundations, flow failures of slopes, ground surface settlement, sand boils, and post-earthquake stability failures.

The four primary factors that contribute to liquefaction potential are:

- Geological age of the deposit (with the younger soils being more susceptible to liquefaction);
- Loose, non-plastic soils (i.e. sands and silty sands);
- Groundwater levels; and
- Sufficiently high, earthquake induced ground acceleration and sustained shaking (i.e. sufficient load cycles).

Each of these is considered below together with conclusions on the site liquefaction potential.

#### **Geological Criteria**

Liquefaction resistance increases with geological age and sediments of Holocene age (<10,000 years) are most susceptible. The soils mapped in the Law Block area are Holocene and are therefore expected to have a limited increase of resistance to liquefaction based on aging criteria.

#### Soil Character and Density

Liquefiable soils generally have a Coefficient of Uniformity of less than 5 and low proportion of soil finer than 75 microns in size (typically less than 5% to 10%, but up to 30%). Laboratory testing indicated the soils tested have a fines content of between 3% and 7%.

Values for the Cyclic Resistance Ratio (CRR) correlated to CPT resistance depend significantly on the fine content (FC) of the soil for two main reasons:

- The presence of fines affects the resistance of soil to cyclic loading; and
- The presence of fines also reduces the penetrations resistance measured during CPT.

The method of Boulanger and Idriss (2014) allows adjustments based on the fines content to increase the measured CPT resistance values (q<sub>c</sub>) to give an 'equivalent' resistance value for clean sand.

The site-specific data has been used to calibrate the fines-content component of the liquefaction assessment using the following approach:

- General correlations between FC and the soil behaviour type index (I<sub>c</sub>) determined from CPT data exhibit large scatter and site-specific calibrations are recommended to reduce the uncertainty.
- The two boreholes (BH101 and BH102) were coupled with CPTs (CPT109 and CPT103, respectively) to assist with calibrating the FC estimate from the CPT data. The samples tested were from 6m, 7m, 8m and 9m depth in each borehole and results indicated a fines content of less than 7%, and typically 3% to 4%.
- The method of Boulanger and Idriss (2014) was used to determine the curve fitting parameter C<sub>FC</sub> with a positive C<sub>FC</sub> corresponding to a larger FC estimate. Although a slight scatter was observed with the data, a C<sub>FC</sub> of 0.1 for the Law Block appears reasonable and consistent with other Christchurch sites. A copy of the chart used to assess the fitting parameters is provided in Appendix G.

#### Groundwater

Groundwater levels within the Law Block area vary but are typically around 1m to 2m below the existing ground level. For the purpose of the liquefaction assessment soils are considered potentially liquefiable from depths greater than 1m below the existing ground level. Groundwater levels will vary depending on the time of year and recent weather conditions.

#### Earthquake Intensity

Module 3 of the New Zealand Geotechnical Society (NZGS) Earthquake Geotechnical Engineering Practice provides recommended ground accelerations (a<sub>MAX</sub>) and effective earthquake magnitude, M<sub>W</sub>, for Class D sites in the Canterbury earthquake region based on an Important Level 2 (IL2) and 50-year design life, which are presented in Table 2.

For the Serviceability Limit State (SLS) cases, both the SLS-a and SLS-b cases were analysed and the highest calculated settlement was adopted.

#### Table 2 Geotechnical Seismic Design Criteria

	SLS-a	SLS-b	ULS
Peak Ground Acceleration (a <sub>MAX</sub> )	0.13	0.19	0.35
Effective Magnitude (Mw)	7.5	6.0	7.5

### 4.2.1 Liquefaction Potential

A liquefaction assessment was undertaken using the CPT profiles from the Geoscience 2013 and Aurecon 2018 investigations using an in-house spreadsheet and the industry recognised software CLiq version 2.1. The ability of the subsoils to resist the ground shaking associated with the three design earthquakes has been assessed from the subsoil information obtained from the investigations.

The method prescribed by Module 3 of the New Zealand Geotechnical Society (NZGS) Earthquake Geotechnical Engineering Practice has been used for assessing the liquefaction potential and consequences. The method of Boulanger and Idriss (2014) was adopted for assessing the liquefaction potential from the CPT data. Boulanger and Idriss (2014) incorporates updates and calibration of the triggering method based on data collected following the Christchurch earthquake sequence. The method of Zhang (2002) was used to calculate post liquefaction reconsolidation settlements.

The following is a summary of key assumptions and results from the liquefaction assessment:

- A groundwater level of 1m below existing ground level was adopted for the assessment based on average groundwater levels.
- The effects of filling have not been considered during the analysis as it is considered that 1m of filling will have limited effect on the liquefaction assessment.
- A fines correct factor C<sub>FC</sub> of 0.1 was applied for the assessment although it was determined that the effect of applying a C<sub>FC</sub>=0.1 was minimal.
- The liquefaction assessment was carried out on the full CPT profile as well as the upper 10m of the soil profile, as the MBIE guidelines indicates that for technical classification of a site settlements over the upper 10m do not need to be assessed (Index Settlement).
- Table 3 and Table 4 present the results of the liquefaction assessment for the upper 10m and full soil profile, respectively.

#### Table 3 Summary of calculated settlements for <u>upper 10m</u> of soil profile (Index Settlements)

	SLS-a a <sub>MAX</sub> = 0.13, M <sub>W</sub> = 7.5	SLS-b a <sub>MAX</sub> = 0.19, M <sub>W</sub> = 6.0	ULS Case a <sub>MAX</sub> = 0.35, M <sub>W</sub> = 7.5
Maximum Settlement (mm)	5	15	50
Minimum Settlement (mm)	0	0	5
Average (mm)	<5	<5	20

Note: The settlements presented above are to the nearest 5mm.

#### Table 4 Summary of calculated settlements for full soil profile

	SLS-a a <sub>MAX</sub> = 0.13, M <sub>W</sub> = 7.5	SLS-b a <sub>MAX</sub> = 0.19, M <sub>W</sub> = 6.0	ULS Case a <sub>MAX</sub> = 0.35, M <sub>W</sub> = 7.5
Maximum Settlement (mm)	5	15	50
Minimum Settlement (mm)	0	0	5
Average (mm)	<5	<5	20

Note: The settlements presented above are to the nearest 5mm.

From our analysis we note the following:

- The liquefiable are predominantly within the upper 3m of the soil profile and below a depth of about 5m to 6m. Limited liquefaction is predicted between 3m and 5mbgl.
- Limited liquefaction is predicted during both SLS-a and SLS-b with similar liquefiable zones under both cases.

#### 4.2.2 Ground Damage

Published information (Ishihara, 1985 and T&T, 2013) can be used to assess the potential for surface expression of liquefaction and hence the likelihood of ground induced damage. Our assessment of liquefaction induced ground damage is based on the liquefaction plots of the Boulanger and Idriss (2014) method. Table 5 summarises the calculated ranges of Liquefaction Severity Number (LSN) (T & T, 2013) for each event.

	SLS-a a <sub>MAX</sub> = 0.13, M <sub>W</sub> = 7.5	SLS-b a <sub>MAX</sub> = 0.19, M <sub>W</sub> = 6.0	ULS Case a <sub>MAX</sub> = 0.35, M <sub>W</sub> = 7.5
Maximum LSN	2	8	21
Minimum LSN	0	0	2
Average LSN	<1	<1	9

#### Table 5 Summary of Calculated LSN

Assessment of ground damage using the method of Ishihara and T&T indicates:

- Ishihara Method: Liquefaction induced ground damage is not predicted during SLS events. Liquefaction induced ground damage during a ULS event is predicted at 19 of 20 (or 95%) CPT locations.
- LSN Method: Little to no liquefaction induced ground damage is expected during a SLS event, while minor expression of liquefaction is expected during an ULS event.

#### 4.2.3 Lateral Spread

Flow failures caused by seismically induced liquefaction can occur when the shear stress required for static equilibrium of a soil mass is greater than the shear strength of the soil in its liquefied state (Kramer, 1996). Lateral spreading can occur where there is a continuous liquefiable layer through to the free face, such as a stream or river back. Lateral spreading can also occur where the ground slopes at greater than 1:100.

Lateral spreading damage was not observed at the site during the Canterbury Earthquake sequence. We do note that the ground shaking the site has experienced from the recent earthquakes is likely to be between a SLS and a ULS design earthquake event. As the liquefiable layers appear to be predominantly within the upper 3m of the soil profile, there is the potential for lateral spreading adjacent to Snellings Drain and the proposed stormwater retention basins/channels if land is left untreated. The details of the proposed stormwater basin/channels are uncertain at this stage but the intention is to develop the block to a TC1 classification. Previous stages of Prestons Park have included the installation of gravel embankments to mitigate against lateral spreading and therefore a similar approach is likely to be used at the Law Block. Provided a similar approach is undertaken as for other parts of the subdivision we consider that lateral spreading will not be an issue at the Law Block. Further comments on the lateral spread hazard and mitigation options are provided in Section 4.6.

### 4.2.4 Land Classification Technical Categories

For the Christchurch Region, MBIE has released a classification system for residential 'Green Zone' land on the flat in regard to liquefaction susceptibility. The classification system is divided into three technical

categories (TC) that reflect both the liquefaction experienced to date and future land performance expectations. The categories and corresponding criteria are summarised as follows:

- Technical Category 1 (TC1): Liquefaction damage is unlikely in a future large earthquake.
- **Technical Category 2 (TC2):** Minor to moderate land damage is possible is a future large earthquake.
- **Technical Category 3 (TC3):** Moderate to significant land damage is possible is a future large earthquake.

The MBIE has indicated the following liquefaction deformation limits for house foundations as summarised in Table 6.

Technical	Vertica	I Limits	Lateral Spi	read Limits	Likely Implications for House
Categories	SLS	ULS	SLS	ULS	Foundations
TC1	15mm	25mm	Nil	Nil	Standard NZS3604 foundations with tied slabs
TC2	50mm	100mm	50mm	100mm	MBIE enhanced foundation solutions
TC3	>50mm	>100mm	>50mm	>100mm	MBIE TC3 specific foundation

 Table 6
 Liquefaction Deformation Limits and House Foundation Requirements

Based upon the results of the liquefaction assessment only, parts of the site can currently be classified as TC1 while other parts as TC2. Although parts of the site can be classified as TC2, the extent of the liquefaction induced ground damage and settlements are at a level where we consider that suitable engineering options are available to improve the ground to a TC1 level. These potential mitigation measures are identified in the following sections, and have been successfully used on the Prestons North and Prestons Park subdivision.

In terms of lateral spreading, the MBIE Guidelines indicate that no lateral spreading should occur for a site to be classified as TC1. The liquefiable layers appear to be predominantly within the upper 3m of the soil profile and therefore there is the potential for lateral spreading into the existing Snellings Drain and the proposed stormwater basins and channels if ground improvement is not undertaken. Hence, from a lateral spreading assessment perspective the areas near Snellings Drain and proposed the basin/channel cannot be classified as TC1. However, as the depth of the liquefiable soil layers are limited to the upper soil profile, it is considered that there are suitable engineering options available, such as the installation of gravel embankments, that will minimise the potential for liquefaction induced lateral spreading. These potential mitigation measures are discussed further in the following sections.

### 4.3 Compliance with the Definition of 'Good Ground'

Based on the review of the results of the geotechnical site investigations, it is inferred based on considerations of soil strength, that the site is non-compliant with the definition of 'Good Ground' in terms of the New Zealand Standards "*Timber Framed Buildings*" (NZS3604:2011) and "*Concrete Masonry Buildings Not Requiring Specific Engineering Design*" (NZS4229:1999).

Therefore, irrespective of any potential liquefaction risk at the site, typical light weight timber framed or masonry houses (which would generally be designed using NZS3604:2011 or NZS4229:1999) would either require specific foundation design, or the land improved. The earthworks strategy for the Law Block area includes placing fill across the majority of the development area. Provided the fill placed is suitable and of sufficient thickness and strength the earthworks may render the site compliant with the definition of 'Good Ground'. Site specific testing (such as Scala penetrometer) should be undertaken following bulk earthworks to better define the compliance with 'Good Ground'.

# 4.4 Engineering Mitigation Measures

The liquefaction assessment indicates that based on the potential liquefaction induced vertical settlements the Law Block can be classified as TC1 and TC2, with a potential lateral spreading adjacent to the stormwater basins/channels. Liquefaction hazard mitigation measures are discussed in the following sections.

#### 4.4.1 Liquefaction

Current MBIE Guidelines indicate that there are various foundation solutions available for constructing on TC1 and TC2 land. For TC1 land NZS3604:2011 type foundations are suitable provide the required bearing capacity can be achieved. For TC2 land enhanced raft foundations (gravel raft, thickened slab or generic grid and beam slab or waffle slab) or piles could be used construct resilient houses. At present no specific ground improvement is required as there are foundation solutions available for construction on TC1 and TC2 land. However, at this stage, the Client's preference is to develop the entire Law Block land into TC1 equivalent performance.

The liquefaction assessment indicates that the majority of the liquefaction is occurring in the upper 3m of the soil profile. Liquefaction could potentially occur at depths in the order of 5m to 6m but at this depth this is likely to be beyond the zone of influence for a residential building on shallow foundations. Similar ground conditions have been encountered in the developed (or developing) Prestons Park area to the west. As part of the earthworks for Prestons North and Prestons Park, ground improvement using an impact compactor, supplied by Landpac, has been carried out in TC2 areas. Based on our extensive construction monitoring, which has included numerous CPTs, the use of the Landpac compactor to improve ground from TC2 to TC1 has been successful.

As the ground conditions across Law Block are very similar to the wider Prestons Park area and the preference is to form TC1 land, we propose to use impact compaction on the TC2 area within Law Block. The proposed impact compactor technology to be used at the Law Block will be different to that adopted for Prestons North and previous areas of Prestons Park and therefore an impact compaction trial is scheduled to take place within Law Block to confirm its suitability.

### 4.4.2 Lateral Spreading

The lateral spreading assessment indicates that there is a potential for lateral spreading adjacent to the stormwater basins and channels, which would have an impact on the site technical classification and building foundations. We therefore recommend that as the lateral spreading risk is likely to govern the land classification and infrastructure resilience, mitigation measures are used to eliminate, or limit, the lateral spreading potential.

Similar lateral spreading potential and ground conditions have been encountered in Prestons North and the wider Prestons Park area. As part of the earthwork for Prestons North and Prestons Park, a geotechnical assessment of lateral spreading was carried out and gravel embankments were installed along the sides of the stormwater basins/channels embedded at a depth below any liquefiable layers. Lateral spreading occurs where there is a continuous liquefiable layer through to the free face, so by installing wide gravel embankments along any free edges the lateral spreading potential was eliminated. From our experience around Christchurch, observational and quantitative evidence indicates the presence of shallow gravel layers in the river banks has resulted in negligible lateral spreading adjacent to rivers.

As the lateral spreading potential and ground conditions are similar to that across Prestons Park, we propose to use gravel embankments adjacent to Snellings Drain and the stormwater basins and channels. If the gravel embankment method is not feasible then alternative options such as stone columns or vibrofloatation may need to be considered. The gravel embankment assessment is provided in Section 4.6 together with a discussion of alternative methods.

# 4.5 Impactor Compactor Trial Assessment

At the time of report preparation, the impact compaction trials had not been completed. It is anticipated that once completed the results of compaction testing will be incorporated into a revision of this report, or will be provided in a separate addendum report.

### 4.6 Lateral Spreading Mitigation Measures

The impact compactor assessment indicates that the magnitude of lateral spreading can be significantly reduced but not entirely eliminated by compaction. Therefore, to mitigate against lateral spreading other options need to be considered and based on our experience on Prestons North, the most appropriate method is likely to be gravel embankments. However, depending on the depth of the liquefiable layers, the use of stone columns or vibrofloatation may need to be considered.

#### 4.6.1 Gravel Embankment Assessment

The gravel embankment would comprise of a block of well compacted sandy gravel founded below the liquefiable layers and wide enough to prevent lateral displacement towards the stormwater basin/channel. Lateral spreading occurs where there is a continuous liquefiable layer through to the free face, so by installing wide gravel embankments along any free edges the lateral spreading can be eliminated.

In determining the extent of the mitigation measures to minimise the lateral spreading, we need to consider where the liquefiable layers are present in the soil profile and how this relates to the depth of Snellings Drain and the proposed basin and channels.

At this stage, the details of the stormwater basin and associated channels are not known however the basin will be located in the southeast corner of Law Block. Snellings Drain runs along the northern and eastern boundary of Law Block and the likelihood of lateral spreading adjacent the existing open drain will need to be assessed.

For the proposed stormwater basin we have reviewed relevant CPT logs and the liquefaction analysis to confirm where liquefaction is occurring. The depth of the liquefiable layers has been determined for the most part to be less than 3m below existing ground level.

The extent and depth of liquefiable layers are similar to those identified in Prestons Park where gravel embankments have been designed and constructed to eliminate the lateral spreading potential. As the depth of the liquefiable layers is predominantly in the upper 3m with further liquefiable layers at depths of greater than 5m, we consider the use of gravel embankment adjacent to Snellings Drain and the stormwater basin/channel is a feasible mitigation option.

Where liquefiable layers are present at 3m to 4m depth, the predominant option is to excavate out the liquefiable soils and replace with compacted gravel. This method would require relatively deep excavations but such excavations have been completed successfully in Prestons North and Prestons Park.

An alternative is to excavate to 3m depth, place a layer of compacted gravel then use the impact compactor to densify the soil below the gravel, before building up the remainder of the gravel embankment. As this option involves ground densification, quality assurance testing with CPT will be required to confirm that the required ground improvement has been achieved. It may also be necessary to pre-drill through the compacted gravel before CPT testing can be carried out which will increase QA costs.

As part of the detailed design of the Law Block subdivision, further geotechnical assessment will be required to confirm the gravel embankment design for each of the stormwater features including the existing Snellings Drain.

Indicative recommendations for construction of the gravel embankment are as follows:

- Embankment fill material will consist of free draining, well graded sandy gravel fill.
- Fill is placed in a dry excavation to allow maximum compaction. As groundwater is anticipated at shallow levels dewatering will be required.

- The base of the should be inspected by a geotechnical engineer prior to fill placement to confirm that the base of excavation is clear of organics.
- If there is loose soil in the base of the excavation, then the soil will need to be compacted, or removed and replaced with gravel fill.
- Construction of the embankment will require gravel to be compacted to 95% of vibrating hammer compaction in accordance with NZS4402:1986, Test 4.1.3.

#### 4.6.2 Stone Columns

If the detailed design of the embankment indicates that the depth of liquefaction is significant enough that excavation of the embankment is not feasible, then stone columns many need to be considered. Stone columns would densify the ground and reduce the potential for the ground to liquefy and hence reduce the potential for lateral spreading.

The installation of stone columns only becomes cost effective if the depth of densification exceeds 3m to 4m. Typically stone columns would be installed on a 6m deep grid over a zone ranging from 10m to 15m in width, depending on the basin configuration. The stone columns will need to be designed by a geotechnical engineer as part of the detailed subdivision design.

This method of compaction has the advantage that it can be undertaken below the water table in saturated soils. Therefore, no dewatering is required for the compaction process to be undertaken.

A stone column field trial is recommended, in order to determine the degree of ground improvement, to optimise the column spacing and to determine the viability of the proposed works. Stone columns are typically installed by a specialist contractor, whose input would be required in carrying out the detailed design.

#### 4.6.3 Vibrofloatation

An alternative densification method to stone columns is to undertake vibrofloatation compaction adjacent to the basins/channels. This essentially involves using a crane mounted vibrating probe that is inserted into the ground. As the probe penetrates the soil skeleton around the probe collapses and densifies due to the high frequency vibration. The probe would be inserted on a triangular grid, at approximately 2.5m to 3.5m centres, across the site to the required depth of penetration.

The vibrofloatation method leaves hollows in the ground following treatment (due to the volumetric reduction in the soil volume caused by the soil densification) which will then need filling. If this method is used it is recommended that the surface is rolled with an impact compactor post filling as the vibrofloatation method can potentially loosen the upper 600mm of soils.

This method of compaction has the advantage that it can be undertaken below the water table in saturated soils. Therefore, no dewatering is required for the compaction process to be undertaken.

As part of the detailed subdivision design the vibrofloatation will need to be designed by a geotechnical engineer. A field trial is recommended, in order to determine the degree of ground improvement, to optimise the probe spacing, and to determine the viability of the proposed works. Vibrofloatation is typically carried out by a specialist contractor, whose input would be required in carrying out the detailed design.

### 4.7 Foundation Implications

#### 4.7.1 TC1 Compliance

Suitable foundation types for the various technical categories have been defined in the MBIE Guidelines. For Technical Category 1 areas the MBIE Guidelines has recommended Standard NZS3604:2011 type foundations with tied slabs provided there is suitable bearing. As required under the MBIE Guidelines for detailed house design, a site specific geotechnical assessment shall be carried out by suitability qualified chartered engineer with experience in residential house development.

### 4.7.2 TC2 Compliance

Where residential sites cannot be improved to TC1 classification then TC2 type foundations will be required. For Technical Category 2 areas the MBIE Guidelines has recommended types of enhanced foundation systems. The appropriate foundation system will depend on the ultimate bearing capacity of the foundation soil. Schematics and typical cross sections of these foundation systems are presented in the guidelines. For detailed house design, a site specific geotechnical assessment shall be carried out by suitability qualified chartered engineer with experience in residential house development.

As part of the detailed foundation design, particular attention should be paid to detailing the connection joints of buried services (water and sewer pipes, power conduits, etc.) between the house foundation and the in situ ground. The design should allow sufficient movement and ductility to account for seismic shaking and liquefaction induced movement, and to allow for easy reinstatement if they were to be damaged during a future seismic event.

# 4.8 Organic Soil Layers

Peat has been commonly encountered across the Preston Subdivision area with layers up to 0.5m thick found within the upper surficial soils. The intrusive investigations completed across Law Block (test pits and boreholes) encountered only minor peat with a 50mm to 100mm thick layer encountered in Test Pits TP02, TP03 and TP04 at approximately 2m depth in the south-west quadrant of the site area. However, peat can be localised and the presence of thicker peat layers across the area is possible. The peat layers encountered were at depths of around 2m and are at a depth and of a thickness (≤100mm) that settlement is anticipated to be negligible under additional loading and/or dewatering effects. During earthworks design the presence of the peat will be further assessed, and if shallow peat layers are considered an issue for the development then these layers will be removed. In addition, during site earthworks if peat is encountered at shallow depths, then it will be removed prior to further earthworks being carried out.

## 4.9 Earthworks

#### 4.9.1 Cut Excavations

It is proposed to form a series of stormwater basins and channels as part of the development which will require excavations into the existing ground surface. Based on the investigation results we make the following comments:

- Cuts are likely to encounter predominantly loose to medium dense sandy soil with possible interbedded peat and silt layers. We anticipate that the soils will be easy to excavate with conventional earth moving equipment.
- Cut slopes of 4H:1V or less are likely to maintain global stability for static and seismic cases. However, there is a potential for the cuts to be affected by lateral spreading. The lateral spreading risk has been discussed in Section 4.2.3 and mitigation measures will be required.
- Groundwater is present at relatively shallow depths across the site and is likely to be encountered during cut slope construction. Earthworks will need to be carried out so that the presence of the groundwater does not adversely affect the stability of the cuts. It is anticipated that groundwater seeps are initially likely to be present in the cut faces however the levels are likely to equalise in the long term.
- If significant groundwater inflows are encountered and left untreated, slumping of cuts could occur. Hence, site specific treatment should be adopted on an as required basis.
- Cut slopes will be vulnerable to erosion and therefore should be treated or otherwise protected as soon as practicable after excavation.

#### 4.9.2 Earthfill

It is proposed to reuse the soils from the stormwater basin/channel excavations as fill across the site as well as using imported fill to meet the balance of the site fill requirements. The majority of the insitu soils consist of fine to medium grained sand with possible peat and silt in the upper layers. Based on the anticipated soil types we make the following comments:

- Peat: The peat is unsuitable for fill and would need to be cut to waste or retained as landscape fill.
- Silt: The silt is marginally suitable for fill, as it is moisture sensitive and can be difficult to compact. It would be preferable that the silt is used as landscaping fill, where achieving high levels of compaction are not essential. However, following a field trial this material may be considered as fill in appropriate locations.
- Sand: The sand is considered to be suitable as an earthfill material. However, previous compaction testing (across the existing Prestons Park development) indicate that the maximum dry density will be sensitive to moisture content and will be difficult to compact if the water content is above the optimum moisture content. The moisture content of the sand will need to be controlled during fill placement to ensure appropriate compaction is achieved. Alternatively, where the sand is too dry, wetting may be required.
- **Imported Fill:** In case of a shortfall of site won fill, imported fill will be required. When the fill source site has been identified, an inspection of the material by a geotechnical engineer and review of laboratory testing results by a geotechnical engineer should be carried out to confirm the fill suitability.

#### 4.9.3 Earthwork Volumes

In considering earthworks volumes the following aspects need to be considered:

#### **Impact Compactor Induced Settlements**

Impact compactor trials completed across Prestons North and Prestons Park indicate that the compaction method will cause ground settlement. We recommend that an allowance is made for 100mm of additional fill to compensate for compaction induced settlement.

#### Impactor Compactor Working Surface

The impact compactor will need a working surface to allow for ease of movement and to improve its effectiveness. Previous impact compaction has been undertaken on the topsoil surface but if the topsoil is soft or wet, particularly during winter, then the topsoil and any other unsuitable soil will need to be removed and a working layer of 300mm gravel fill placed across the proposed ground improvement area. It may be possible to re-use parts or all of the gravel layer as bulk filling once ground improvement works are completed.

# 5 Assessment Against RMA

Section 106 of the Resource Management Act (RMA) (2017) states inter alia

#### Consent authority may refuse subdivision consent in certain circumstances

1) A consent authority may refuse to grant a subdivision consent, or may grant a subdivision consent subject to conditions, if it considers that—

- a) there is a significant risk from natural hazards; or
- b) Repealed
- c) sufficient provision has not been made for legal and physical access to each allotment to be created by the subdivision.

1A) For the purpose of subsection (1) (a), an assessment of the risk from natural hazards requires a combined assessment of—

- a) the likelihood of natural hazards occurring (whether individually or in combination); and
- b) the material damage to land in respect of which the consent is sought, other land, or structures that would result from natural hazards; and
- c) any likely subsequent use of the land in respect of which the consent is sought that would accelerate, worsen, or result in material damage of the kind referred to in paragraph (b).

2) Conditions under subsection (1) must be-

- a) for the purposes of avoiding, remedying, or mitigating the effects referred to in subsection (1); and
- b) of a type that could be imposed under section 108.

A risk assessment approach has been undertaken on the significant geotechnical hazards that may affect the site, which is presented in Appendix H.

The assessment identified liquefaction and lateral spread risk adjacent to the proposed retention basin and along the existing Snellings Drain. There may be a low risk of soil erosion due to the dispersive nature of the soil. However, provided that the geotechnical recommendations in this report are followed and the appropriate engineering measures are implemented, then we consider that the development is unlikely to be affected by significant geotechnical hazards nor will the development worsen, accelerate or result in material damage. Therefore, from a geotechnical perspective we consider that the Law Block Subdivision development can proceed.

# 6 Limitations

We have prepared this report in accordance with the brief as provided. The contents of the report are for the sole use of the Client and no responsibility or liability will be accepted to any third party. Data or opinions contained within the report may not be used in other contexts or for any other purposes without our prior review and agreement.

The recommendations in this report are based on data collected at specific locations and by using appropriate investigation methods with limited site coverage. Only a finite amount of information has been collected to meet the specific financial and technical requirements of the Client's brief and this report does not purport to completely describe all the site characteristics and properties. The nature and continuity of the ground between test locations has been inferred using experience and judgment and it must be appreciated that actual conditions could vary from the assumed model.

Subsurface conditions relevant to construction works should be assessed by contractors who can make their own interpretation of the factual data provided. They should perform any additional tests as necessary for their own purposes.

Subsurface conditions, such as groundwater levels, can change over time. This should be borne in mind, particularly if the report is used after a protracted delay.

This report is not to be reproduced either wholly or in part without our prior written permission.

# 7 References

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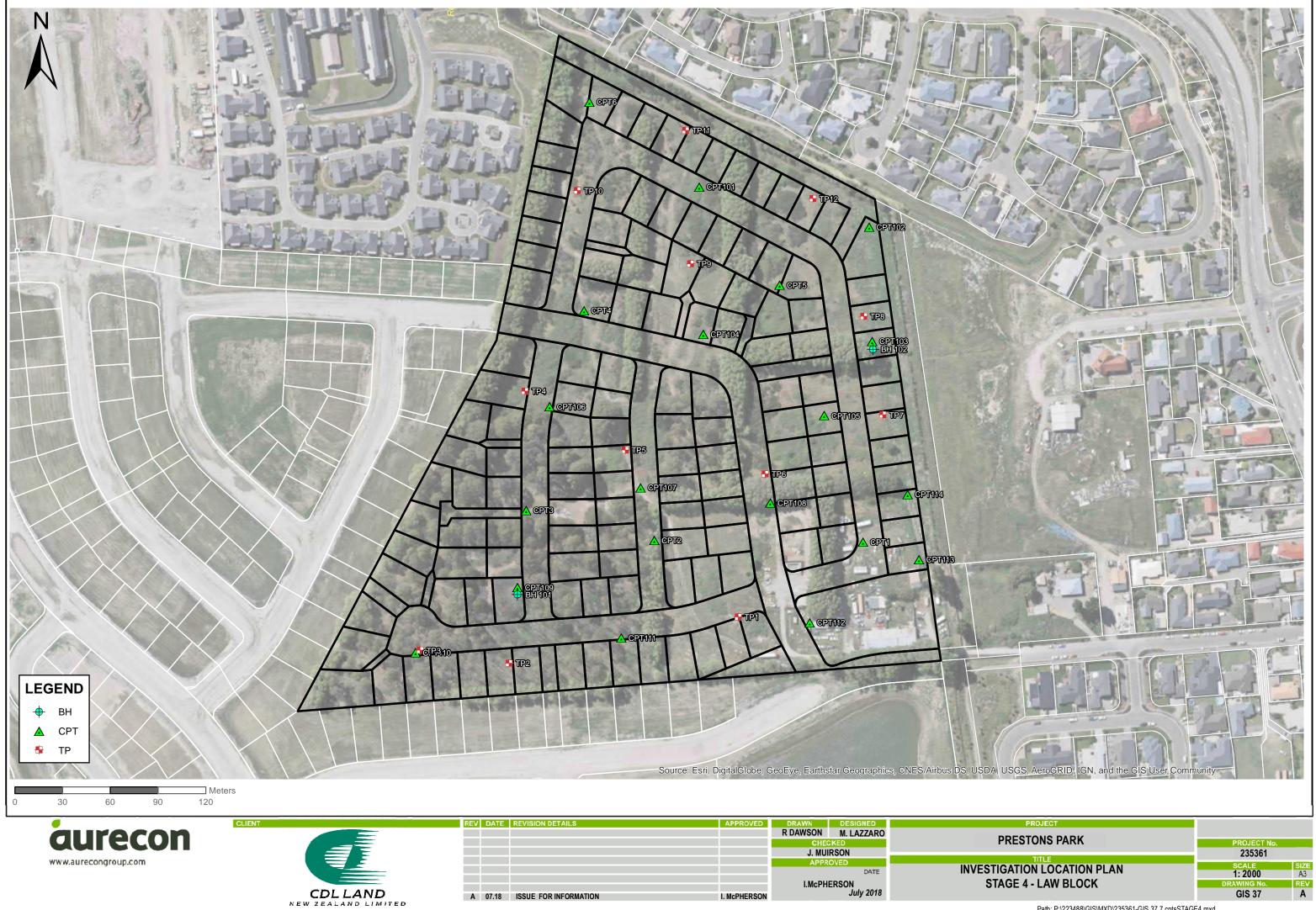


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# Appendices

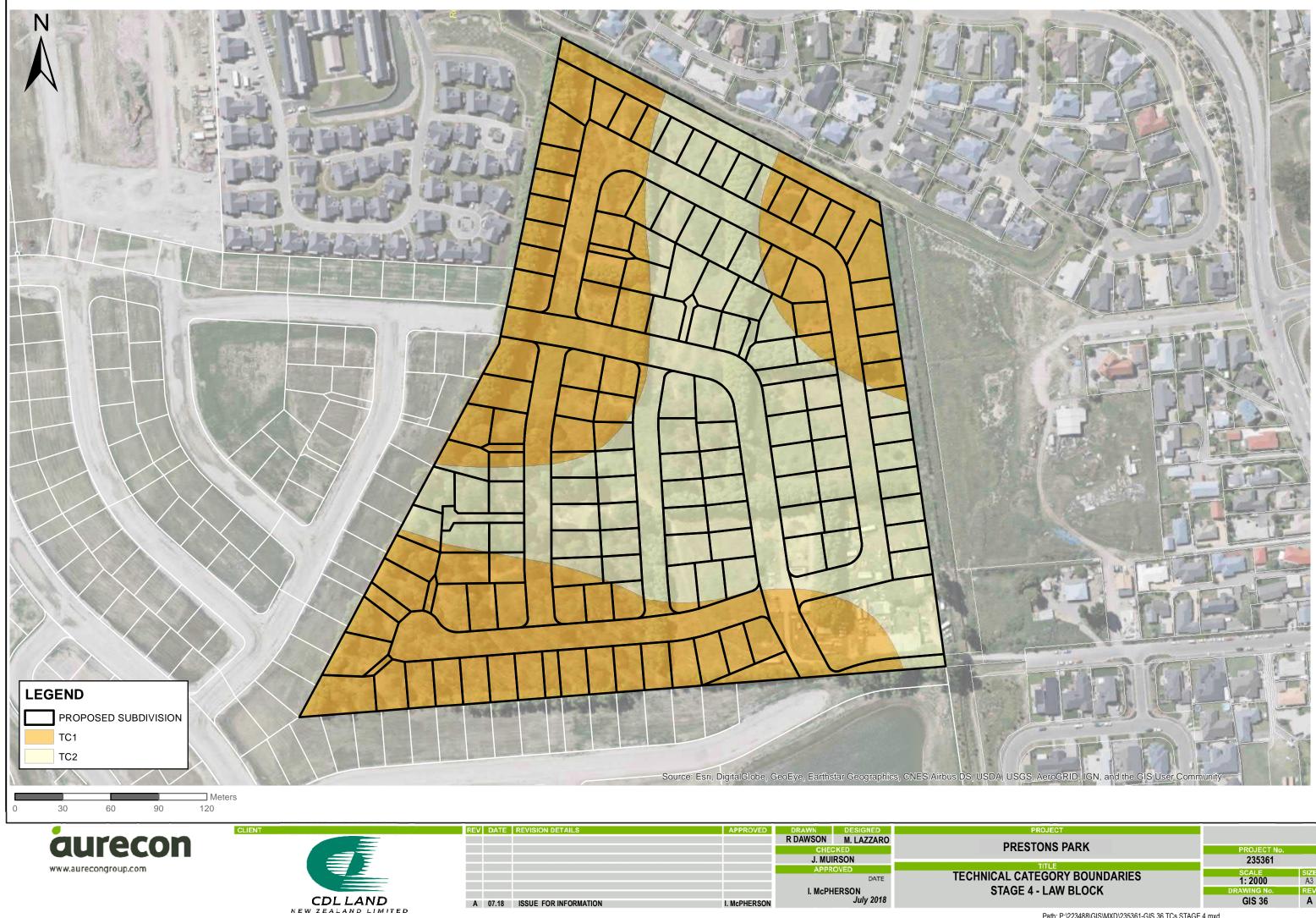
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# Appendix A Figures



PROJECT	
PRESTONS PARK	PROJECT N
TITLE	235361
TIGATION LOCATION PLAN	SCALE 1: 2000
TAGE 4 - LAW BLOCK	DRAWING No.
	GIS 37

Path: P:\223488\GIS\MXD\235361-GIS 37 7 cptsSTAGE4.mxd



PROJECT	
PRESTONS PARK	
TITLE	
L CATEGORY BOUNDARIES	
AGE 4 - LAW BLOCK	

PROJECT No.	
235361	
SCALE	SIZE
1: 2000	A3
DRAWING No.	REV
GIS 36	Α

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# Appendix B 2017 CPT Logs

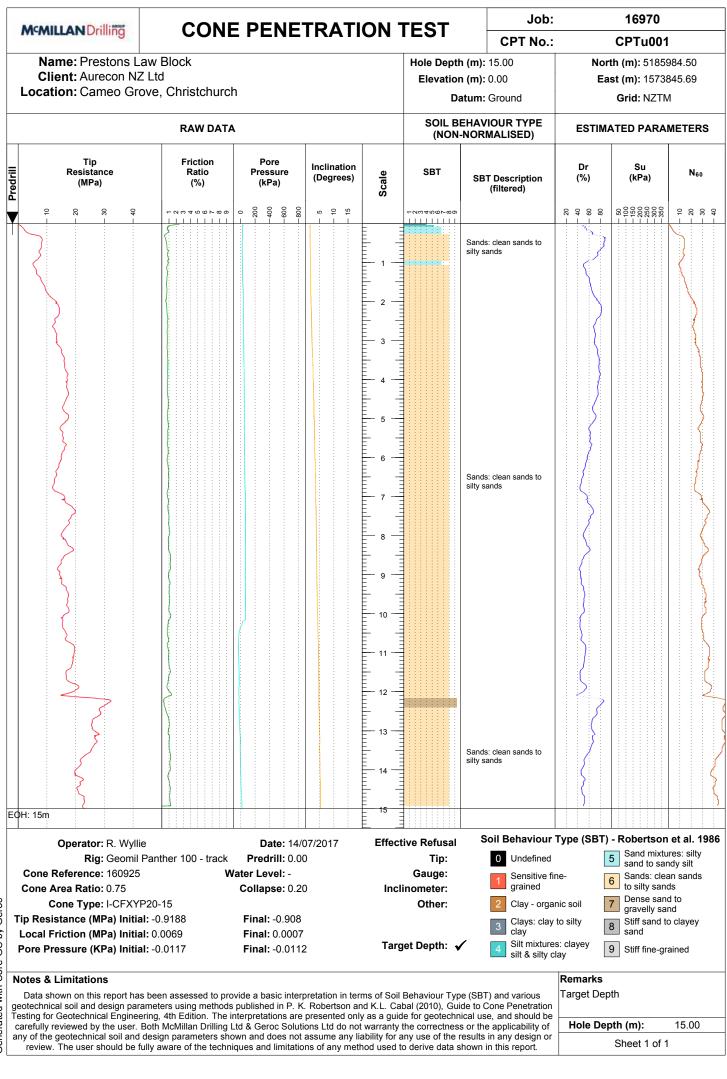
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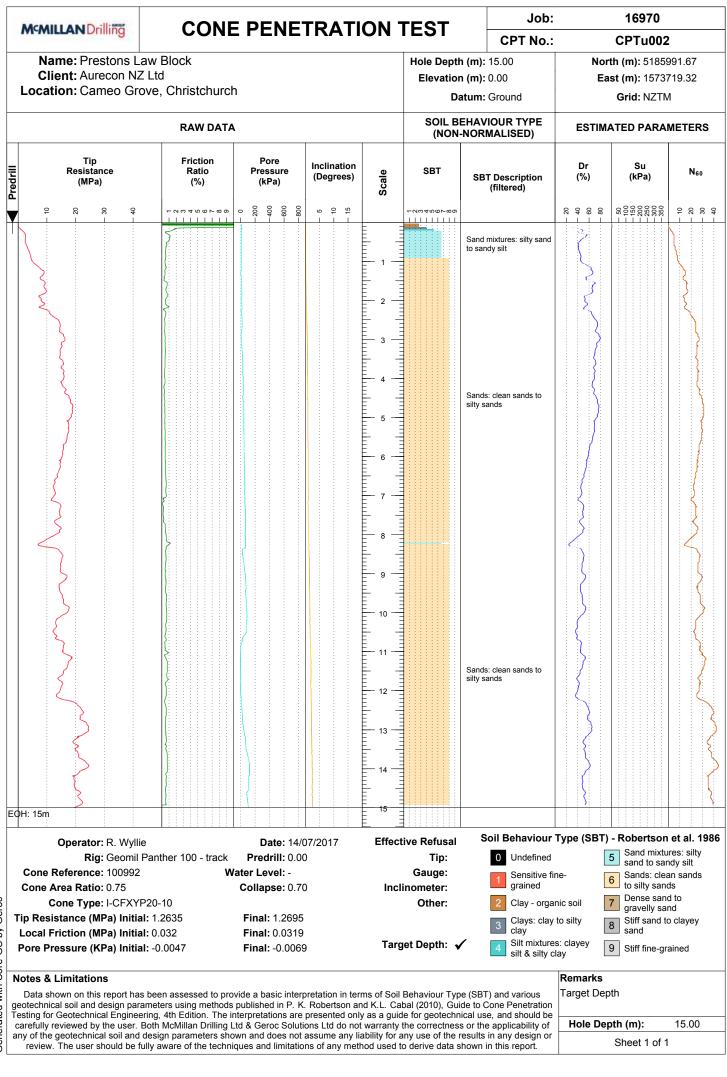


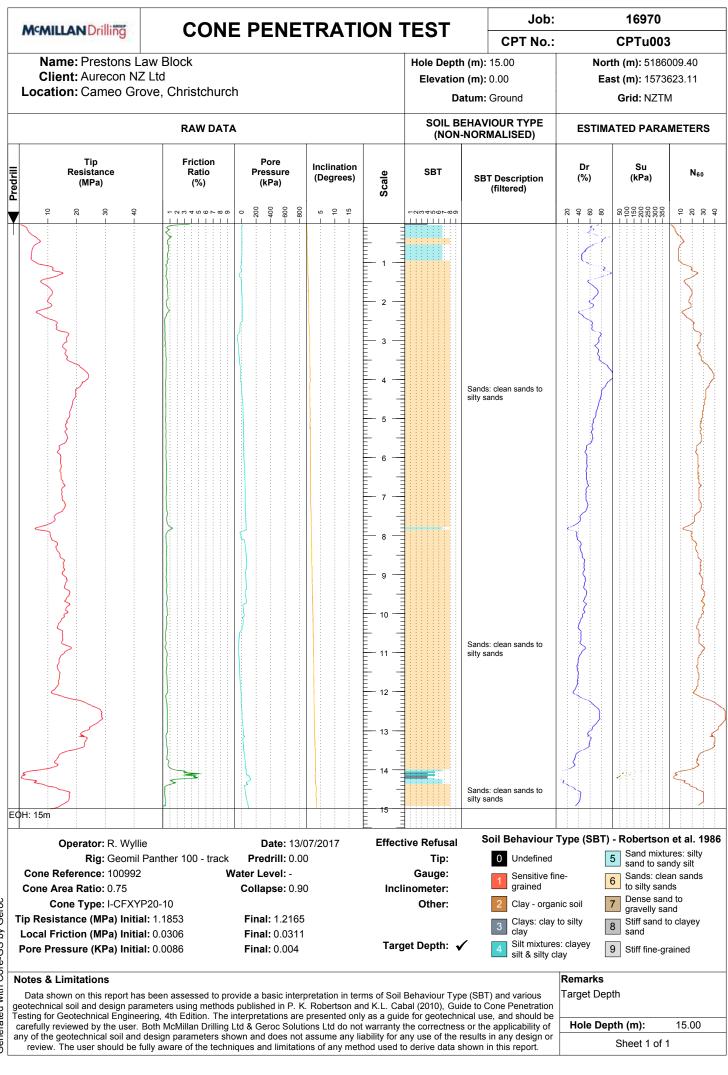
Client: Aurecon NZ Ltd

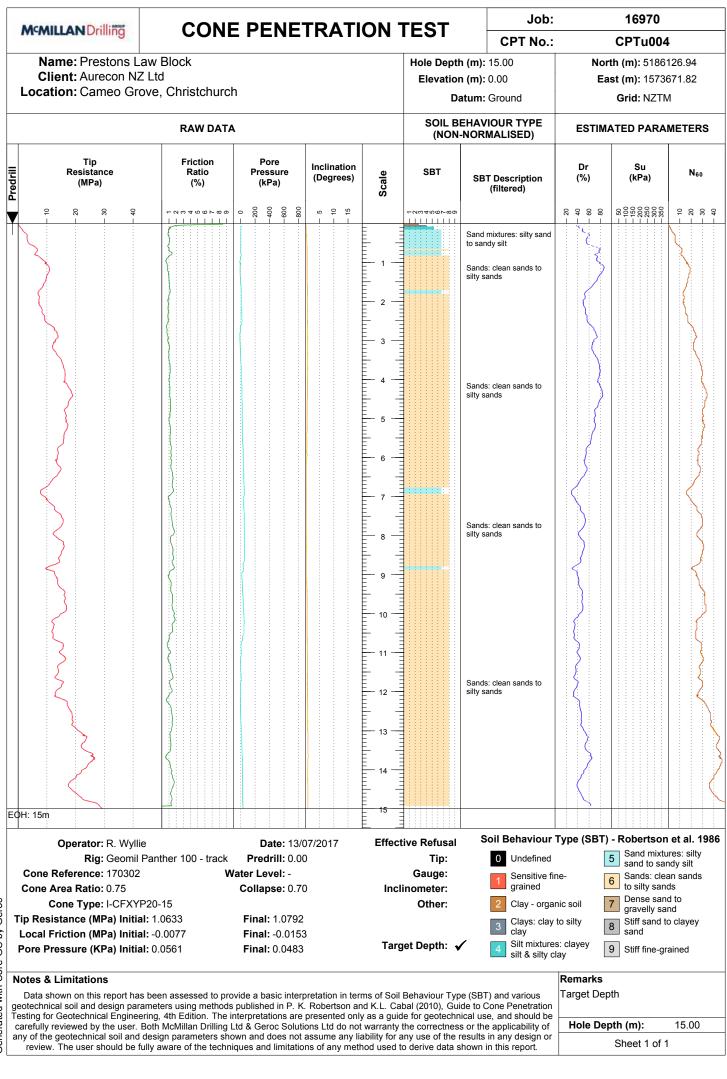
Location: Prestons Law Block Cameo Grove, Christchurch

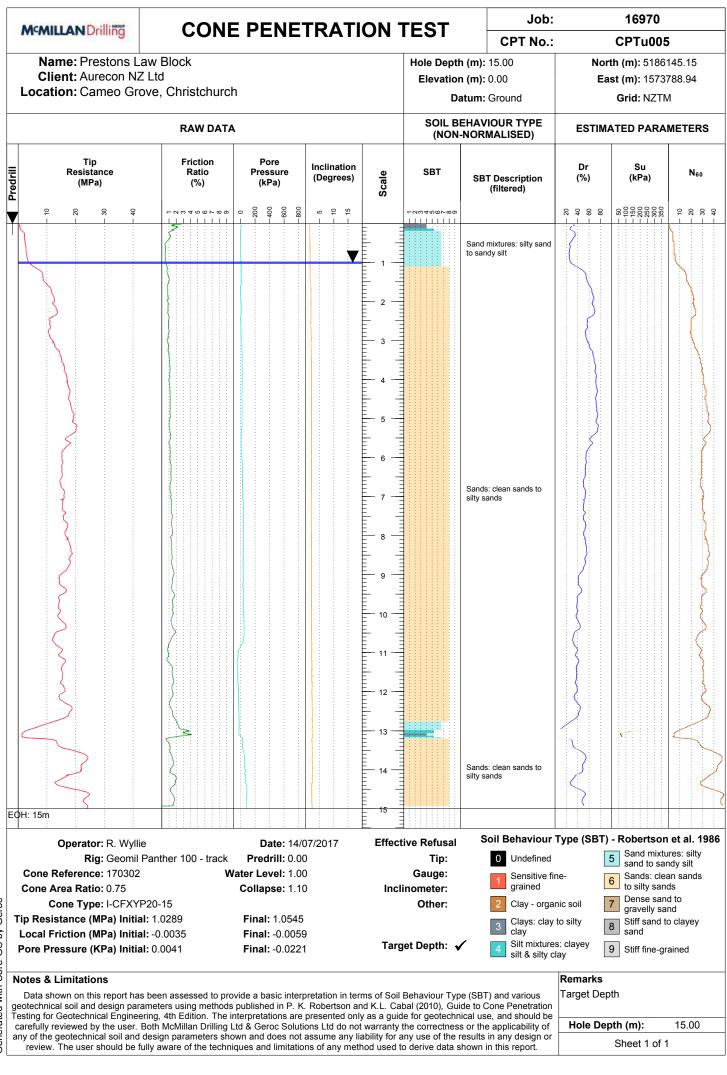
Printed: 17/07/2017

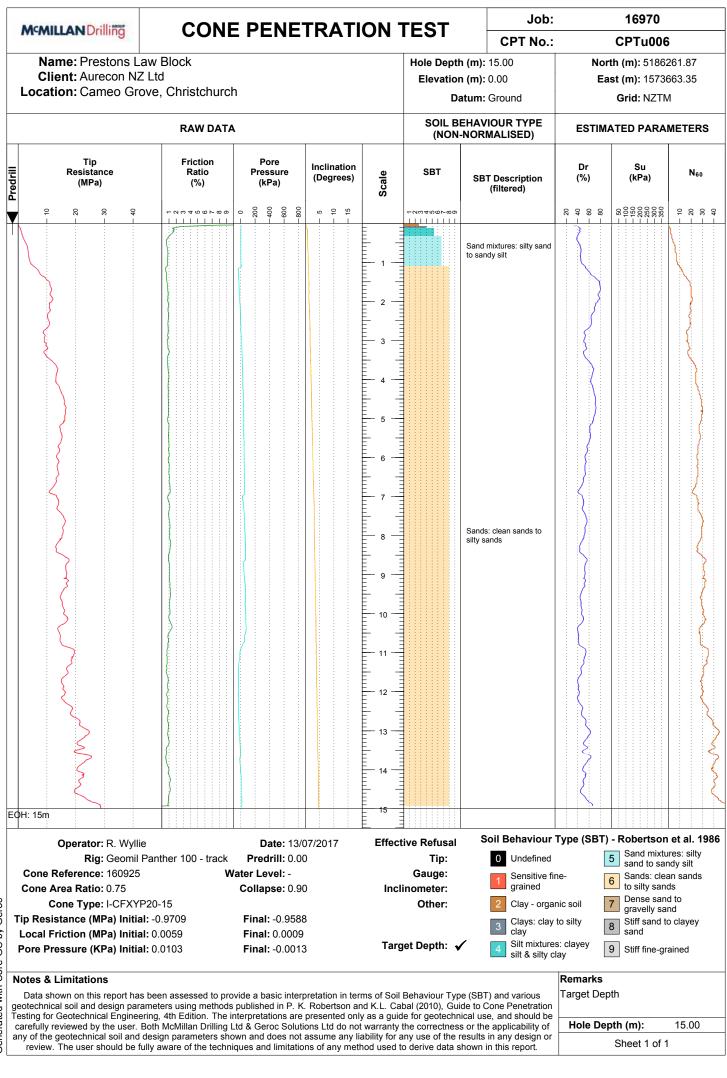












### **TEST DETAIL**

PointID:	CPTu001		
Sounding:	1		
-	Operator: R. Wyllie	Date: 14/07/2017	Effective Refusal
	Cone Reference: 160925	Predrill: 0.00	Tip:
	Cone Area Ratio: 0.75	Water Level: -	Gauge:
	Cone Type: I-CFXYP20-15	Collapse: 0.20	Inclinometer:
			Other:
	Tip Resistance (MPa) Initial: -0.9188	Final: -0.908	
	Local Friction (MPa) Initial: 0.0069	Final: 0.0007	
	Pore Pressure (kPa) Initial: -0.0117	Final: -0.0112	Target Depth: 🗸
PointID:	CPTu002		
Sounding:	2		
	Operator: R. Wyllie	Date: 14/07/2017	Effective Refusal
	Cone Reference: 100992	Predrill: 0.00	Tip:
	Cone Area Ratio: 0.75	Water Level: -	Gauge:
	Cone Type: I-CFXYP20-10	Collapse: 0.70	Inclinometer:
			Other:
	Tip Resistance (MPa) Initial: 1.2635	Final: 1.2695	
	Local Friction (MPa) Initial: 0.032	Final: 0.0319	
	Pore Pressure (kPa) Initial: -0.0047	Final: -0.0069	Target Depth: 🗸
PointID:	CPTu003		
Sounding:	3		
	<b>Operator:</b> R. Wyllie	Date: 13/07/2017	Effective Refusal
	Cone Reference: 100992	Predrill: 0.00	Tip:
	Cone Area Ratio: 0.75	Water Level: -	Gauge:
	Cone Type: I-CFXYP20-10	<b>Collapse:</b> 0.90	Inclinometer: Other:
	Tip Resistance (MPa) Initial: 1.1853	Final: 1.2165	
	Local Friction (MPa) Initial: 0.0306	Final: 0.0311	
	Pore Pressure (kPa) Initial: 0.0086	Final: 0.004	Target Depth: 🗸
PointID:	CPTu004		
Sounding:	4		
	Operator: R. Wyllie	Date: 13/07/2017	Effective Refusal
	Cone Reference: 170302	Predrill: 0.00	Tip:
	Cone Area Ratio: 0.75	Water Level: -	Gauge:
	Cone Type: I-CFXYP20-15	<b>Collapse:</b> 0.70	Inclinometer: Other:
	Tip Resistance (MPa) Initial: 1.0633	Final: 1.0792	other.
	Local Friction (MPa) Initial: -0.0077	Final: -0.0153	
	Pore Pressure (kPa) Initial: 0.0561	Final: 0.0483	Target Depth: 🗸
PointID:	CPTu005		
Sounding:	5		
-	Operator: R. Wyllie	Date: 14/07/2017	Effective Refusal
	Cone Reference: 170302	Predrill: 0.00	Tip:
	Cone Area Ratio: 0.75	Water Level: 1.00	Gauge:
	Cone Type: I-CFXYP20-15	<b>Collapse:</b> 1.10	Inclinometer:
	Tip Resistance (MPa) Initial: 1.0289	Final: 1.0545	Other:
	Local Friction (MPa) Initial: -0.0035	Final: -0.0059	
	Pore Pressure (kPa) Initial: 0.0041	Final: -0.0221	Target Depth: 🗸
		- man -0.022 i	

# Mc MILLAN Drilling

### **TEST DETAIL**

	Cone Area Ratio: 0.75	Water Level: -	Gauge:
	Cone Reference: 160925	Predrill: 0.00	Tip:
	Operator: R. Wyllie	Date: 13/07/2017	Effective Refusal
Sounding:	6		
PointID:	CPTu006		

Tip Resistance (MPa) Initial: -0.9709 Local Friction (MPa) Initial: 0.0059 Pore Pressure (kPa) Initial: 0.0103

Cone Type: I-CFXYP20-15

Collapse: 0.90 Final: -0.9588

Final: 0.0009

Final: -0.0013

Inclinometer: Other:

Target Depth: 🗸



### CPT CALIBRATION AND TECHNICAL NOTES

These notes describe the technical specifications and associated calibration references pertaining to the following cone types:

- I-CFXY-10 measuring cone resistance, sleeve friction and inclination (standard cone, 10cm<sup>2</sup>);
- I-CFXY-15 measuring cone resistance, sleeve friction and inclination (standard cone, 15cm<sup>2</sup>);
- I-CFXYP20-10 measuring cone resistance, sleeve friction, inclination and pore pressure (piezocone, 10cm<sup>2</sup>);
- I-CFXYP20-15 measuring cone resistance, sleeve friction, inclination and pore pressure (piezocone, 15cm<sup>2</sup>);
- I-C5F0p15XYP20-10 measuring sensitive cone resistance, sleeve friction, inclination and pore pressure (piezocone, 10cm<sup>2</sup>).

#### Dimensions

Dimensional specifications for all cone types are detailed below. All tolerances are routinely checked prior to testing and measurements taken are manually recorded on CPT field sheets. All field sheets are kept on file and available on request.

A.P. van den Berg Machinefabriek tel.: +31 (0)513-631355 info@apvandenberg.com	DEVIATION of Straightness + MINIMUM Dimensions tip, friction jacket, cone add	Standards: EN ISO 22476-1 APB-standard		
Type of cone: <u>ALLOWABLE SIZE VARIATION</u> Diameter of tip: Diameter of centering ring CFP Diameter of friction jacket: Height dimension of tip edge: <u>PRODUCTION DIMENSIONS</u> Tip: Jacket (C-cone): Friction jacket (CF-cone): Tip for used cone: <u>MINIMUM DIMENSIONS</u> Minimum diameter jacket (C-cone): Minimum diameter friction jacket (CF-cone): Use "used cone"-tip when friction jacket diameter: Minimum diameter of cone adaptor: Maximum deviation of straightness:	Icone 10 cm <sup>2</sup> $35,3 \le d1 \le 36,0$ $35,3 \le d1 \le 36,0$ $d_1 \le d_2 < d_1 + 0,35$ $7 \le h_0 \le 10$ $d_1 = 35,7^{0,2}$ $d_2 = 35,7^{0,2}$ $d_2 = 35,9^{0,1}$ $d_1 = 35,5^{0,1}$ $d_2 = 35,2$ (APB standard) $d_2 = 35,3$ $d_2 \le 35,65$ d = 35,3 1 mm on a length of 1000 mm (max. oscillation 1,0 mm.)	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Icone 15 cm <sup>2</sup> $43,2 \le d_1 \le 44,1$ $43,2 \le d_1 \le 44,1$ $d_1 \le d_2 < d_1 + 0,43$ $9 \le h_e \le 12$ $d_1 = 43,8 \stackrel{+0,2}{0}$ $d_2 = 43,7 \stackrel{+0,2}{0}$ $d_2 = 44,0 \stackrel{+0,1}{0}$ $d_1 = 43,5 \stackrel{+0,1}{0}$ $d_2 = 43,0$ (APB standard) $d_2 = 43,2$ $d_2 \le 43,7$ d = 43,8 1 mm on a length of 1000 mm (max. oscillation: 2.0 mm)	482 542 542 542 545 603 61 745 603 745 745 745 745 745 745 745 745
	-		<b>Cone area ratio</b> α = A / B = 0.75 β = 1 - A / B = 0.25	

Generated with Core-GS by Geroc

McMILLAN Drilling

### **CPT CALIBRATION AND TECHNICAL NOTES (cont.)**

#### Calibration

Each cone has a unique identification number that is electronically recorded and reported for each CPT test. The identification number enables the operator to compare 'zero-load offsets' to manufacturer calibrated zero-load offsets.

The recommended maximum zero-load offset for each sensor is determined as  $\pm$  5% of the nominal measuring range.

In addition to maximum zero-load offsets, McMillan Drilling also limits the difference in zero load offset before and after the test as  $\pm 2\%$  of the maximum measuring range. See table below:

	Tip (MPa)	Friction (MPa)	Pore Pressure (MPa)
Maximum Measuring Range:	150	1.50	3.00
Nominal Measuring Range:	75	1.00	2.00
Max. 'zero-load offset':	7.5	0.10	0.20
Max 'before and after test':	3	0.03	0.06

**Note**: The zero offsets are electronically recorded and reported for each test in the same units as that of each sensor.



Supplier:	A.P. v.d. Berg Machinefabriek, Heerenveer	n The Netherlands	
Production-order:	73868		
Client:	Mc Hillan		
Cone-type:			
	I-CFXYP20-10		
Cone-number:	100 992	Required	Checked
'o test / To check i	tem	value	value
Check Quad-ring groov	e behind friction sleeve with check ring;	Sleeve	¥
	every 5 Icones is tested.	fixed	1
Isolation-resistance.		>0.5 GΩ	20,5 GQ
	10 and 15 cm <sup>2</sup> S < 2.2. mm.	S<= 2,2 mm	0,2 mm
At Icone base: S < 0,2			100
"Classic calibration" NC	of present! e: "Classic calibration" removed.	0.K.	8
	cone. Alarm values are set. (Kill Shutdown).	0.K.	8
Software version - che		version:	2.0
	ne; check cone data [F1][F1].	O.K.	
Initial zero-Value Tip a	fter calibration - within 1.0 % of nominal load.	Value:	Ster 2 MPa
Initial zero-Value Loca nominal load.	Friction after calibration – within 1.0% of	Value:	0,9029 MPa
Initial zero-Value Pore nominal load.	Pressure after calibration – within 1.0% of	Value:	-13,4 kPa
Initial zero-Value Incli		Value:	-0,2 0
Initial zero-Value Inclin		Value:	0,0 0
Measurements Tip res		Tested range LF < 10 kPa	0-75Hpa
Influence Tip load on Max, tip load: 5 cm <sup>2</sup> :	Local Friction and Pore Pressure: 55 MPa; 10 cm <sup>2</sup> : 100 MPa; 15 cm <sup>2</sup> : 75 MPa.	PP <1/2% nom	1 upa
Measurements local fr		Tested range:	0-1HPa
Local friction at max.		Tested value:	15 MPa
Measurements Pore P	ressure OK?	Tested range:	Zccolepa
Measure Pore Pressure	e to 150%.	Tested value:	-\$300
Measurements Inclina	tion OK?	Tested range:	±240
NUMPER POST OF ALL OWNER ADDRESS	isconnecting and connecting Icone again?	Yes	8.

R:\E&D\Beproevingsprotocollen\Beproevingsprotocol Icone English version Mc Millan.doc.docx



Supplier:	A.P. v.d. Berg Machinefabriek, Heerenvee	n The Netherlands	
Production-order:	72614		
Client:	Mc Millan		
Cone-type:	I-CFXYP20-15		
Cone-number:	160925		
To test / To check		Required value	Checked value
Check Quad-ring groo	we behind friction sleeve with check ring;	Sleeve	/
Sample testing: 1 o	of every 5 Icones is tested.	fixed	/
Isolation-resistance.		>0.5 GΩ	1.1 GΩ
Straightness: Icone 5, At Icone base: S < 0,	, 10 and 15 cm <sup>2</sup> S < 2.2. mm. 2 mm	S<= 2,2 mm	D.y mm
"Classic calibration" N Check of calibration-fi	OT present! le: "Classic calibration" removed.	О.К.	/
Check alarm-settings	Icone. Alarm values are set. (Kill Shutdown).	0.K.	O.K.
Software version - che	eck at opening screen.	version:	2.0
Calibration date of Ico	one; check cone data [F1][F1].	0.K.	O.K.
Initial zero-Value Tip	after calibration - within 1.0 % of nominal load.	Value:	-0.003 MPa
nominal load.	al Friction after calibration – within 1.0% of	Value:	0,0001 MPa
nominal load.	Pressure after calibration – within 1.0% of	Value:	-1.4 kPa
Initial zero-Value Incl		Value:	-0.2 °
Initial zero-Value Incli		Value:	03 °
Measurements Tip res		Tested range	0 - 75 MPa
집 일이가 가지 않는 것이 같이 많이 많이 잘 하지 하지 않았다.	Local Friction and Pore Pressure:	LF < 10 kPa	4 KPa
Max. up load: 5 cm <sup>-</sup> : Measurements local fr	65 MPa; 10 cm <sup>2</sup> : 100 MPa; 15 cm <sup>2</sup> : 75 MPa.	PP <1/2% nom	OikPa
Local friction at max.		Tested range: Tested value:	0-1 MPa
			1.5 MPa
Measurements Pore P		Tested range:	0-2000 kPa
Measure Pore Pressur		Tested value:	3000 kPa
Measurements Inclina		Tested range:	24-0-+24
Cone recognition on d	lisconnecting and connecting Icone again?	Yes	Yes

Final check: J.W van der Mecr Date: 28-09-16 Sign

# McMILLAN Drilling

Supplier:	A.P. v.d. Berg Machinefabriek, Heerenveer	n The Netherlands								
oduction-order: 74378										
Client:	Mc Millan									
Cone-type:	I-CFXYP20-15									
Cone-number:	170302									
cone-number:	170302	Design de la d	Charland							
To test / To check	item	Required value	Checked value							
Check Quad-ring groov	ve behind friction sleeve with check ring;	Sleeve								
Sample testing: 1 of	f every 5 Icones is tested.	fixed	/							
Isolation-resistance.		>0.5 GΩ	5 ω							
Straightness: Icone 5, At Icone base: S < 0,2	10 and 15 cm <sup>2</sup> S < 2.2. mm.	S<= 2,2 mm	0,35 mm							
"Classic calibration" NC	DT present!	О.К.								
	e: "Classic calibration" removed.	0.1	04							
	cone. Alarm values are set. (Kill Shutdown).	0.K.	OK							
Software version - che		version: O.K.	2.0 OK							
	Calibration date of Icone; check cone data [F1][F1].									
	fter calibration – within 1.0 % of nominal load.	Value:	0,007 MPa							
Initial zero-Value Local nominal load.	Friction after calibration – within 1.0% of	Value:	-9,002 MPa							
Initial zero-Value Pore nominal load.	Pressure after calibration – within 1.0% of	Value:	0,2 kPa							
Initial zero-Value Incli	nation X1°< X <+1°	Value:	0,2 0							
Initial zero-Value Inclin	$-1^{\circ} < Y < +1^{\circ}$	Value:	0,4 0							
Measurements Tip resi	stance OK?	Tested range	0-75 Mph							
	ocal Friction and Pore Pressure:	LF < 10 kPa	0,8 109							
Max. tip load: 5 cm <sup>2</sup> : 6	5 MPa; 10 cm <sup>2</sup> : 100 MPa; 15 cm <sup>2</sup> : 75 MPa.	PP <1/2% nom	2 /0							
Measurements local fri	ction OK?	Tested range:	0-1 MpA							
Local friction at max, lo	pad.	Tested value:	1,5 Mpa							
Measurements Pore Pr	essure OK?	Tested range:	0-2000 KpA							
Measure Pore Pressure	to 150%.	Tested value:	3000 KpA							
Measurements Inclinat	ion OK?	Tested range:	24-0-24							
Cone recognition on di	sconnecting and connecting Icone again?	Yes	OK							
Remarks:										

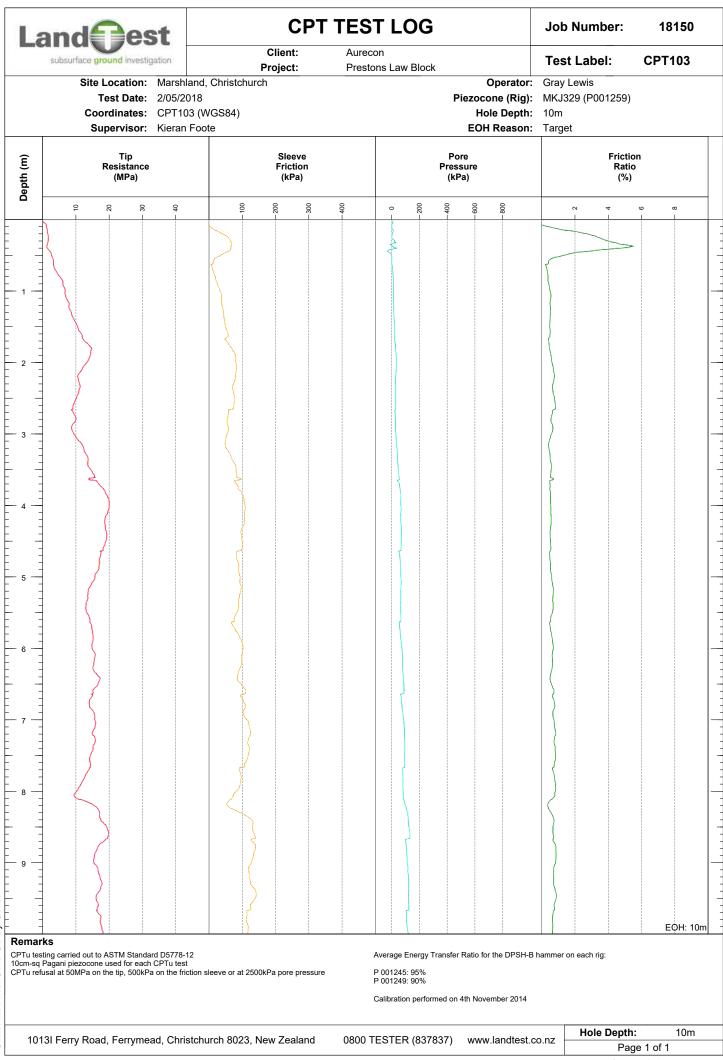
Calibrated by: C. J. Ouwegen	Date:02/03/2017	Sign.:
Final check: J.W. van der Meer	Date:02/03/2014	Sign.:

# McMILLAN Drilling

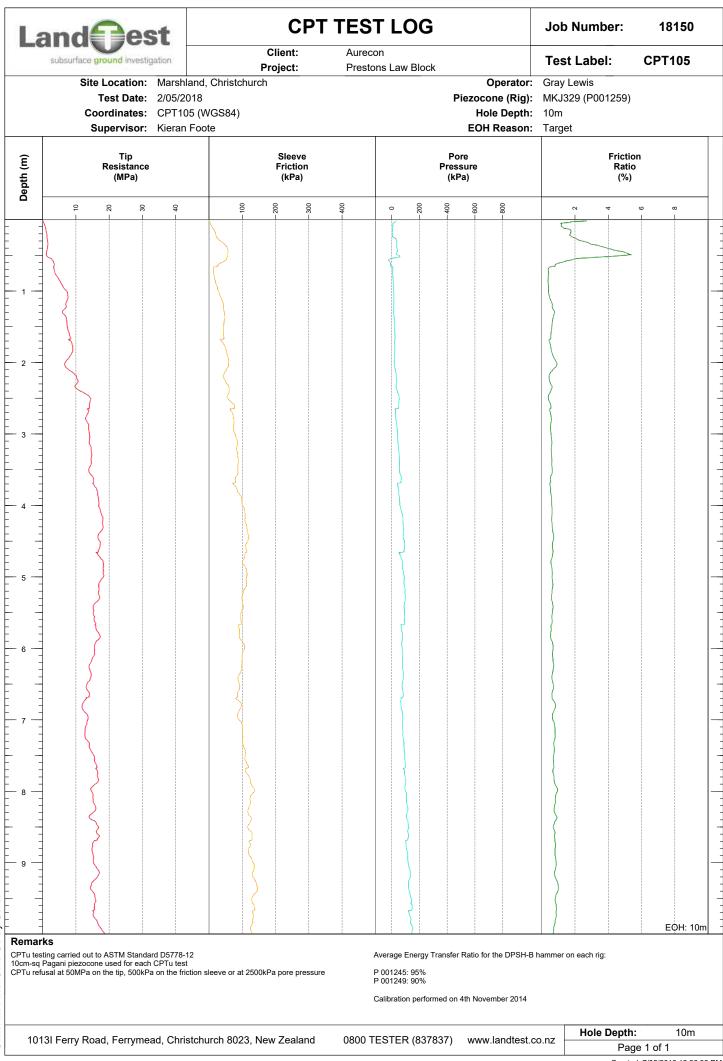
# Appendix C 2018 CPT Logs

Land est subsurface ground investigation		st	CPT TEST LOG							Job Nu	mber:	181	150
				Client: roject:		recon estons Law Blo	ock			Test Label: CI		CPT1	PT101
	Site Location: Test Date: Coordinates: Supervisor:	2/05/2018 CPT101 (V	, Christchurch VGS84)					Piezoco Hol	Dperator: ne (Rig): e Depth: Reason:	MKJ329 (P001259) 10m			
Depth (m)	Tip Resistance (MPa)			Sleeve Friction (kPa)			Pres	ore sure Pa)			Frictic Ratic (%)	)	
	30 50 20	1 40	100	- 200	- 400	- 0	- 400	- 600	- 800	- 2	4	ۍ م ا	>
												FC	DH: 10m
0cm-sq Pagani pi	d out to ASTM Standa zocone used for each MPa on the tip, 500kP	n CPTu test	sleeve or at 2500k	Pa pore press	sure	Average Energ P 001245: 95% P 001249: 90% Calibration per	6			hammer on eac	h rig:		
											ole Depth		10m

	and es	st		СРТ	TES	ST LO	DG			Job Numbe	er:	18150	)
	subsurface ground investig			lient: oject:	Aure	con tons Law	Block			Test Label:		CPT102	
	Site Location: Test Date: Coordinates: Supervisor:	1/05/201 CPT102	nd, Christchurch 8 (WGS84)	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>				Piezoc Ho	one (Rig):	10m	259)		
Depth (m)	Tip Resistance (MPa)			Sleeve Friction (kPa)				Pore ressure (kPa)		F	Friction Ratio (%)		
	20	- 40	- 100	- 300	- 400	0		- 600	- 800	2 4	9	∞ 	
- 2		rd D5778-12					nerov Tran	sfer Ratio fa	r the DPSH-B		~	ЕФН: 1	
CPTutes 10cm-sq CPTurefi	sting carried out to ASTM Standa Pagani piezocone used for each usal at 50MPa on the tip, 500kPa	rd נישי //8-12 CPTu test a on the frictic	n sleeve or at 2500kPa	pore pressure	•	P 001245: P 001249:	95% 90%		ember 2014	hammer on each rig:			
101	13I Ferry Road, Ferryme	ad, Christo	hurch 8023, New	Zealand	0800	TESTER	(837837	7) www	v.landtest.c	o.nz	epth: Page	10m 1 of 1	1

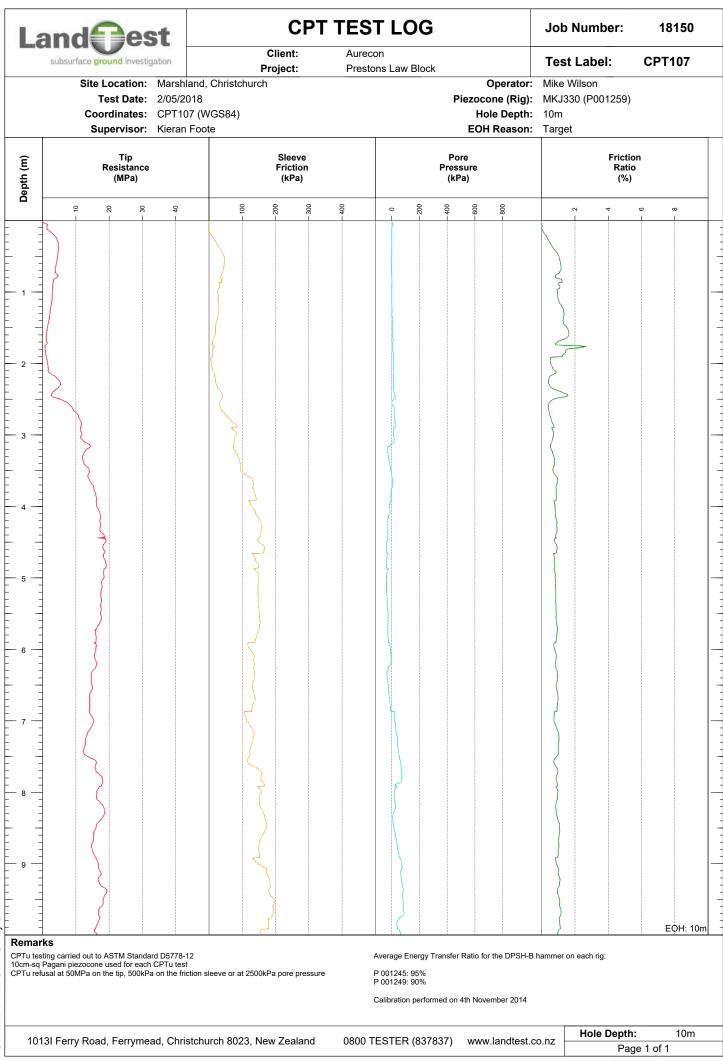


L	and	st		CP	T TES	ST LOO	G		Jo	b Number:	18150
	subsurface ground investig		Client: Aurecon Project: Prestons Law Block						Те	st Label:	CPT104
	Site Location: Test Date: Coordinates: Supervisor:	4/05/2018 CPT104	d, Christchurc 3 (WGS84)	-				Operato Piezocone (Rig Hole Dept EOH Reaso	<b>j):</b> MK. <b>h:</b> 10m	J329 (P001259 า	)
Depth (m)	Tip Resistance (MPa)			Sleeve Friction (kPa)			Pres	ore ssure Pa)		Frict Rat (%	tio
Q	30 50 10	- 40	- 100	- 200		200	- 400	- 600		4 2	ω ω 
2									$\left \right\rangle$		-
3											-
4											-
5 											-
6											-
7											-
											-
·											
9 — - 9 — 											-
			<u> </u>								EOH: 10m
Remar CPTu tes 10cm-sq CPTu ref	rks sting carried out to ASTM Standa Pagani piezocone used for each fusal at 50MPa on the tip, 500kPa	rd D5778-12 CPTu test a on the frictio	n sleeve or at 2500	kPa pore pressu	re	P 001245: 95% P 001249: 90%	6	r Ratio for the DPSł 1 4th November 201		er on each rig:	
101	13I Ferry Road, Ferryme	ad, Christc	hurch 8023, N	ew Zealand	0800	TESTER (83	37837)	www.landtes	t.co.nz	Hole Dept	t <b>h:</b> 10m age 1 of 1



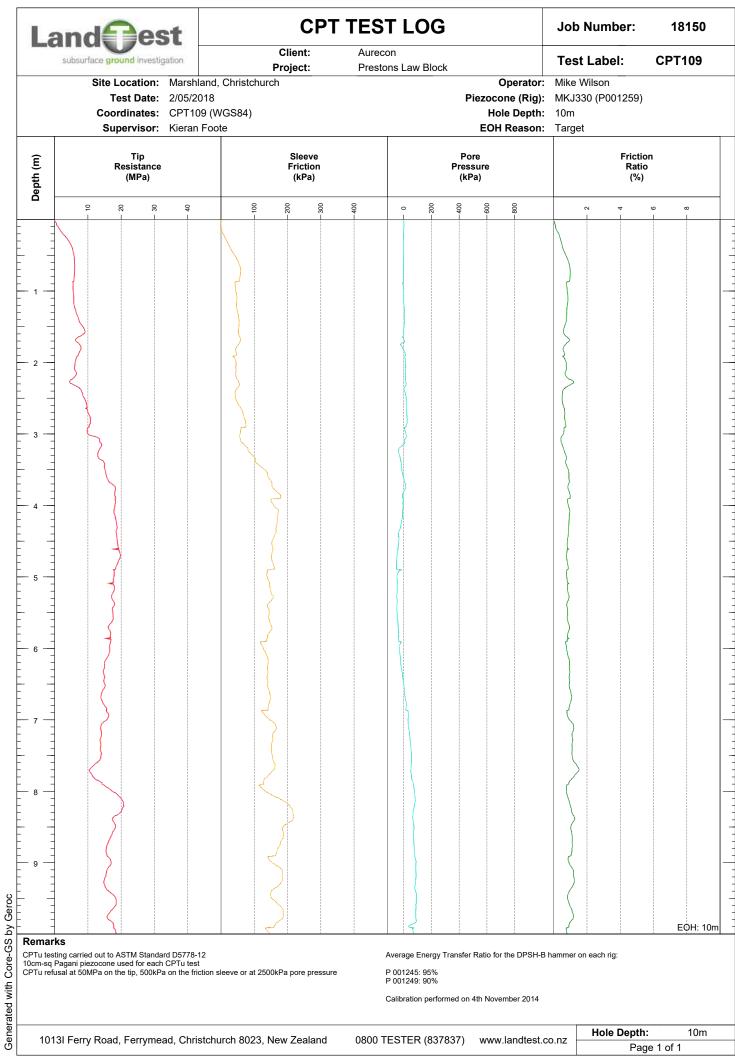
Landest		CPT	T TEST	LOG			Job Number:	18150	
	urface ground investigation	Client: Project:	Aurecon Prestons	Law Block		1	Fest Label:	CPT106	
	Site Location:         Marshlar           Test Date:         4/05/201           Coordinates:         CPT106           Supervisor:         Kieran Fe	d, Christchurch 8 (WGS84)			Piezocone Hole D	(Rig): № epth: 8	Gray Lewis IKJ329 (P001259) .46m nchor Refusal		
Depth (m)	Tip Resistance (MPa)	Sleeve Friction (kPa)		I	Pore Pressure (kPa)		Friction Ratio (%)		
ے ق			- 400	- 200	- 400 - 600 - 800		6 4	φ φ 	
								EOH: 8.46m	
0cm-sq Pagani	ried out to ASTM Standard D5778-12 piezocone used for each CPTu test 50MPa on the tip, 500kPa on the frictio	n sleeve or at 2500kPa pore pressur	e P 00 P 00	1245: 95% 1249: 90%	ansfer Ratio for the ed on 4th Novembe		nmer on each rig:		
	rry Road, Ferrymead, Christo		0800 TES			dtest.co.n	Hole Depth:	8.46m	

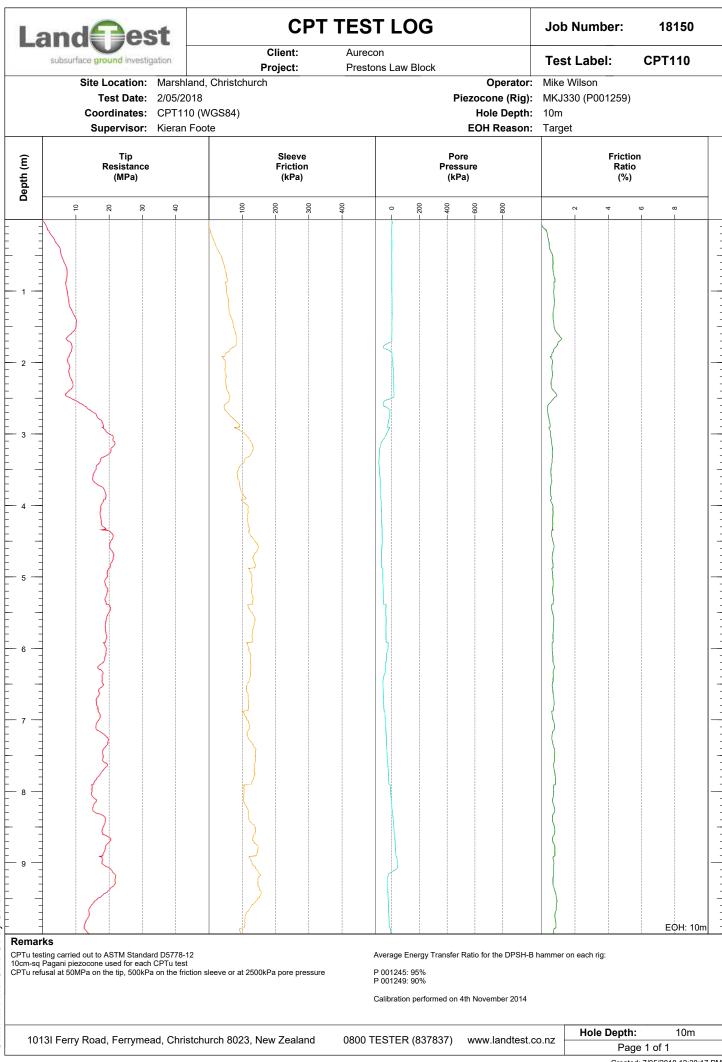
Page 1 of 1



	and es	st		CP	T TES	ST LC	)G			Job Num	ber:	18150	
- Contraction of the contraction	subsurface ground investig			Client: roject:	Aure	econ stons Law I	Block			Test Lab	el:	CPT108	
	Site Location: Test Date: Coordinates: Supervisor:	2/05/201 CPT108	nd, Christchurch 8 (WGS84)					Piezocone Hole I			01259)		
Depth (m)	Tip Resistance (MPa)		Sleeve Friction (kPa)				Pore essure kPa)		Friction Ratio (%)				
ă		- 40	- 100	- 200	- 400	0	- 200 - 400	- 600	3	5	4	ω ∞ 	
- 1	rks	rd D5778-12				Average Er				mmer on each ri	g:	EQH: 10m	
CPTu ref	Pagani piezocone used for each fusal at 50MPa on the tip, 500kPa	a on the frictio	n sleeve or at 2500k	Pa pore pressu	re	P 001245: 9 P 001249: 9 Calibration	90%	on 4th Novembe	er 2014				
101	13I Ferry Road, Ferrymea	ad, Christo	hurch 8023, Ne	ew Zealand	0800	TESTER	(837837)	) www.lar	ndtest.co.	nz Hole	<b>Depth:</b> Page	10m e 1 of 1	

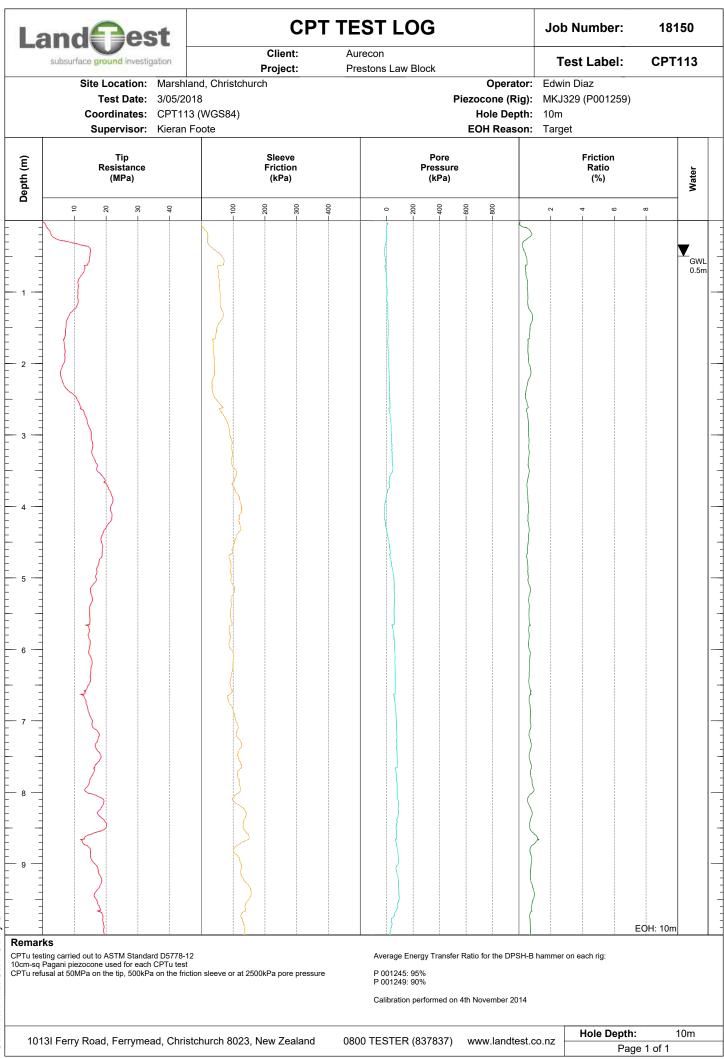
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	and	st	CF	PT TES	ST LOG		Job Number:	18150	
a diam'	subsurface ground investig		Client: Project:	Aure	con tons Law Block		Test Label:	CPT111	
	Site Location: Test Date: Coordinates: Supervisor:	3/05/20 CPT11	and, Christchurch 18 1 (WGS84)			Operator:			
Depth (m)	Tip Resistance (MPa)		Sleeve Friction (kPa)			Pore Pressure (kPa)	Friction Ratio (%)		
ă		- 40	- 100	- 400	- 200	400 - 800	0 4	ω ω 	
10cm-se	rks	rd D5778-11 CPTu test			Average Energy Tr P 001245: 95% P 001249: 90%	ansfer Ratio for the DPSH-B		EQH: 10m	
					Calibration perform	ed on 4th November 2014			
10	013I Ferry Road, Ferryme	ad, Chris	tchurch 8023, New Zealan	d 0800	TESTER (8378	37) www.landtest.c	co.nz Hole Depth	: 10m ge 1 of 1	

Statutica periodi la statutica         Client: Prestatori la vellocit.         Aureion Prestatori la vellocit.         Test Label:         CPT112           Site Location:         Marshind, Christithurch         Operatori:         Edwn Diaz         Edwn Diaz         Edwn Diaz           Coordinates:         CPT112 (WGS04)         Precorent Rijs         Mick2ap (PO1259)         Hole Depth:         Top           Supervisor:         Korran Foole         Porenting         Procent Rijs         Mick2ap (PO1259)         Porenting         Precorent Rijs         Mick2ap (PO1259)           Ggg         Resterna         Porenting	lan	dest	С	PT TE	ST LO	G		Job Number	: 18150		
Site Location:         Marshand, Chisterburch         Opprator:         Edwn Diaz:         The composition of the composition			Client:			lock		Test Label:	CPT112		
g         (MPa)         (Pa)         (Pa)         (Pa)         (Pa)         (Pa)           1		Test Date: 3/0 Coordinates: CP	rshland, Christchurch 5/2018 T112 (WGS84)		MKJ329 (P001259) 10m						
P       R       R       R       R	pth (m)	Tip Resistance (MPa)	Frictio	n		Pres	sure	Ratio			
Image: set of the State of			- 40	- 300	0	- 400	- 800	0 4	φ ∞ 		
Lemarks       PTu testing carried out to ASTM Standard D5778-12       Average Energy Transfer Ratio for the DPSH-B hammer on each rig:         Dcm-sq Pagani piezocone used for each CPTu test       P 001245: 95%         PTu refusal at 50MPa on the tip, 500kPa on the friction sleeve or at 2500kPa pore pressure       P 001245: 95%	4								ECH: 10r		
P 001249: 90%	'Tu testing carri cm-sq Pagani p	eiezocone used for each CPTu	i test	essure	P 001245: 95	%	r Ratio for the DPSH-B	hammer on each rig:			
		•			P 001249: 90	%	4th November 2014				



	andees	t		СРТ	TES	T LOG		Job Number:	18150	
	subsurface ground investig			lient: oject:	Aureo	on ons Law Block		Test Label:	CPT114	
	Site Location: Test Date: Coordinates: Supervisor:	3/05/20 <sup>7</sup> CPT114	nd, Christchurch 18 (WGS84)						)	
Depth (m)	Tip Resistance (MPa)		Sleeve Friction (kPa)				Pore ressure (kPa)	Friction Ratio (%)		
	- 10	- 40	- 100			- 200		0 4	φ φ 	
10cm-sq		d D5778-12 CPTu test				Average Energy Tran P 001245: 95%	sfer Ratio for the DPSH-B		EQH: 10m	
						P 001249: 90% Calibration performed	l on 4th November 2014			
101	13I Ferry Road, Ferrymea	ad, Christ	church 8023, New	v Zealand	0800	TESTER (83783)	7) www.landtest.c	co.nz Hole Dept	h: 10m age 1 of 1	

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Appendix D 2018 Borehole Logs (Aurecon)

6	JUI	<b>'e</b>	C	0		1		BC	RE	HO	LEF	REC	OR	D	HOLE NO.	BH101	
	w.aurecon	group.	0.00												PROJECT NO.	235361-070	
PROJEC <sup>-</sup>	Law E Presto		outh	Su	bdiv	visio	n										
METHOD	Boreh	ole									•	TM)		SI	HEET 1	of <b>1</b>	
MACHINE	E & NO.							E 1573625						ATE from 10/05/2018 to 10/05/2018			
FLUSHIN	G MEDIL	M						(	ORIEN		VER	FICAL		G	ROUND-LEVEL +	<b>12.92</b> m RL	
Drilling Progress Casing	Water level (m shift start/ end	Water Recovery % Total core	Recovery %	Recovery %	R.Q.D.	Fracture Index	Tests							STRATA DES ORDINATE FRACTION, MAJOR FRAG STRUCTURE, STRENGTH, I GRADING, BEDDING, P Z GEOTECHNICAL SOCIETY - FIELD L	CTION, MINOR FRACTION, COLOUR, MOISTURE CONDITION LASTICITY, ETC		
			30					BH	Ref Depth 0.00		0.10	<u>,                                    </u>	∖plastic Fine t	y fine to medium SAND; dark brown. Moist; silt, low sticity. (TOPSOIL) e to coarse SAND with minor silt; light brown. Moist 0m Becomes with trace silt.			
			<b>9</b> 9						- 1.00				1.00m	n Beo	comes light greyish bro	wn.	
								вн					1.50m	1.50m Becomes grey, wet.			
			99						- 2.50				2.40m browr	า - 2. า. Sa	50m Becomes with solution to be a solution of the solution of	me organic silt; dark slightly odorous.	
								BH	- 4.00								
								BH									
			00						- 5.50								
								ВН									
			00						- 7.00								
								BH	- 8.50								
									<del>- 10.00</del>	+2.92	 <u></u>				nd of Borehole at 10.00 prmination Reason: Targ		
Small Dis	turbed Sam			Wa	ter I	evel					-		REMA		S		
Large Dis	Large Disturbed Sample Impression Packer Test SPT Liner Sample Standard Penetration Tes						LOGGED <u>C. WILSON</u>					Groundwater level not recorded at time of drilling.					
Thin Wall U100 Und	Thin Wall Undisturbed Sample U100 Undisturbed Sample ↓ Standard Perevaluation res Permeability Test ↓ Prevaluation res ↑ Permeability Test				DATE <u>10/05/2018</u> Coord Elevat					Coordinates taken from site survey, likely accurate to +/-5m. Elevation taken from site survey, likely accurate to +/-200mm.							
-	Pocket Penetrometer Test Packer Test Piston Sample Vin-situ Vane Shear Test																

Ċ	lur	'e	C	C		1		BO	RE	HO	LEF	REC	ORI	D HOLE NO.	BH102
100	v.aurecon	group	.con	1.00			-							PROJECT NO.	235361-070
PROJECT	Law B Presto			h Sı	ıbdi	visio	on								
METHOD	Boreh	ole						C			ES (NZ	TM)		SHEET 1	of <b>1</b>
MACHINE	& NO.							E 1573848						DATE from <b>10/05/2018</b>	to <b>10/05/2018</b>
FLUSHING	6 MEDIU	М						C	ORIEN	ΓΑΤΙΟΝ	VER	<b>FICAL</b>		GROUND-LEVEL +	12.03 m RL
Drilling Progress Casing depth/size	Progress Progress Mater Mat						Tests		ege   E Y					STRATA DES SUBORDINATE FRACTION, MAJOR FRAC STRUCTURE, STRENGTH, M GRADING, BEDDING, PI (NZ GEOTECHNICAL SOCIETY - FIELD D	TION, MINOR FRACTION, COLOUR IOISTURE CONDITION
			80						Ref Depth 0.00	+11.73	0.00	<u><u>x</u><sup>1</sup> 1<sub>y</sub>. <u>x</u>(1)</u>	to me	/ SILT; dark brown. Moist, lo dium. (TOPSOIL)	
								BH					Fine to	o coarse SAND with trace s	silt; light brown. Moist.
			100						- 1.00		-		1.00m	n Becomes light brownish g	rey.
								BH				· · · ·	1.40m	n Becomes grey, wet.	
											E				
			100						- 2.50				2.20m Becomes saturated.		
								вн			-				
									4.00						
			100						- 4.00						
								BH							
											<u>-</u> -				
			100						- 5.50						
								BH							
									- 7.00						
								Ī					plastic		ne silt lenses; grey. Lo
								BH			E F		/.40m	Becomes with minor silt.	
			100						- 8.50		E		8.50m	Becomes with trace silt.	
								BH			E F				
								<u>  ↓</u>		+2.03	- <u>10.00</u>			End of Borehole at 10.00 <i>Termination Reason:</i> Targ	
Small Distu Large Distu	•		1	w.			Packer Test		LOGG	ED <b>C</b> .	WILSO	N	REMA		ime of drilling
SPT Liner Sample   Standard Penetration Test				Fest G					<ul> <li>Groundwater level not recorded at time of drilling.</li> <li>Coordinates taken from site survey, likely accurate to +/-5m.</li> </ul>						
U100 Undis	Thin Wall Undisturbed Sample ⊥ Permeability Test U100 Undisturbed Sample 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			Elev					Elevation taken from site survey, likely accurate to +/-200mm.						
Pocket Pen Piston Sam	Pocket Penetrometer Test Packer Test				Shear Test										

# NZ GEOTECHNICAL SOCIETY INC ROCK > field quide sheet FIELD DESCRIPTION OF ROCK

#### SEQUENCE OF TERMS - weathering - colour - fabric - rock name - strength - discontinuities - additional

#### SCALE OF ROCK MASS WEATHERING

Term	Grade	Abbreviation	Description
Unweathered (fresh rock)	I	UW	Rock mass shows no loss of strength, discolouration or other effects due to weathering. There may be slight discolouration on major rock mass defect surfaces or on clasts.
Slightly Weathered	I	SW	The rock mass is not significantly weaker than when fresh. Rock may be discoloured along defects, some of which may have been opened slightly.
Moderately Weathered	III	MW	The rock mass is significantly weaker than the fresh rock and part of the rock mass may have been changed to a soil. Rock material may be discoloured and defect and clast surfaces will have a greater discolouration, which also penetrates slightly into the rock material. Increase in density of defects due to physical disintegration.
Highly Weathered	IV	HW	Most of the original rock mass strength is lost. Material is discoloured and more than half the mass is changed to a soil by chemical decomposition or disintegration (increase in density of defects/fractures). Decomposition adjacent to defects and at the surface of clasts penetrates deeply into the rock material. Lithorelicts or corestones of unweathered or slightly weathered rock may be present.
Completely Weathered	V	CW	Original rock strength is lost and the rock mass changed to a soil either by decomposition (with some rock fabric preserved) or by physical disintegration.
Residual Soil	VI	RS	Rock is completely changed to a soil with the original fabric destroyed (pedological soil).

#### **ROCK STRENGTH TERMS**

Term	Field Identification of Specimen	Unconfined uniaxial compressive strength q <sub>u</sub> (MPa)	Point load strength I <sub>s(50)</sub> (MPa)
Extremely strong	Can only be chipped with geological hammer	> 250	>10
Very strong	Requires many blows of geological hammer to break it	100 – 250	5 – 10
Strong	Requires more than one blow of geological hammer to fracture it	50 – 100	2 – 5
Moderately strong	Cannot be scraped or peeled with a pocket knife. Can be fractured with single firm blow of geological hammer	20 – 50	1 – 2
Weak	Can be peeled by a pocket knife with difficulty. Shallow indentations made by firm blow with point of geological hammer	5 – 20	
Very weak	Crumbles under firm blows with point of geological hammer. Can be peeled by a pocket knife	1 – 5	<1
Extremely weak (soil description required)	Indented by thumb nail or other lesser strength terms used for soils	<1	
Note: • No correlation is implie	d between a land l		

| Note:  $\bullet$  No correlation is implied between  $\textbf{q}_{u}$  and  $\textbf{I}_{s(50)}$ 

SPACING OF DEFECTS/ D	ISCONTINUITIES
Term	Spacing
Very widely spaced	>2 m
Widely spaced	600 mm – 2 m
Moderately widely spaced	200 mm – 600 mm
Closely spaced	60 mm – 200 mm
Very closely spaced	20 mm – 60 mm
Extremely closely spaced	<20 mm

#### APERTURE OF DISCONTINUITY SURFACES

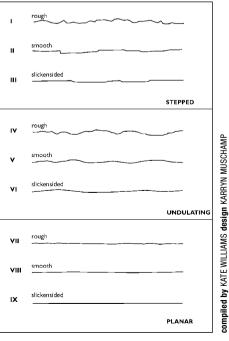
Term	Aperture (mm)	Description
Tight	Nil	Closed
Very Narrow	> 0 - 2	
Narrow	2-6	
Moderately Narrow	6 – 20	Gapped
Moderately Wide	20 – 60	Open
Wide	60 – 200	
Very Wide	> 200	

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#### **BEDDING THICKNESS TERMS**

Term	Bed Thickness
Thinly laminated	< 2 mm
Laminated	2 mm - 6 mm
Very thin	6 mm - 20 mm
Thin	20 mm - 60 mm
Moderately thin	60 mm - 200 mm
Moderately thick	0.2 m - 0.6 m
Thick	0.6 m - 2 m
Very thick	> 2 m
BEDDING INCLINA	TION TERMS
Term	Inclination (from horizontal)
Sub-horizontal	$0^{\circ} - 5^{\circ}$
Gently inclined	6° – 15°
Moderately inclined	16° – 30°
Steeply inclined	31° – 60°
Very steeply inclined	61° – 80°
Sub-vertical	81° – 90°

#### **ROUGHNESS AND APERTURE**





This field sheet has been taken from and should be used and read with reference to the document FIELD DESCRIPTION OF SOIL AND ROCK. Guideline For the Field Classification and Description of Soil and Rock for Engineering Purposes. NZ Geotechnical Society Inc, December 2005. www.nzgeotechsoc.org.nz

# NZ GEOTECHNICAL SOCIETY INC SOIL > field guide sheet FIELD DESCRIPTION OF SOIL

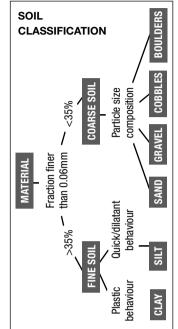
SEQUENCE OF TERMS - fraction - colour - structure - strength - moisture - bedding - plasticity - sensitivity - additional

#### **GRAIN SIZE CRITERIA**

			C	DARSE					FI	NE	ORGANIC
				Gravel			Sand				
ТҮРЕ	Boulders	Cobbles	coarse	medium	fine	coarse	medium	fine	Silt	Clay	Organic Soil
Size Range (mm)	2	00 6	02	06	6 2	2 0	.6 0.	2 0	.06 0.0	1 002	
Graphic Symbol				398	388 388	••••			× × × × × × × × × × × ×		$\begin{array}{c} \overline{} \overline{}$

#### **PROPORTIONAL TERMS DEFINITION (COARSE SOILS)**

		,			
Fraction	Term	% of Soil Mass	Example		
Major	() [UPPER CASE]	$\geq$ 50 [major constituent]	GRAVEL		
Subordinate	() y [lower case]	20 – 50	Sandy		
Minor	with some … with minor …	12 – 20 5 – 12	with some sand with minor sand		
	with trace of (or slightly)	< 5	with trace of sand (slightly sandy)		



#### DENSITY INDEX (RELATIVE DENSITY) TERMS

Descriptive Term	Density Index (R <sub>D</sub> )	SPT "N" value (blows / 300 mm)	Dynamic Cone (blows / 100 mm)		
Very dense	> 85	> 50	> 17		
Dense	65 – 85	30 – 50	7 – 17		
Medium dense	35 – 65	10 – 30	3 – 7		
Loose	15 – 35	4 – 10	1 – 3		
Very loose	< 15	< 4	0 – 2		
Note:      No correlation is implied between Standard Penetration Test (SPT) and Dynamic Cone Test values.     SPT "N" values are uncorrected.     Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (Scala)					

#### **ORGANIC SOILS/ DESCRIPTORS**

Term	Description
Topsoil	Surficial organic soil layer that may contain living matter. However topsoil may occur at greater depth, having been buried by geological processes or man- made fill, and should then be termed a buried topsoil.
Organic clay, silt or sand	Contains finely divided organic matter; may have distinctive smell; may stain; may oxidise rapidly. Describe as for inorganic soils.
Peat	Consists predominantly of plant remains. <i>Firm</i> : Fibres already compressed together <i>Spongy</i> : Very compressible and open stucture <i>Plastic</i> : Can be moulded in hand and smears in fingers <i>Fibrous</i> : Plant remains recognisable and retain some strength <i>Amorphous</i> : No recognisable plant remains
Roolets	Fine, partly decomposed roots, normally found in the upper part of a soil profile or in a redeposited soil (e.g. colluvium or fill)
Carbonaceous	Discrete particles of hardened (carbonised) plant material.

#### PLASTICITY (CLAYS & SILTS)

Term		Description
High plasticit	y	Can be moulded or deformed over a wide range of moisture contents without cracking or showing any tendency to volume change
Low pla	sticity	When moulded can be crumbled in the fingers; may show quick or dilatant behaviour

### CONSISTENCY TERMS FOR COHESIVE SOILS

		CONESIVE SOIES
Descriptive Term	Undrained Shear Strength (kPa)	Diagnostic Features
Very soft	< 12	Easily exudes between fingers when squeezed
Soft	12 – 25	Easily indented by fingers
Firm	25 - 50	Indented by strong finger pressure and can be indented by thumb pressure
Stiff	50 - 100	Cannot be indented by thumb pressure
Very stiff	100 - 200	Can be indented by thumb nail
Hard	200 - 500	Difficult to indent by thumb nail

#### MOISTURE CONDITION

Condition	Description	Granular Soils	Cohesive Soils	
Dry	Looks and feels dry	Run freely through hands	Hard, powdery or friable	
Moist	Feels cool, darkened in colour	Tend to cohere	Weakened by moisture, but no free water on hands when remoulding	
Wet			Weakened by moisture, free water forms on hands when handling	
Saturated	Feels cool, darkened ir	ool, darkened in colour and free water is present on the sample		

## GRADING (GRAVELS & SANDS)

Term	Description			
Well graded	Good representation of all particle sizes from largest to smallest			
Poorly graded	Limited representation of grain sizes - further divided into:			
	Uniformly graded	Most particles about the same size		
	Gap graded	Absence of one or more intermediate sizes		

#### NZ GEOTECHNICAL SOCIETY INC

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Appendix E 2017 Test Pit Logs (Aurecon)

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TEST PIT NO.

TP1

www.aur	recongroup.com					PROJEC	T NO.	23	5361-091
PROIECT	estons Subdivision - rwood, Christchurch								
METHOD TP		-	CO-ORDINATES E 1573764	(NZTM)		logged J. Martin		CHEC T. PLI	KED JNKET
MACHINE & NC	20T Excavator		N 5185933			DATE		DATE	
CONTRACTOR	KB Contractors L	td.	GROUND LEVEL	+12.22	m RI	13/07/2017		20/07/2017	
Depth	1	S	TRATA					_	S & TESTS
(m) Legend $\underbrace{\underline{s}^{4} \underline{l}_{2}}_{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \underbrace{\underline{s}^{4} \underline{l}_{2}}_{-1$	Fine to coarse SA	ND with minor	Description silt and trace of rootlet	s; dark brow	vn. Moist	. (TOPSOIL)	Depth	No	Remarks/Test
	Fine to coarse SA	ND; light grey.	Moist.						
	1.10 Branch enco	utered.							
	1.60 Becomes blu	ish grey and w	/et. Water seep.						
3.10 · ·		End of Trial <i>Terminatio</i>	l pit/trench at 3.10m, or <i>on Reason:</i> Target dep	n 13/07/201 th reached.	7				
STABILITY: Groundwater se Groundwater se Co-ordinates ar	JPPORT: None	e survey. ity Council Dra	ainage Datum.						
All dimensions	in metres CLIENT	CDL Land N	New Zealand Ltd.			netrometer Test Shear Test	Vater Lev	rel	

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TEST PIT NO.

TP2

PROJECT NO. 235361-091

IETHOD	) TP		CO-ORDINATES (NZTM)		LOGGED		CHEC	KED
	ACHINE & NO. 20T Excavator		E 1573620		J. MARTIN		T. PLI	JNKET
	E & NO.	201 Excavator	N 5185904		DATE		DATE	
ONTRA	CTOR	KB Contractors Ltd.	GROUND LEVEL +12.81	m RL	13/07/2017	20/07/2017		
		ST	RATA			SAM	1PLE	S & TESTS
Depth (m)	Legend		Description			Depth	No	Remarks/Test
	<u><u>x</u><sub>1</sub> <u>y</u> <u>x</u></u>	Fine to coarse SAND with trace o	f roots and rootlets; brown. Dry. (To	OPSO	IL)			
	<u> / \/ //</u>							
0.40	<u>// //</u>	Fine to coarse SAND; light brown	Moist					
		0.50 - 0.90 with minor silt; brown.						
	]							
	· · · ·	100 December linkt mark						
		1.00 Becomes light grey.						
	]· : · :							
		1.50 Becomes light grey mottled I	ight brown.					
	-							
2.10		2.00 Becomes bluish grey and we	ət.					
2.10 2.15 2.20		Silty PEAT; dark brown. Wet, firm	, fibrous, slightly odorous.					
		PEAT; dark brown. Wet, spongey			/			
		Fine to coarse SAND; bluish grey	. wet.					
	<b>¥</b> :							
3.20	<b>▼</b> · ·	End of Trial	pit/trench at 3.20m, on 13/07/2017					
	-	Terminatio	n Reason: Target depth reached.					
	1							
	-							
ENEF	KAL RE	EMARKS						
		PPORT: None						
		ep at 2.5m. ep at 3.2m.						
o-ordina	ates retr	ieved from Google Earth and are	approximate only.					
ievation	i from si	te survey and is based on Christo	hurch City Council Drainage Datu	n.				

 All dimensions in metres
 Insitu Vane Shear Test

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TEST PIT NO.

TP3

PROJECT NO. 235361-091

PROJECT		tons Subdivision - Law Block vood, Christchurch			I			
METHOD	TP		CO-ORDINATES (NZTA	1)	LOGGED		CHEC	CKED
	8 NO	20T Excavator		T. PLUNKET				
MACHINE	α NO.	201 Excavator	N 5185912		DATE		DATE	
CONTRAC	TOR	KB Contractors Ltd.	GROUND LEVEL +13.97	′ m RL	13/07/2017		20/07	
						0.4 M		
Depth		511	RATA			Depth	No No	S & TESTS Remarks/Tests
(m)	Legend	Fine to coarse SAND with trace of	Description silt and rootlets; brown. Dry	. (TOPSOIL)	)	Deptil		Remarks/Tests
-	<u>1/ x1/</u>		, .					
0.30	<u>\\</u>		we do not be all to Balations			_		
-	· · · · ·	Fine to coarse SAND with trace of	roots and rootlets; light bro	wn. woist.				
-	· · · ·							
-		0.65 Becomes light grey.						
-	· · · · · · ·							
-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
	· · · · ·							
-								
-								
_	· · · ·							
	· · · ·	Silty PEAT; dark brown. Moist, fibr	ous, firm, slightly odourous					
		Fine to course SAND; grey. Wet.						
-	· · · ·	2.10 Becomes bluish grey.						
-	· · · ·	2. To Booomoo Blaion groy.						
-	· · · · ·							
-								
_								
-	· · · · ·							
3.20	· · · ·							
-		End of Trial p <i>Termination</i>	bit/trench at 3.20m, on 13/07 Reason: Target depth read	7/2017 hed.				
-			0					
-								
-								
-								
-								
GENER								
SHORIN		PPORT: None						
Groundwa	tor ear	an at 2 fm						
Groundwa Co-ordinat	es and	elevation from site survey.	Defen					
	based	on Christchurch City Council Drair	iage Datum.					
				NN Backet P	anatromator Test	Notes 1	ol	
All dimens	ions ir	metres CLIENT CDL Land Ne	ew Zealand Ltd.		enetrometer Test ne Shear Test	Vater Lev	el	

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## **TEST PIT RECORD**

TEST PIT NO.

TP4

PROJECT NO.

235361-091

METHOD         IP         CO-ORDINATES (N2TM)         J. MARTIN         T. P           MACHINE & NO.         20T Excavator         N 5186075         DATE         DATE         DATE           CONTRACTOR         KB Contractors Ltd.         GROUND LEVEL +12.50         m RL         13/07/2017         20/0	ECKED PLUNKET TE 07/2017
E 1573630       J. MARTIN       T. P         MACHINE & NO. 20T Excavator       N 5186075       DATE       DATE         CONTRACTOR       KB Contractors Ltd.       GROUND LEVEL +12.50       m RL       DATE       DATE          0.00       STRATA       SAMPL         Depth       Legend       Description       Depth       No          10.35       Fine to coarse SAND with minor silt and trace of roots and rootlets; dark brown. Moist. (TOPSOIL)       Depth       No          10.35       SILT with minor sand and trace of roots; light grey mottled orange. Moist, low plasticity; sand, fine to medium.       SILT with minor sand and trace of roots; light grey mottled orange. Moist, low plasticity;       Image: Start	TE
CONTRACTOR     KB Contractors Ltd.     GROUND LEVEL +12.50     m RL     DATE     DATE       13/07/2017     13/07/2017     20/0       Depth     Legend     Description     Depth     No       1/2	
Depth (m)     Legend     Description     Depth     No       0.35	07/2017
Depth (m)     Legend     Depth     Depth       (m)     (M, N,	
Depth (m)     Legend     Depth     No       Image: Constraint of the term of the term of ter	ES & TESTS
Image: Second state of the second s	
0.35 SILT with minor sand and trace of roots; light grey mottled orange. Moist, low plasticity; Sand, fine to medium.	
SILT with minor sand and trace of roots; light grey mottled orange. Moist, low plasticity; sand, fine to medium.	
x  sand, fine to medium.	
1.40 - 1.45 Dark brown. Slightly odorous.	
1.45 Becomes bluish grey and wet.	
x     SILT with trace of organics; dark brown. Wet, low plasticity, slightly odorous.       Fine to coarse SAND; bluish grey. Wet.	
1.45 Becomes bluish grey and wet.         100	
3.10 Find of Trial hit/transh at 2.40m on 42/07/2017	
End of Trial pit/trench at 3.10m, on 13/07/2017 <i>Termination Reason:</i> Target depth reached.	
GENERAL REMARKS	
SHORING/SUPPORT: None STABILITY:	
Groundwater soon at 1.7m	
Groundwater seep at 1.7m. Groundwater seep at 2.5m. Scattered rubbish present at ground surface.	
Co-ordinates and elevation from site survey. Elevation based on Christchurch City Council Drainage Datum.	

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TEST PIT NO.

TP5

PROJECT NO. 2

235361-091

PROJECT	Droc							
	-	tons Subdivision - Law Block vood, Christchurch						
METHOD			CO-ORDINATES (NZTM	)	LOGGED		CHEC	CKED
			E 1573693	/	J. MARTIN		T. PL	UNKET
MACHINE	8 NO.	20T Excavator	N 5186038					
	CTOR	KB Contractors Ltd.	GROUND LEVEL +13.03	m RL	DATE		DATE	
	oron	ND CONTRACTORS Etc.			13/07/2017		20/07	/2017
		S	TRATA			SAM	1PLE	S & TESTS
Depth (m)	Legend		Description			Depth	No	Remarks/Test
		Sandy fine to course GRAVEL v greyish brown. Moist, subround	with trace of roots, rootlets, con	crete and br	ick; dark			
		greyish brown, moist, subround	eu lo subangular, sanu, ime lo	COUISE. (FIL	L)			
0.30		Fine to medium SAND; light bro	wn Moist					
	-:··:							
-								
	-							
-								
	]]	1.00 Becomes dark grey.						
-								
	-							
-	]::::							
-								
	-:··:							
-	]							
-	❣∷∶	2.50 Becomes wet.						
		2.00 20001100 001.						
-								
	]							
-	-							
	- · ː · ː ·							
	-i · i · i							
3.40	]	3.30 Becomes bluish grey.						
	-	End of Tria <i>Terminat</i>	al pit/trench at 3.40m, on 13/07 <i>ion Reason:</i> Target depth reacl	/2017 ned.				
-	-		5					
	1							
-								
GENER	AL RE	EMARKS						
HORIN	IG/SU	PPORT: None						
STABILI	11.							
Co-ordina	ites and	p at 2.5m. I elevation from site survey. on Christchurch City Council Dr	ainage Datum.					
	sions in	CLIENT CDL Land	New Zealand Ltd.		enetrometer Test ne Shear Test	¥ Water Lev	/el	

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	TEST PIT RECORD       TEST PIT NO.       TP6         www.aurecongroup.com       PROJECT NO.       23536				6				
					5361-091				
PROJECT			division - Law Block istchurch						
METHOD	TP			CO-ORDINATES (NZT	M)	OGGED		CHEC	CKED
MACHINE	8 NO	20T Exc.	avator	E 1573781	J.	MARTIN		T. PLI	UNKET
				N 5186023		ATE		DATE	E
CONTRAC	TOR	KB Cont	ractors Ltd.	GROUND LEVEL +12.3	2 <sup>m RL</sup> 1	3/07/2017		20/07	/2017
				STRATA			SAN	/IPLE	S & TESTS
Depth (m)	Legend			Description			Depth	No	Remarks/Tests
0.65		(TOPSO	IL)	or silt and trace of roots and ro	otiets; dark brov	vn. Moist.			
-			oarse SAND; light gre	eyish brown. Moist.					
GENER 3.10 GENER SHORIN STABILI Groundwa Co-ordina Elevation All dimen			comes light grey.	d wet.					
3.10				rial pit/trench at 3.10m, on 13/0 <i>ation Reason:</i> Target depth rea					
GENER SHORIN STABILI Groundwa Groundwa Co-ordina	G/SU TY: Iter see Iter see tes and	PPORT: p at 1.9m p at 3.1m l elevatior	None						
Elevation	based	on Christo	church City Council E	Drainage Datum.					
All dimensions in metres CLIENT CDL Land New Zealand Ltd.									

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	TEST PIT RECORD     TEST PIT NO.     TP7					7					
	22		congroup.com					PROJEC	T NO.	23	5361-091
	PROJECT		tons Subdivision - Law Block vood, Christchurch								
	METHOD	TP			CO-ORDINATES (NZTM E 1573855	1)		ged I <b>artin</b>		CHEC	CKED UNKET
	MACHINE	& NO.	20T Excavator		N 5186060		DAT	Έ		DATE	
	CONTRAC	TOR	KB Contractors Ltd.		GROUND LEVEL +12.0	m RL		7/2017		20/07	
				ST	RATA					1PLE	S & TESTS
	Depth (m)	Legend			Description				Depth	No	Remarks/Tests
AGS4 TEST PIT RECORD (NO SKETCH NO MAP)    Project: PRESTONS LAW BLOCK - TEST PITS.GPJ    LIbrary: AGS 4_0.GLB    Date: 20 July 2017	0.60		Sandy SILT with trace of rootle (TOPSOIL) Fine to coarse SAND with occ 1.10 Becomes light grey. 1.20 Becomes without roots. 2.10 Becomes bluish grey and	asio	nal roots; light brownish gre						
D MAP)    Project: PRESTONS LAW BLOC	3.20				it/trench at 3.20m, on 13/0 <i>Reason:</i> Target depth read						
ë		G/SUI ГY: ter see es and	PPORT: <b>None</b> p at 2.6m. elevation from site survey. on Christchurch City Council I								
ъ	All dimons	ione in	CLIENT CDL Land	i Ne	ew Zealand Ltd.	PP Pocket Pe		neter rest	¥ Water Lev	ei	

 All dimensions in metres
 Insitu Vane Shear Test

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TEST PIT NO.

TP8

235361-091 PROJECT NO.

PROIECT	stons Subdivision - Law Block					
METHOD TP	wood, Christchurch	CO-ORDINATES (N2	TM)	LOGGED	CI	HECKED
MACHINE & NO. 20T Excavator		E 1573843		J. MARTIN	т.	PLUNKET
		N 5186122		DATE	D	ATE
CONTRACTOR	KB Contractors Ltd.	GROUND LEVEL +11	.99 m RL	13/07/2017	20	/07/2017
	ST	RATA				LES & TESTS
Depth (m) Legend		Description			Depth	No Remarks/Tes
0.55	SILT with trace of sand, roots and (TOPSOIL)			y; sand, fine.	_	
	1.10 Becomes light grey.					
	1.50 Becomes without roots.					
	2.20 Becomes bluish grey and we	et.				
3.10	End of Trial	pit/trench at 3.10m, on 13	/07/2017			
	i erminatio	<i>n Reason:</i> Target depth n	au ICU.			
STABILITY: Groundwater no Co-ordinates ret	JPPORT: None	approximate only. hurch City Council Drair	age Datum.			
All dimensions i	n metres CLIENT CDL Land N	ew Zealand Ltd.		enetrometer Test ne Shear Test	Vater Level	
			🚽 🧹 🗸 Insitu Va			

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TEST PIT NO.

PROJECT NO. 235361-091

TP9

					FROJE	CTNO.	25	5501-051
PROJECT	1	tons Subdivision - Law Block wood, Christchurch			I			
METHOD			CO-ORDINATES (NZTM	)	LOGGED		CHEC	CKED
			E 1573734	/	J. MARTIN		T. PL	UNKET
MACHINE	E & NO.	20T Excavator	N 5186155					_
CONTRA	CTOR	KB Contractors Ltd.	GROUND LEVEL +12.83	m RL	DATE		DATE	
	GROUND LEVEL +12.03 III RE 13/07/2017						20/07	/2017
			STRATA			SAN	IPLE	S & TESTS
Depth (m)	Legend		Description			Depth	No	Remarks/Test
	<u>1/</u> <u>1</u> /, <u>1</u>	Fine to coarse SAND with min	nor silt and trace of rootlets; dark	brown. Dry.	(TOPSOIL)			
0.30								
0.30		Fine to coarse SAND; light br	ownish grey. Moist			-		
	-							
-								
		1.20 Becomes light grey.						
	-							
-								
	-							
	<b>−</b>							
3.00	-							
3.00	<u> </u>		rial pit/trench at 3.00m, on 13/07			-		
	_	Termir	ation Reason: Target depth reac	ned.				
	-							
	-							
	]							
	-							
	]							
GENER		EMARKS						
		PPORT: None						
STABIL								
Grounder	ator ca-	an at 2 fm						
Co-ordina	ates retr	ep at 2.6m. rieved from Google Earth and	are approximate only.					
Elevation	from si	ite survey and is based on Ch	ristchurch City Council Drainage	e Datum.				
			d New Zealand Ltd.	PP Pocket Pe	netrometer Test	¥ Water Lev		

Aurecon New Zealand Limited, Level 2 lwikau Building, 93 cambridge Terrace, Chrsitchurch 8013. Tel: +64 3 366 0821 Fax: +64 3 379 6955 christchurch@aurecongroup.com

aurecon
www.aurecongroup.com

TEST PIT NO.

TP10

PROJECT NO. 2

235361-091

					FROJE	CTNO.	23	5301-091	
PROJECT		stons Subdivision - Law Block wood, Christchurch							
METHOD			CO-ORDINATES (NZTI	M)	LOGGED		CHEC	CKED	
			E 1573663					UNKET	
MACHINE	8 NO.	20T Excavator	N 5186201		DATE		<b>D</b> 4 <b>T D</b>		
CONTRA	CTOR	KB Contractors Ltd.	GROUND LEVEL +12.4	4 m RL	DATE	DATE			
					13/07/2017	20/07/2017			
		S	STRATA			SAN	/IPLE	S & TESTS	
Depth (m)	Legend		Description			Depth	No	Remarks/Tests	
		Fine to coarse SAND with mine (TOPSOIL)	or silt and trace of roots and ro	otlets; dark br	rown. Moist.				
0.45		Fine to coarse SAND with trace	e of roots and rootlets: light bro	wnish arev. N	Aoist.	-			
			,g ,g.						
	-	0.70 Becomes light brownish g	rey mottled orange.						
-									
	-	1.10 Becomes grey.							
	- : · · · ·	Doomoo groy.							
		1.40 Becomes with no roots or	rootlets.						
	-	1.60 Becomes dark grey and w	vet.						
	<b>−</b>	5 J							
-	-								
	-								
	¥∷∶								
	-								
		2.60 - 2.65 Brown.							
- 3.10	- ···  ▼···								
0.10		End of Tri	ial pit/trench at 3.10m, on 13/0 <i>tion Reason:</i> Target depth rea	7/2017					
	-	1 errinia	non Neason. Taiget deptiment	Shed.					
	-								
	]								
	-								
	-								
GENER		EMARKS							
	IG/SU	PPORT: None							
Groundwa Groundwa Groundwa Co-ordina	ater see ater see ater see ater see	ep at 1.8m. ep at 2.4m. op at 3.1m. d elevation from site survey. on Christchurch City Council D	rainage Datum.						
All dimen	sions ir	CLIENT CDL Land	New Zealand Ltd.		enetrometer Test ne Shear Test	¥ Water Le	vel		

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TEST PIT NO.

TP11

PROJECT NO. 2

235361-091

		congroup.com			PROJE	STNO.	23	5361-091
PROJEC	1	tons Subdivision - Law Block vood, Christchurch						
METHOD	TP		CO-ORDINATES (NZT	M)	LOGGED		CHEC	CKED
			E 1573731		J. MARTIN		T. PL	UNKET
MACHINE	E & NO.	20T Excavator	N 5186239		DATE			_
CONTRA	CTOR	KB Contractors Ltd.	GROUND LEVEL +12.4	40 m RL	DATE		DATE	
					13/07/2017		20/07	/2017
		Ş	STRATA			SAN	/PLE	S & TESTS
Depth (m)	Legend		Description			Depth	No	Remarks/Test
		Fine to coarse SAND with mine	or silt and trace of rootlets; da	rk brown. Mois	st. (TOPSOIL)			
0.00								
0.30		Fine to coarse SAND; light gre	yish brown. Moist.			-		
	-	0.60 Becomes light brownish g	rev mottled orange					
	-	0.00 Decomes light brownish g	icy motiled orange.					
	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 $	1.10 Becomes with trace of roo	ots: light grev.					
	<u> </u>		,					
		1.30 Becomes without roots.						
	-							
-	₹:::							
		2.10 Becomes bluish grey and	wet.					
	-							
	-							
3.00	¥ · · ·		ial pit/trench at 3.00m, on 13/			-		
	1		tion Reason: Target depth rea					
	1							
	$\left  \right $							
	-							
0.51155						1		
		EMARKS						
SHORIN		PPORT: None						
		ep at 2.0m. ep at 3.0m.						
Co-ordina	ates and	l elevation from site survey.						
Lievation	based	on Christchurch City Council D	rainage Datum.					
	nione i-	CLIENT CDL Land	New Zealand Ltd.	In alter Mary	enetrometer Test	Vater Lev	vel	
		n metres		Ť	ne Shear Test	Daurecondroum	com	
Aurecon New Z	ealand Lim	nited, Level 2 lwikau Building, 93 cambridge T	errace, Chrsitchurch 8013. Tel: +64 3 36	6 0821 Fax: +64 3 37	79 6955 christchurch@	aurecongroup	com	

CLIELUI

TEST PIT NO.

PROJECT NO. 2

235361-091

TP12

		204 N			PROJE	CTNO.	20	5361-091
PROJECT		tons Subdivision - Law Block vood, Christchurch						
METHOD	TP		CO-ORDINATES (NZTM)		LOGGED		CHEC	CKED
			E 1573811		J. MARTIN		T. PLI	UNKET
MACHINE	& NO.	20T Excavator	N 5186196		DATE			
CONTRAC	TOR	KB Contractors Ltd.	GROUND LEVEL +12.16	DATE				
					20/07	/2017		
		Ę	STRATA			SAN	IPLE	S & TESTS
Depth (m)	Legend		Description			Depth	No	Remarks/Test
_	<u>x<sup>1</sup> 1<sub>2</sub> x</u>	Sandy SILT with trace of rootle (TOPSOIL)	ts; dark brown. Moist, low plastic	city; sand, fi	ne.			
-	<u>'/ `.''/</u>							
-	1/ 1/							
	<u>\\</u>							
0.60	1, 1,					_		
-		Fine to coarse SAND; light brow	wnish grey. Moist.					
-		0.80 - 0.90 with occasional root	S.					
_								
_		1.00 Becomes light grey.						
-	· · · ·							
_								
_								
_	• • •							
_	• • •							
-								
-	· · ·							
	· · · ·							
_		2.10 Becomes bluish grey and	wet.					
-	••••							
_								
_	· · · ·							
-	· · · ·							
_	••••							
_	· · ·							
3.10	• • •	End of Tai	-1	0047		_		
-		Termina	al pit/trench at 3.10m, on 13/07/ <i>tion Reason:</i> Target depth reach	2017 ied.				
_								
-								
-								
-								
_								
GENERA	AL RE	EMARKS						
SHORINO STABILIT		PPORT: None						
Co-ordinate	es and	encountered. I elevation from site survey. on Christchurch City Council D	rainage Datum.					
All dimens	ions in	metres CLIENT CDL Land	New Zealand Ltd.		enetrometer Test ne Shear Test	¥ Water Lev	el	

Appendix F Laboratory Results



**Central Testing Services** 

18 Ngapara St, P.O. Box 397, Alexandra 9340, Central Otago, New Zealand P: 03 4487644, W: www.centraltesting.co.nz, E: info@centraltesting.co.nz

Page 1 of 1 Page Reference No: 18/1364 Date: 17 May 2018

## <u>TEST REPORT – PRESTONS DEVELOPMENT</u>

<b>Client Detail</b>	s:	Aurec	on New Zealand Ltd, P.O. Box	x 1061, Christchurch	Attention:	K. Foote					
Job Descript			n's Development, Christchurc		······································						
	ple Description:     As Below     Client Job No:     Not State       ple Source:     As Below     Reference No:     Not State										
Sample Sour					Reference No:	Not Stated					
Date & Time		Unkno	own		Sampled By:	Aurecon Staff					
Sample Meth	10d:	Boreh	ole		Date Received:	16-May-18					
Sam	ple Source		Sample Description	% Passing 75µm Sieve	% Passing 63µm Sieve	Water Content As Received (%)					
	BH101 @	6.0m	SAND with trace of silt	3	3	25.4					
	BH101 @	7.0m	SAND with trace of silt	4	4	24.5					
	BH101 @	8.0m	SAND with minor silt	9	8	21.7					
Caldwell	BH101 @ 9.0m		SAND with minor silt & trace of gravel	11	10	24.5					
Block	BH102 @	6.0m	SAND with trace of silt	3	3	23.1					
	BH102 @	7.0m	SAND with minor silt 7		6	24.9					
	BH102 @ 8.0m		SAND with trace of silt	4	3	24.4					
	BH102 @	9.0m SAND with trace of silt		3	2	25.7					
	BH101 @	6.0m	SAND with trace of silt	4	4	24.6					
	BH101 @	7.0m	SAND with trace of silt	3	3	25.1					
	BH101 @	8.0m	SAND with trace of silt	3	3	23.6					
Law Block	BH101 @	9.0m	SAND with trace of silt	4	3	26.9					
Law DIVER	BH102 @	6.0m	SAND with trace of silt	4	4	19.1					
	BH102 @	7.0m	SAND with minor silt	6	6	22.5					
	BH102 @	8.0m	SAND with minor silt	7	6	20.7					
	BH102 @	9.0m	SAND with trace of silt	3	3	27.7					
Test Methods:			186, Test 2.8.1 – Wet Sieve Analysis 186, Test 2.1 – Water Content								

Note:

Information contained in this report which is Not IANZ Accredited relates to the sample descriptions based on NZ Geotechnical Society Guidelines 2005, sample method and sampling. .

This report may not be reproduced except in full.

**Tested By:** 

L.T. Smith emplus Date: 17-May-18

**Checked By:** 

**Approved Signatory** 

A.P. Julius Laboratory Manager

Specialist Quality Assurance Service in Aggregate, Concrete and Soils Testing

Tests indicated as Not Accredited are outside the scope of the laboratory's accreditation

**ACCREDITED LABORATORY** 

Accreditation No: 434

"Central Testing Services operates as a trading trust through Central Testing Services Limited as the sole trustee.

Appendix G Liquefaction Assessment Results

•	Bringing	ideas
Q	tox	afe

						Ground Damage		LSN (Liquefaction Severity Number)						
				iquefaction Settlements			Liquefaction Settlements			xpression <sup>2</sup>		LON (LK	preventa	Number)
Test ID	Consultant	Total Depth (mbgl)	SLS1 (Mw=7.5, PGA=0.13)	SLS2 (Mw=6.0, PGA=0.19)		SLS1 (Mw=7.5, PGA=0.13)	SLS2 (Mw=6.0, PGA=0.19)	ULS (Mw=7.5, PGA=0.35)	Ishihara Approach SLS	Ishihara Approach ULS	Technical Category <sup>3</sup> (pre-treatment)	SLS1	SLS2	ULS
CPT101	Aurecon	10	0	2	26	0	2	26	No	Yes	TC2	0	1	12
CPT102	Aurecon	10	0	0	4	0	0	4	No	No	TC1	0	0	2
CPT103	Aurecon	10	0	0	24	0	0	24	No	Yes	TC1	0	0	7
CPT104	Aurecon	10	0	0	26	0	0	26	No	Yes	TC2	0	0	7
CPT105	Aurecon	10	0	0	33	0	0	33	No	Yes	TC2	0	0	12
CPT106	Aurecon	8.46	0	0	22	0	0	22	No	Yes	TC1	0	0	12
CPT107	Aurecon	10	4	15	36	4	15	36	No	Yes	TC2	2	8	21
CPT108	Aurecon	10	0	0	26	0	0	26	No	Yes	TC2	0	0	8
CPT109	Aurecon	10	0	0	22	0	0	22	No	Yes	TC1	0	0	11
CPT110	Aurecon	10	0	0	18	0	0	18	No	Yes	TC1	0	0	6
CPT111	Aurecon	10	0	0	22	0	0	22	No	Yes	TC1	0	0	9
CPT112	Aurecon	10	0	0	16	0	0	16	No	Yes	TC1	0	0	9
CPT113	Aurecon	10	0	0	26	0	0	26	No	Yes	TC2	0	0	11
CPT114	Aurecon	10	0	0	10	0	0	10	No	Yes	TC1	0	0	5
CPT001	Aurecon	15	0	0	12	0	0	12	No	Yes	TC1	0	0	6
CPT002	Aurecon	15	1	1	47	0	0	47	No	Yes	TC2	0	0	13
CPT003	Aurecon	15	1	2	35	0	0	35	No	Yes	TC2	0	0	7
CPT004	Aurecon	15	0	0	11	0	0	11	No	Yes	TC1	0	0	3
CPT005	Aurecon	15	0	0	4	0	0	4	No	Yes	TC1	0	0	3
CPT006	Aurecon	15	0	0	17	0	0	17	No	Yes	TC1	0	0	8
Notes:		<sup>1</sup> Liquefaction Trigger	quefaction Triggering assessed using CPT data and method of kirss and Boulanger 2014. Settlement estimated using method of Zhang 2002. C(FC)=0.1 adopted.											

<sup>11</sup> Ligneticion Triggering assessed using CPT data and method of ldriss and Boulanger 2014. Settlement estimated using me <sup>2</sup> Ishihara 1985 <sup>11</sup> Technical Category presented is based on Vertical Settlement limits Only and does not consider the lateral spread criteria



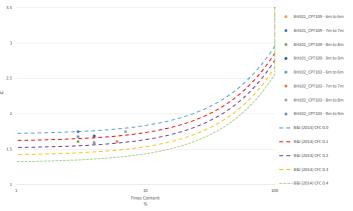


Figure: Plot of Fines Content (FC) against Soil Behaviour Type Index (Ic)

Appendix H RMA Geotechnical Hazard Assessment

## aurecon

Low

Low

Low

ilikely

RMA Section 106 (1 & 1A)	Assessment – Prestons Park Law Block	t								
Client	CDL Land New Zealand Limite	d Project No.	235361				Like	libood of occurre	ence	
Prepared by	Marcus Lazzaro	Reviewed by	James Muirson	Risk Rating	Most Likely Consequence	5 - Very likely	4 - Good chance		2 - Unlikely	1 - Very un
				Matrix	A - Disastrous	Extreme	Extreme	Extreme	Extreme	High
					B. Critical	Extreme	Extreme	Extreme	High	High

C - Serious D - Significant E - Minor Extreme High High High

High

IDENTIFY NATURAL HAZARD		ASS <u>ESS</u>	RISK Section 1A (a	) & (b)		RESIDUAL RISK	ASSESSMENT Sec			
Risk Source (Hazard)	Damage	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating	Control Measure (Risk Treatment)	Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating	Subsequent use of the land accelerate, worsen, or result in material damage resulting from hazard Section 1A (c)	Comments or Recommendations
Earthquake/Seismic Liquefaction induced ground damage (settlement, sand boils, cracking)	Due to the expected sandy nature of the soils at Preston's Park, there is the potential for liquefaction induced settlement and ground damage in a major seismic event.	3 - Likely	D - Significant	Moderate	Use of ground improvement to remove the risk of liquefaction, or strengthening of future structures (i.e enhanced foundation solutions or	2 - Unlikely	E - Minor	Low	No	Development can proceed provided recommendations in this letter and our previous reports are followed and appropriate engineering measures implemented.
Liquefaction induced lateral spreading	Lateral spreading is possible along the free face of the proposed basin and channels located in the southeast corner of the development and along the existing Snellings Drain along the north and east boundaries.	3 - Likely	D - Significant	Moderate	Use of ground improvement to mitigate lateral spread risk, or construction of sufficiently stiff/strong foundations to resist movement	2 - Unlikely	E - Minor	Low	No	
Seismic Induced Slope Instability (incl Mass Movement)	Lack of significant slopes.	1 - Very unlikely	E - Minor	Low	N/A	1 - Very unlikely	E - Minor	Low	No	
Seismic Induced Rockfall	No rockfall sources above site.	1 - Very unlikely	E - Minor	Low	N/A	1 - Very unlikely	E - Minor	Low	No	
Seismic Induced Cliff Collapse	No cliff above site.	1 - Very unlikely	E - Minor	Low	N/A	1 - Very unlikely	E - Minor	Low	No	1
Fault Rupture	No known active faults near the site.	1 - Very unlikely	E - Minor	Low	N/A	1 - Very unlikely	E - Minor	Low	No	
Landslip/Landslide/Land Instability/S										
Landslide/Landslip	No large faces from which landslides or slips could form.	1 - Very unlikely	E - Minor	Low	N/A	1 - Very unlikely	E - Minor	Low	No	Development can proceed provided recommendations in this letter and our previous reports are followed and appropriate engineering measures implemented.
Deep Seated Landslide	No evidence of deep seated instability.	1 - Very unlikely	E - Minor	Low	N/A	1 - Very unlikely	E - Minor	Low	No	
Earth/Debris flows	No earthflow sources above site nor any evidence of previous earthflows affecting site.	1 - Very unlikely	E - Minor	Low	N/A	1 - Very unlikely	E - Minor	Low	No	
Rockfall or Topple	No rockfall sources above site.	1 - Very unlikely	E - Minor	Low	N/A	1 - Very unlikely	E - Minor	Low	No	
Other			-							
Soft Ground Settlement	Potential for shallow organic layers which can settle under foundation layers, as has been found in other areas of the Prestons Park development. Although site investigations indicate limited organic layers across the site.	2 - Unlikely	D - Significant	Low	Removal of shallow organic layers and replacement with non- compressible fill to remove potential for soft soil settlement where applicable, or strengthing of future structures (i.e enhanced foundation solutions or superstructure).	1 - Very unlikely	E - Minor	Low	No	
Erosion	Due to silty nature of soil erosion is possible by concentrated stormwater runoff.	3 - Likely	E - Minor	Low	Adequate site stormwater control to be incorporated with site development and exposed soil covered with topsoil/vegetation	2 - Unlikely	E - Minor	Low	No	As part of the civil design of the subdivision adequate stormwater and erosion control will be required. If subsoil seeps are encountered during site development then these will need to be assessed.

File RMA Hazard Assessment Geotechnical Hazards.xlsx/Risk Register - Pre-Development 5/07/2018 Page 1 of 4

## Document prepared by

## **Aurecon New Zealand Limited**

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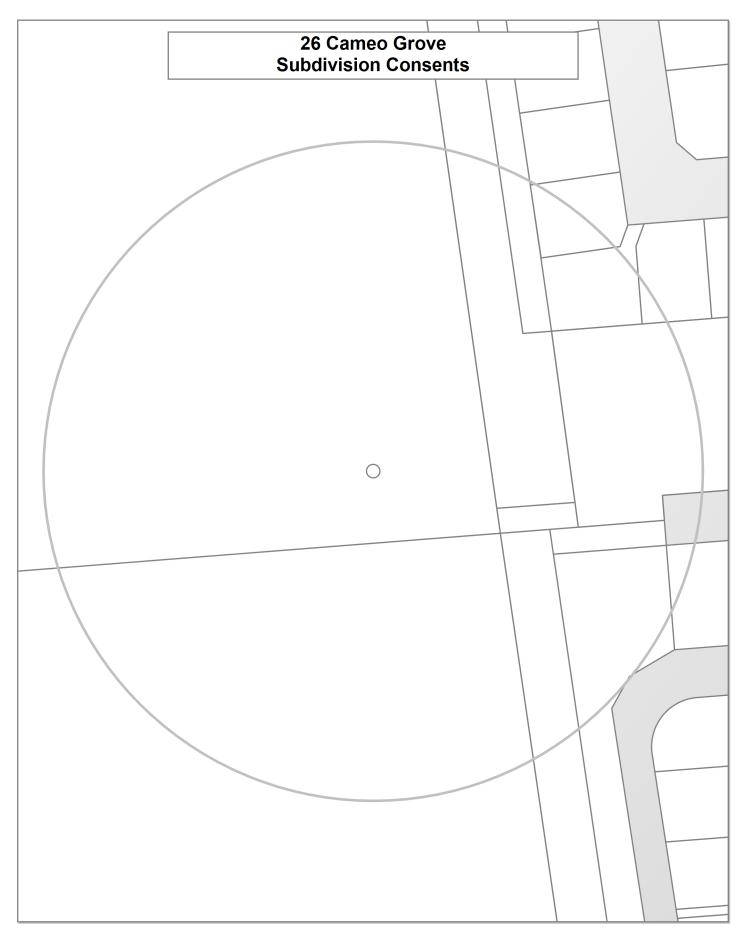
## **Spatial Query Report**





**Spatial Query Report** 





## **Spatial Query Report**



## Land Use Resource Consents within 100 metres of 26 Cameo Grove

Note: This list does not include subdivision Consents and Certificates of Compliance issued under the Resource Management Act.

## 12 Cameo Grove

RMA/2016/2855 Wastewater Capacity Certificate Processing complete Applied 10/10/2016 Certificate issued 03/11/2016

## RMA/2018/2576

To undertake bulk earthworks and Variation of a Consent Notice protecting a subdivision tree Processing complete Applied 24/10/2018 Decision issued 08/03/2019 Granted 07/03/2019

RMA/2021/171 Proposed new dwelling with attached garage (Lot 805) Processing complete Applied 01/02/2021 Decision issued 05/03/2021 Granted 04/03/2021

RMA/2021/483 Proposed new dwelling with attached garage - Lot 821 Processing complete Applied 03/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 07/04/2021

RMA/2021/55 Construct dwelling with attached garage Processing complete Applied 15/01/2021 Decision issued 15/02/2021 Granted 15/02/2021

RMA/2021/630 Construct dwelling with attached garage - Lot 797 Processing complete Applied 17/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021

Tuesday, 27 April 2021



Granted 06/04/2021

RMA/2021/648

New residential dwelling with attached garage - Lot 792 Processing complete Applied 18/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021

RMA/2021/651 New residential dwelling with attached garage - Lot 846 Processing complete Applied 18/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021

RMA/2021/826 Construct dwelling with attached garage - CT6433 - Lot 814 Prestons Park Processing Applied 01/04/2021 Granted 23/04/2021

RMA/2021/837 Proposed residential dwelling with an attached garage - CT6434 - Lot 815 Prestons Park Processing complete Applied 06/04/2021 Decision issued 13/04/2021 Granted 12/04/2021

RMA/2021/903 Construct dwelling with an attached garage - CT6432 - Lot 809 Prestons Park Processing Applied 12/04/2021 Granted 22/04/2021

## 155R Mairehau Road

RMA/2020/170 Earthworks within setback from Snellings Drain associated with the installation of new stormwater outfall pipes, culvert and removal of existing bridge Cancelled Applied 30/01/2020 Cancelled - fee not paid 04/03/2020



## **18 Nederland Avenue**

RMA/1985/980

I.H.C. Applied to: erect a sign 3.4 High x 1.1m wide for a rural selling Place. Res G/ rural G at back. - Historical Reference RES9218974

Processing complete

Applied 03/04/1985

Decision issued 02/05/1985

Granted 02/05/1985

RMA/1991/1059

To establish a recreation complex and vocational training centre in Res G zone. withdrawn 11/02/92 - Historical Reference RES9218976

Processing complete

Applied 18/12/1991

Decision issued 11/02/1992

Declined 11/02/1992

#### RMA/1995/4208

To subdivide 23 residential allotments off an entry Road that is 7.6m wide - underwidth in both Proposed and Transitional Plans. - Historical Reference RMA322 Processing complete

Applied 16/11/1995

### RMA/1998/2398

To excavate a future Road and fill low lying area. - Historical Reference RES982743 Processing complete Applied 08/10/1998 Decision issued 08/12/1998 Granted 08/12/1998

### RMA/2007/2341

Subdivision of 30 lots zoned Living 1 and Rural 3 (subdivision ref 92007183) - Historical Reference RMA92009659 Processing complete Applied 23/08/2007 Decision issued 04/03/2008 Granted 04/03/2008

### RMA/2018/2749

Establish single storey residential dwelling with attached double garage Processing complete Applied 09/11/2018 Decision issued 11/02/2019 Granted 11/02/2019



## 20 Nederland Avenue

RMA/1985/980

I.H.C. Applied to: erect a sign 3.4 High x 1.1m wide for a rural selling Place. Res G/ rural G at back. - Historical Reference RES9218974

Processing complete

Applied 03/04/1985

Decision issued 02/05/1985

Granted 02/05/1985

RMA/1991/1059

To establish a recreation complex and vocational training centre in Res G zone. withdrawn 11/02/92 - Historical Reference RES9218976

Processing complete

Applied 18/12/1991

Decision issued 11/02/1992

Declined 11/02/1992

#### RMA/1995/4208

To subdivide 23 residential allotments off an entry Road that is 7.6m wide - underwidth in both Proposed and Transitional Plans. - Historical Reference RMA322 Processing complete

Applied 16/11/1995

### RMA/1998/2398

To excavate a future Road and fill low lying area. - Historical Reference RES982743 Processing complete Applied 08/10/1998 Decision issued 08/12/1998 Granted 08/12/1998

RMA/2007/2341 Subdivision of 30 lots zoned Living 1 and Rural 3 (subdivision ref 92007183) - Historical Reference RMA92009659 Processing complete Applied 23/08/2007 Decision issued 04/03/2008 Granted 04/03/2008

RMA/2019/1944

To Construct a Dwelling with Attached Garage Processing complete Applied 28/08/2019 Decision issued 16/10/2019 Granted 16/10/2019



## 22 Nederland Avenue

RMA/1985/980

I.H.C. Applied to: erect a sign 3.4 High x 1.1m wide for a rural selling Place. Res G/ rural G at back. - Historical Reference RES9218974

Processing complete

Applied 03/04/1985

Decision issued 02/05/1985

Granted 02/05/1985

RMA/1991/1059

To establish a recreation complex and vocational training centre in Res G zone. withdrawn 11/02/92 - Historical Reference RES9218976

Processing complete

Applied 18/12/1991

Decision issued 11/02/1992

Declined 11/02/1992

### RMA/1995/4208

To subdivide 23 residential allotments off an entry Road that is 7.6m wide - underwidth in both Proposed and Transitional Plans. - Historical Reference RMA322

Processing complete

Applied 16/11/1995

### RMA/1998/2398

To excavate a future Road and fill low lying area. - Historical Reference RES982743 Processing complete Applied 08/10/1998 Decision issued 08/12/1998 Granted 08/12/1998

### RMA/2007/2341

Subdivision of 30 lots zoned Living 1 and Rural 3 (subdivision ref 92007183) - Historical Reference RMA92009659 Processing complete Applied 23/08/2007 Decision issued 04/03/2008 Granted 04/03/2008

## 24 Nederland Avenue

RMA/1985/980 I.H.C. Applied to: erect a sign 3.4 High x 1.1m wide for a rural selling Place. Res G/ rural G at back. - Historical Reference RES9218974 Processing complete Applied 03/04/1985 Decision issued 02/05/1985 Granted 02/05/1985



### RMA/1991/1059

To establish a recreation complex and vocational training centre in Res G zone. withdrawn 11/02/92 - Historical Reference RES9218976

Processing complete

Applied 18/12/1991

Decision issued 11/02/1992

Declined 11/02/1992

### RMA/1995/4208

To subdivide 23 residential allotments off an entry Road that is 7.6m wide - underwidth in both Proposed and Transitional Plans. - Historical Reference RMA322

Processing complete

Applied 16/11/1995

RMA/1998/2398

To excavate a future Road and fill low lying area. - Historical Reference RES982743

Processing complete Applied 08/10/1998 Decision issued 08/12/1998 Granted 08/12/1998

### RMA/2007/2341

Subdivision of 30 lots zoned Living 1 and Rural 3 (subdivision ref 92007183) - Historical Reference RMA92009659 Processing complete Applied 23/08/2007 Decision issued 04/03/2008 Granted 04/03/2008

RMA/2020/1143 Construct dwelling with attached garage Processing complete Applied 08/06/2020 Decision issued 02/07/2020 Granted 02/07/2020

### 25 Cameo Grove

### RMA/2017/2545

To construct buildings on Lots 291-294, 312-318 and 377-389 (Stage 2)up to 4 m from the Mairehau Road boundary and with a reduced landscaping strip of 2m in width Processing complete Applied 17/10/2017 Decision issued 17/01/2018 Granted 17/01/2018



## **3 Brooklands Street**

RMA/2016/2855 Wastewater Capacity Certificate Processing complete Applied 10/10/2016 Certificate issued 03/11/2016

RMA/2018/2576

To undertake bulk earthworks and Variation of a Consent Notice protecting a subdivision tree Processing complete Applied 24/10/2018 Decision issued 08/03/2019 Granted 07/03/2019

RMA/2021/171 Proposed new dwelling with attached garage (Lot 805) Processing complete Applied 01/02/2021 Decision issued 05/03/2021 Granted 04/03/2021

RMA/2021/483 Proposed new dwelling with attached garage - Lot 821 Processing complete Applied 03/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 07/04/2021

RMA/2021/55 Construct dwelling with attached garage Processing complete Applied 15/01/2021 Decision issued 15/02/2021 Granted 15/02/2021

RMA/2021/630 Construct dwelling with attached garage - Lot 797 Processing complete Applied 17/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021



RMA/2021/648 New residential dwelling with attached garage - Lot 792 Processing complete Applied 18/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021

RMA/2021/651 New residential dwelling with attached garage - Lot 846 Processing complete Applied 18/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021

RMA/2021/826 Construct dwelling with attached garage - CT6433 - Lot 814 Prestons Park Processing Applied 01/04/2021 Granted 23/04/2021

RMA/2021/837 Proposed residential dwelling with an attached garage - CT6434 - Lot 815 Prestons Park Processing complete Applied 06/04/2021 Decision issued 13/04/2021 Granted 12/04/2021

RMA/2021/903 Construct dwelling with an attached garage - CT6432 - Lot 809 Prestons Park Processing Applied 12/04/2021 Granted 22/04/2021

## 32 Cameo Grove

### RMA/2017/2545

To construct buildings on Lots 291-294, 312-318 and 377-389 (Stage 2)up to 4 m from the Mairehau Road boundary and with a reduced landscaping strip of 2m in width Processing complete Applied 17/10/2017 Decision issued 17/01/2018 Granted 17/01/2018



## 329Q Burwood Road

### RMA/2020/170

Earthworks within setback from Snellings Drain associated with the installation of new stormwater outfall pipes, culvert and removal of existing bridge

Cancelled

Applied 30/01/2020

Cancelled - fee not paid 04/03/2020

### RMA/2020/521

Earthworks associated with the installation of underground stormwater outfall pipes and replacement of existing culvert. Processing complete Applied 10/03/2020 Decision issued 12/06/2020

Granted 12/06/2020

## 329R Burwood Road

### RMA/2020/170

Earthworks within setback from Snellings Drain associated with the installation of new stormwater outfall pipes, culvert and removal of existing bridge

Cancelled

Applied 30/01/2020

Cancelled - fee not paid 04/03/2020

### RMA/2020/521

Earthworks associated with the installation of underground stormwater outfall pipes and replacement of existing culvert. Processing complete Applied 10/03/2020 Decision issued 12/06/2020 Granted 12/06/2020

### **4 Brooklands Street**

RMA/2016/2855 Wastewater Capacity Certificate Processing complete Applied 10/10/2016 Certificate issued 03/11/2016

### RMA/2018/2576

To undertake bulk earthworks and Variation of a Consent Notice protecting a subdivision tree Processing complete Applied 24/10/2018 Decision issued 08/03/2019 Granted 07/03/2019



RMA/2021/171 Proposed new dwelling with attached garage (Lot 805) Processing complete Applied 01/02/2021 Decision issued 05/03/2021 Granted 04/03/2021

RMA/2021/483 Proposed new dwelling with attached garage - Lot 821 Processing complete Applied 03/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 07/04/2021

RMA/2021/55 Construct dwelling with attached garage Processing complete Applied 15/01/2021 Decision issued 15/02/2021 Granted 15/02/2021

RMA/2021/630 Construct dwelling with attached garage - Lot 797 Processing complete Applied 17/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021

RMA/2021/648 New residential dwelling with attached garage - Lot 792 Processing complete Applied 18/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021

RMA/2021/651 New residential dwelling with attached garage - Lot 846 Processing complete Applied 18/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021



RMA/2021/826 Construct dwelling with attached garage - CT6433 - Lot 814 Prestons Park Processing Applied 01/04/2021 Granted 23/04/2021

RMA/2021/837 Proposed residential dwelling with an attached garage - CT6434 - Lot 815 Prestons Park Processing complete Applied 06/04/2021 Decision issued 13/04/2021 Granted 12/04/2021

RMA/2021/903 Construct dwelling with an attached garage - CT6432 - Lot 809 Prestons Park Processing Applied 12/04/2021 Granted 22/04/2021

## **58 Katrine Drive**

RMA/2016/2855 Wastewater Capacity Certificate Processing complete Applied 10/10/2016 Certificate issued 03/11/2016

RMA/2018/2576

To undertake bulk earthworks and Variation of a Consent Notice protecting a subdivision tree Processing complete Applied 24/10/2018 Decision issued 08/03/2019 Granted 07/03/2019

## RMA/2021/171

Proposed new dwelling with attached garage (Lot 805) Processing complete Applied 01/02/2021 Decision issued 05/03/2021 Granted 04/03/2021



RMA/2021/483 Proposed new dwelling with attached garage - Lot 821 Processing complete Applied 03/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 07/04/2021

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RMA/2021/630 Construct dwelling with attached garage - Lot 797 Processing complete Applied 17/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021

RMA/2021/648 New residential dwelling with attached garage - Lot 792 Processing complete Applied 18/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021

RMA/2021/651 New residential dwelling with attached garage - Lot 846 Processing complete Applied 18/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021

RMA/2021/826 Construct dwelling with attached garage - CT6433 - Lot 814 Prestons Park Processing Applied 01/04/2021 Granted 23/04/2021



RMA/2021/837 Proposed residential dwelling with an attached garage - CT6434 - Lot 815 Prestons Park Processing complete Applied 06/04/2021 Decision issued 13/04/2021 Granted 12/04/2021

RMA/2021/903 Construct dwelling with an attached garage - CT6432 - Lot 809 Prestons Park Processing Applied 12/04/2021 Granted 22/04/2021

## **59E Selfe Crescent**

RMA/2016/2855 Wastewater Capacity Certificate Processing complete Applied 10/10/2016 Certificate issued 03/11/2016

RMA/2018/2576 To undertake bulk earthworks and Variation of a Consent Notice protecting a subdivision tree Processing complete Applied 24/10/2018 Decision issued 08/03/2019 Granted 07/03/2019

RMA/2021/171 Proposed new dwelling with attached garage (Lot 805) Processing complete Applied 01/02/2021 Decision issued 05/03/2021 Granted 04/03/2021

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RMA/2021/630 Construct dwelling with attached garage - Lot 797 Processing complete Applied 17/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021

RMA/2021/648 New residential dwelling with attached garage - Lot 792 Processing complete Applied 18/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021

RMA/2021/651 New residential dwelling with attached garage - Lot 846 Processing complete Applied 18/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021

RMA/2021/826 Construct dwelling with attached garage - CT6433 - Lot 814 Prestons Park Processing Applied 01/04/2021 Granted 23/04/2021

RMA/2021/837 Proposed residential dwelling with an attached garage - CT6434 - Lot 815 Prestons Park Processing complete Applied 06/04/2021 Decision issued 13/04/2021 Granted 12/04/2021



RMA/2021/903 Construct dwelling with an attached garage - CT6432 - Lot 809 Prestons Park Processing Applied 12/04/2021 Granted 22/04/2021

## 60 Katrine Drive

RMA/2016/2855 Wastewater Capacity Certificate Processing complete Applied 10/10/2016 Certificate issued 03/11/2016

### RMA/2018/2576

To undertake bulk earthworks and Variation of a Consent Notice protecting a subdivision tree Processing complete Applied 24/10/2018 Decision issued 08/03/2019 Granted 07/03/2019

RMA/2021/171 Proposed new dwelling with attached garage (Lot 805) Processing complete Applied 01/02/2021 Decision issued 05/03/2021 Granted 04/03/2021

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RMA/2021/837 Proposed residential dwelling with an attached garage - CT6434 - Lot 815 Prestons Park Processing complete Applied 06/04/2021 Decision issued 13/04/2021 Granted 12/04/2021

RMA/2021/903 Construct dwelling with an attached garage - CT6432 - Lot 809 Prestons Park Processing Applied 12/04/2021 Granted 22/04/2021



## 62 Katrine Drive

RMA/2016/2855 Wastewater Capacity Certificate Processing complete Applied 10/10/2016 Certificate issued 03/11/2016

RMA/2018/2576

To undertake bulk earthworks and Variation of a Consent Notice protecting a subdivision tree Processing complete Applied 24/10/2018 Decision issued 08/03/2019 Granted 07/03/2019

RMA/2021/171 Proposed new dwelling with attached garage (Lot 805) Processing complete Applied 01/02/2021 Decision issued 05/03/2021 Granted 04/03/2021

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RMA/2021/648 New residential dwelling with attached garage - Lot 792 Processing complete Applied 18/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021

RMA/2021/651 New residential dwelling with attached garage - Lot 846 Processing complete Applied 18/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021

RMA/2021/826 Construct dwelling with attached garage - CT6433 - Lot 814 Prestons Park Processing Applied 01/04/2021 Granted 23/04/2021

RMA/2021/837 Proposed residential dwelling with an attached garage - CT6434 - Lot 815 Prestons Park Processing complete Applied 06/04/2021 Decision issued 13/04/2021 Granted 12/04/2021

RMA/2021/903 Construct dwelling with an attached garage - CT6432 - Lot 809 Prestons Park Processing Applied 12/04/2021 Granted 22/04/2021

### **64 Katrine Drive**

RMA/2016/2855 Wastewater Capacity Certificate Processing complete Applied 10/10/2016 Certificate issued 03/11/2016



RMA/2018/2576

To undertake bulk earthworks and Variation of a Consent Notice protecting a subdivision tree Processing complete Applied 24/10/2018 Decision issued 08/03/2019 Granted 07/03/2019

RMA/2021/171 Proposed new dwelling with attached garage (Lot 805) Processing complete Applied 01/02/2021 Decision issued 05/03/2021 Granted 04/03/2021

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RMA/2021/648 New residential dwelling with attached garage - Lot 792 Processing complete Applied 18/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021



RMA/2021/651 New residential dwelling with attached garage - Lot 846 Processing complete Applied 18/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021

RMA/2021/826 Construct dwelling with attached garage - CT6433 - Lot 814 Prestons Park Processing Applied 01/04/2021 Granted 23/04/2021

RMA/2021/837 Proposed residential dwelling with an attached garage - CT6434 - Lot 815 Prestons Park Processing complete Applied 06/04/2021 Decision issued 13/04/2021 Granted 12/04/2021

RMA/2021/903 Construct dwelling with an attached garage - CT6432 - Lot 809 Prestons Park Processing Applied 12/04/2021 Granted 22/04/2021

## 75 Katrine Drive

RMA/2016/2855 Wastewater Capacity Certificate Processing complete Applied 10/10/2016 Certificate issued 03/11/2016

### RMA/2018/2576

To undertake bulk earthworks and Variation of a Consent Notice protecting a subdivision tree Processing complete Applied 24/10/2018 Decision issued 08/03/2019 Granted 07/03/2019



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RMA/2021/651 New residential dwelling with attached garage - Lot 846 Processing complete Applied 18/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021



RMA/2021/826 Construct dwelling with attached garage - CT6433 - Lot 814 Prestons Park Processing Applied 01/04/2021 Granted 23/04/2021

RMA/2021/837 Proposed residential dwelling with an attached garage - CT6434 - Lot 815 Prestons Park Processing complete Applied 06/04/2021 Decision issued 13/04/2021 Granted 12/04/2021

RMA/2021/903 Construct dwelling with an attached garage - CT6432 - Lot 809 Prestons Park Processing Applied 12/04/2021 Granted 22/04/2021

## 77 Katrine Drive

RMA/2016/2855 Wastewater Capacity Certificate Processing complete Applied 10/10/2016 Certificate issued 03/11/2016

RMA/2018/2576

To undertake bulk earthworks and Variation of a Consent Notice protecting a subdivision tree Processing complete Applied 24/10/2018 Decision issued 08/03/2019 Granted 07/03/2019

## RMA/2021/171

Proposed new dwelling with attached garage (Lot 805) Processing complete Applied 01/02/2021 Decision issued 05/03/2021 Granted 04/03/2021



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RMA/2021/651 New residential dwelling with attached garage - Lot 846 Processing complete Applied 18/03/2021 Decision issued 07/04/2021 Granted 06/04/2021

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RMA/2021/837 Proposed residential dwelling with an attached garage - CT6434 - Lot 815 Prestons Park Processing complete Applied 06/04/2021 Decision issued 13/04/2021 Granted 12/04/2021

RMA/2021/903 Construct dwelling with an attached garage - CT6432 - Lot 809 Prestons Park Processing Applied 12/04/2021 Granted 22/04/2021

## 79 Katrine Drive

RMA/2016/2855 Wastewater Capacity Certificate Processing complete Applied 10/10/2016 Certificate issued 03/11/2016

RMA/2018/2576 To undertake bulk earthworks and Variation of a Consent Notice protecting a subdivision tree Processing complete Applied 24/10/2018 Decision issued 08/03/2019 Granted 07/03/2019

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RMA/2021/826 Construct dwelling with attached garage - CT6433 - Lot 814 Prestons Park Processing Applied 01/04/2021 Granted 23/04/2021

RMA/2021/837 Proposed residential dwelling with an attached garage - CT6434 - Lot 815 Prestons Park Processing complete Applied 06/04/2021 Decision issued 13/04/2021 Granted 12/04/2021



RMA/2021/903 Construct dwelling with an attached garage - CT6432 - Lot 809 Prestons Park Processing Applied 12/04/2021 Granted 22/04/2021

## 81 Katrine Drive

RMA/2016/2855 Wastewater Capacity Certificate Processing complete Applied 10/10/2016 Certificate issued 03/11/2016

### RMA/2018/2576

To undertake bulk earthworks and Variation of a Consent Notice protecting a subdivision tree Processing complete Applied 24/10/2018 Decision issued 08/03/2019 Granted 07/03/2019

RMA/2021/171 Proposed new dwelling with attached garage (Lot 805) Processing complete Applied 01/02/2021 Decision issued 05/03/2021 Granted 04/03/2021

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RMA/2021/826 Construct dwelling with attached garage - CT6433 - Lot 814 Prestons Park Processing Applied 01/04/2021 Granted 23/04/2021

RMA/2021/837 Proposed residential dwelling with an attached garage - CT6434 - Lot 815 Prestons Park Processing complete Applied 06/04/2021 Decision issued 13/04/2021 Granted 12/04/2021

RMA/2021/903 Construct dwelling with an attached garage - CT6432 - Lot 809 Prestons Park Processing Applied 12/04/2021 Granted 22/04/2021



## 9A Nederland Avenue

RMA/2014/1055 Earthworks for future site development - Historical Reference RMA92025695 Processing complete Applied 05/05/2014 Decision issued 30/04/2015 Granted 30/04/2015

### **Data Quality Statement**

### Land Use Consents

All resource consents are shown for sites that have been labelled with an address. For sites that have been labelled with a cross (+) no resource consents have been found. Sites that have no label have not been checked for resource consents. This will be particularly noticeable on the margins of the search radius. If there are such sites and you would like them included in the check, please ask for the LIM spatial query to be rerun accordingly. This will be done free of charge although there may be a short delay. Resource consents which are on land occupied by roads, railways or rivers are not, and currently cannot be displayed, either on the map or in the list. Resource consents that relate to land that has since been subdivided, will be shown in the list, but not on the map. They will be under the address of the land as it was at the time the resource consent was applied for. Resource consents that are listed as Non-notified and are current, may in fact be notified resource consents that have not yet been through the notification process. If in doubt. Please phone (03)941 8999.

The term "resource consents" in this context means land use consents. Subdivision consents and certificates of compliance are excluded.

### **Subdivision Consents**

All subdivision consents are shown for the sites that have been labelled with consent details. For Sites that have been labelled with a cross (+) no records have been found. Sites that have no label have not been checked for subdivision consents. This will be particularly noticeable on the margins of the search radius. If there are such sites and you would like them included in the check, please ask for the LIM spatial query to be rerun accordingly. This will be done free of charge although there may be a short delay.

The term "subdivision consents" in this context means a resource consent application to subdivide land. Non subdivision land use resource consents and certificates of compliance are excluded.

This report will only record those subdivision applications which have not been completed i.e once a subdivision has been given effect to and the new lots/properties have been established the application which created those lots will not be shown

All subdivision consent information is contained on the map and no separate list is supplied